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VERSION 1.0

March 2015

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**INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CRIME
FOR STATISTICAL PURPOSES**

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Part One – Introduction

I. Overview

The nature and purpose of the International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes

The International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes (ICCS) is a classification of criminal offences which is based on internationally agreed concepts, definitions and principles in order to enhance the consistency and international comparability of crime statistics, and improve analytical capabilities at both the national and international levels.¹

The ICCS provides a framework for the systematic production and comparison of statistical data across different criminal justice institutions and jurisdictions. This means that the ICCS is applicable to all forms of crime data, whatever the stage of the criminal justice process (police, prosecution, conviction, imprisonment) at which they are collected, as well as to data collected in crime victimization surveys.

At the international level, the ICCS improves the comparability of crime data between countries. Standardized concepts and definitions allow for the systematic collection, analysis and dissemination of data, and also respond to the demand for in-depth research and analysis of transnational crime. At the national level, the ICCS can be used as a model to provide structure and organize statistical data that are often produced according to legal rather than analytical categories. Moreover, the ICCS can harmonize data across domestic criminal justice institutions (police, prosecutions, courts, prisons) and across different data sources (administrative records and statistical surveys).² Likewise, the ICCS can be used as a tool to standardize data from sub-national entities that may have different statistical systems or legal frameworks.

The need for an international classification of crime

Reliable crime statistics are critical for measuring changes in crime levels, monitoring state responses to crime, evaluating policies and understanding the various facets of crime in different contexts. Often, raw data from different stages of the criminal justice process are available, but the purposeful collection and organization of these data into statistical form is required to produce valuable information for use in decision-making. The comparison of crime statistics across time, between countries or with other available statistics is particularly difficult due to the lack of standardized concepts and the absence of an internationally agreed statistical framework to make such comparisons possible.³

¹ The terms “crime” and “criminal offence” are used interchangeably in this document.

² United Nations Economic and Social Council. Statistical Commission. *Report of the National Institute of Statistics and Geography of Mexico and the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime on a road map to improve the quality and availability of crime statistics at the national and international levels* (19 December 2012). E/CN.3/2013/11.

³ Other factors affecting the comparability of crime statistics refer to the fact that only a varying proportion of criminal offences are reported and recorded by public authorities and to the use of different practices to produce statistical counts of crimes. For a review see Annex 1 (see also: United Nations Economic and Social Council. Statistical Commission. *Report of the National Institute of Statistics and Geography of Mexico on crime statistics*. E/CN.3/2012/3).

To illustrate, various data sources, often within the same jurisdiction, use different definitions and concepts to organize crime data which are often based on legal rather than statistical principles.⁴ This close and intertwined relationship between legislation and statistics creates problems from an analytical perspective: statistical data are often organized and categorized according to legal provisions, such as articles in legal or penal codes, which are not always relevant from an analytical standpoint. Furthermore, comparability across time and jurisdictions can be hampered by changes in legislation and, for example, by the fact that the same act can be criminalized under very different legal provisions in different countries, or may be considered a criminal offence in one country but not in another.

The ICCS addresses these issues by providing a methodological and statistical standard and a common definitional framework to improve data quality and comparability. Offences are grouped in a meaningful and systematic way, resulting in an improvement in the capability to produce, disseminate and analyse crime data accurately in order to inform the public and tailor policies and programmes in the areas of crime prevention, rule of law and criminal justice reform.

The challenge of developing an international classification of crime for a nationally defined event

Currently, national statistics on crime refer to criminal offences as defined by each country's criminal law system. Without legal harmonization, differences in the definition of offences are inevitable and international comparison must always be placed in the context of these differences. For example, one country may require physical contact for an offence to be considered an assault, while another country may not.

In order to overcome such challenges, the approach used by the ICCS is to consider "criminal" acts in national and international laws as the universe of acts that are subject to classification within the ICCS. However, the specific classification of such acts (i.e. their allocation to analytical categories) is based on behavioural descriptions rather than strictly legal specifications derived from criminal laws. Crimes as defined in criminal law are typically associated with actions or behavioural and contextual attributes that are universally considered to be an offence (for example, wounding or injuring, or taking property without consent). This event-based approach avoids issues created by legal complexities, resulting in a simplified and globally applicable classification.

It is important to note that the ICCS uses specific terms, such as "rape", "harassment" or "burglary", which are widely recognized and defined in criminal legislation. These terms are given a specific description in the ICCS, which is intended to be used for statistical purposes. The adoption of the ICCS at the national level will require the attentive translation of offences as defined by national legislation into ICCS categories, with careful consideration of the full act/event descriptions and explanatory notes.

⁴ United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. Conference of European Statisticians. *Report of the UNODC/UNECE Task Force on Crime Classification to the Conference of European Statisticians*. 2011. Available: www.unodc.org/documents/data-and-analysis/statistics/crime/Report_crime_classification_2012.pdf.

The process of building the international classification of crime

The Social Commission of the United Nations first highlighted the importance of preparing a standard classification of offences in 1951.⁵ However, successive endeavours to develop such an international crime classification were fraught with challenges due to disparities in definitions, national legislations and reporting systems.

Concrete steps to overcome such limitations were made in 2009 when the Conference of European Statisticians established a Task Force, led by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE), to develop a crime classification framework based on behavioural descriptions rather than legal codes.⁶ The framework of the first international crime classification was developed by the Task Force and approved by the Conference of European Statisticians at the 60th plenary session in June 2012.⁷

The proposal to develop a full international crime classification was discussed at the 43rd session of the United Nations Statistical Commission (UNSC)⁸ and the 21st session of the United Nations Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (CCPCJ).⁹ At the next session of both UNSC and CCPCJ, both Commissions approved the plan to develop an international classification of crime for statistical purposes,¹⁰ in consultation with statisticians and experts from national statistical offices, other national government institutions and regional and international organizations.

Three consultation meetings were held between 2012 and 2014, and two large-scale testing exercises of successive versions of the ICCS were also undertaken in the same period.¹¹ Both testing exercises confirmed the feasibility of developing and implementing the ICCS, with a view to gradually applying it to statistics produced at the national level. A final draft version of the ICCS was sent to Member States

⁵ United Nations Economic and Social Council. Social Commission. *Criminal Statistics: Recommendations of the Secretary-General* (8 January 1951). E/CN.5/233.

⁶ United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. *Terms of Reference of UNECE/UNODC Task Force on Crime Classification* (16 October 2009). ECE/CES/BUR/209/OCT/2012.

⁷ United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. Conference of European Statisticians. *Report of the UNODC/UNECE Task Force on Crime Classification to the Conference of European Statisticians*. 2011. Available: www.unodc.org/documents/data-and-analysis/statistics/crime/Report_crime_classification_2012.pdf. United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. Conference of European Statisticians. *Report of the Conference of European Statisticians Sixtieth plenary session* (6-8 June 2012). ECE/CES/83.

⁸ United Nations Economic and Social Council. Statistical Commission. *Report of the forty-third session* (28 February-2 March 2012). E/2012/24, E/CN.3/2012/34.

⁹ United Nations Economic and Social Council. Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice. *Report of the twenty-first session* (13 December 2011 and 23-27 April 2012). E/2012/30, E/CN.15/2012/24.

¹⁰ United Nations Economic and Social Council. Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice. *Report of the twenty-second session* (7 December 2011 and 22-26 April 2013). E/2013/30, E/CN.15/2013/27.

United Nations Economic and Social Council. Statistical Commission. *Report of the forty-fourth session* (26 February-1 March 2013). E/2013/24, E/CN.3/2013/33.

¹¹ The first consultation meeting was held in October 2012 in Mexico City and was attended by representatives from 13 countries in the Americas, Asia and Europe, as well as representatives from international organizations. Among other issues, the meeting analysed the results of a first testing of the draft classification framework among 16 volunteer countries. The second consultation meeting took place in February 2013 in Vienna and was attended by representatives from 18 countries in Africa, the Americas, Asia and Europe, as well as representatives from international organizations and research institutes. The third and final consultation meeting in the form of an Expert Group Meeting held in Vienna in May 2014 was attended by representatives from 31 countries in Africa, the Americas, Asia and Europe, and representatives from international organizations and research institutes. This meeting reviewed an advanced version of the ICCS that was informed in turn by the results of a second comprehensive testing exercise, which took place in 2014 with the participation of 41 volunteer countries (of which 6 were from Africa, 7 from Asia, 7 from the Americas, 19 from Europe and 2 from Oceania). The complete documentation of the process followed in the development of the ICCS is available at: <http://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/statistics/iccs.html>.

and other relevant organizations by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the United Nations Statistical Division in August 2014.¹²

At its 46th session in March 2015 the United Nations Statistical Commission endorsed the ICCS as an international statistical standard for data collection, both from administrative records and survey generated data, and as an analytical tool to elicit unique information on crime drivers and factors. The SC also confirmed UNODC as the custodian of the ICCS and endorsed the implementation plan for the classification at national, regional and international levels, including the creation of a technical advisory group to provide substantive advice and support to the maintenance of the ICCS.¹³

Developed with the active participation and collaboration of experts from several countries, who participated in the expert group meetings and testing exercises and provided inputs and comments, the present version of the ICCS is the result of extensive consultations and collaboration between national statistical offices, other national government institutions, regional and international organizations, including UNODC, the UNODC-INEGI Center of Excellence (COE) on Statistics on Governance, Public Safety, Victimization and Justice, the World Health Organisation (WHO), the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), Eurostat, the Inter-American Development Bank (IADB) and the Organisation of American States (OAS). Furthermore, the ICCS has been reviewed by the Expert Group on International Statistical Classifications, the central coordinating body of the work on international classifications established by the United Nations Statistical Commission.

¹² Final comments were received from 44 Member States (2 from Africa, 9 from the Americas, 13 from Asia, 19 from Europe and 1 from Oceania) and 6 international organizations and addressed in the final review of the classification.

¹³ United Nations Economic and Social Council. Statistical Commission. Draft report of the forty-sixth session (3 - 6 March 2015).

II. Principles used in the ICCS

The definition of crime for the purposes of the ICCS

While certain common elements, such as “harm” and “wrongfulness”, can be associated with crime, they cannot wholly and operationally define it. Moreover, the vast disparity in approaches and sources used in the establishment of criminal laws by different countries makes it impossible to create a consistent and comprehensive definition of crime. The common denominator of what constitutes a “crime” is that it consists of behaviours which are defined as criminal offences and are punishable as such by law. The offences defined as criminal are established by each country’s legal system and the codification of crimes (criminal code, penal code, etc.).

As a result, “crime” is considered by the ICCS to be the punishable contravention or violation of the limits on human behaviour as imposed by national criminal legislation. Each criminal offence has a perpetrator — person, corporation or institution — which is liable for the criminal behaviour in question.

The unit of classification of the ICCS

The unit of classification¹⁴ of the ICCS is the act that constitutes a criminal offence. The description of the criminal offence is provided in terms of the behaviour shown by the perpetrator(s) of a crime. The apparent behaviour is in most cases sufficient to define an offence for the purposes of the ICCS, while in some cases additional elements need to be taken into account, such as the intentionality (state of mind) of the perpetrator or the condition/status of the victim (for example, whether he/she is a minor); in other cases, a crime is defined by a sequence of behaviours, as in the case of trafficking in persons, for example.¹⁵

Defining and classifying the type of crime event is the primary focus of the classification, which aims to assign all criminal offences to categories on the basis of a number of criteria (see section: “The criteria used to build the ICCS”). The ICCS also provides for a number of additional attributes of the crime event, which, though not determinant of the nature of the crime, are very important additions that provide analytical insight to statistical data on crime, such as selected characteristics of victims or perpetrators (see section: “Disaggregating variables as additional descriptors of criminal offences”).

Besides classifying criminal offences, the ICCS can also be used in relation to other events or conditions related to the criminal justice process, such as arrests, prosecutions, convictions and prison sentences, as well as persons involved as perpetrators or victims. If consistently used by all relevant data sources, the ICCS can measure the flows and links between the different stages of the criminal justice system. For example, if the ICCS is applied at all stages of the criminal justice process, links can be made between data on a given offence (whether from administrative data or from victimization surveys), the number of arrests for the same type of offence and, in sequence, on prosecutions, convictions and on persons in prison for the same type of offence.

¹⁴ The classification unit is the basic unit to be classified in the classification (e.g. in an activity classification this would be the establishment or enterprise, in an occupational classification it would be the job). Source: United Nations. Statistical Division. *UN Glossary of Classification Terms. "Classification Unit"*. Web: <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/class/family/glossary_short.asp>.

¹⁵ United Nations. *Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, Supplementing the United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime*. 2000. Doc. A/55/383, A/RES/55/25.

The application of the principles of statistical classification

The ICCS is based on established statistical practices and principles. By definition, a statistical classification is: “A set of discrete, exhaustive and mutually exclusive categories which can be assigned to one or more variables used in the collection and presentation of data, and which describe the characteristics of a particular population”.¹⁶ Particular care has been taken that the following core characteristics of an international statistical classification have been implemented in the ICCS:

Mutual exclusivity: *every elementary manifestation of the phenomenon under study should be assigned to one and only one category of the classification such that there are no overlaps*

Application of the principle of mutual exclusivity: the ICCS can be used to classify every offence into one and only one category of the classification with no overlaps. The description of each category clearly defines the respective event/behaviour with additional guidance provided by legal inclusions and exclusions (examples of criminal offences in national legislation that are respectively included in, or excluded from, that category), which will further clarify the boundaries of each category.

The use of additional crime disaggregations or “tags” (explained in more detail below) provides a method to deal with cases that could be attributed to one offence or another. For example, a fraud offence perpetrated through the use of a computer is classified as a fraud with a cybercrime-related tag. Similarly, a trafficking in persons offence perpetrated by an organized criminal group is classified as trafficking in persons with an organized crime tag.

Exhaustiveness: *every possible manifestation of the phenomenon under study should be included in the classification*

Application of the principle of exhaustiveness: while the ICCS aims to cover every manifestation of crime, it is clear that this principle needs to be adopted with due consideration as to what is feasible. The sheer number of acts criminalized in statutes, regulatory provisions and judicial decisions in any given country, as well as continuous legislative changes, hamper any attempt to build a comprehensive listing of all criminal offences that exist globally. A realistic goal for the classification is thus to capture acts or events generally known to constitute criminal offences in a sufficient number of countries, at a certain level of detail, determined by carefully balancing the classification for practicality and policy-relevance at an international level. In addition, the ICCS does not include classification categories for events that generally constitute administrative offences (such as minor traffic violations).

As such, the ICCS also includes some events or behaviours that are criminalized in some countries while being legal in others. In a small number of cases, the criminalization of certain acts has been held to contravene international human rights law.¹⁷ In such cases, it is important to note that the ICCS should not be viewed as supporting or legitimizing the criminalization of any offence presented within the classification, but be taken as a statistical standard that attempts to provide realistic, global coverage of every manifestation of crime for statistical purposes.

¹⁶ Andrew Hancock, *Best Practice Guidelines for Developing International Statistical Classifications*. United Nations Department for Economic and Social Affairs. Statistical Division. ESA/STAT/AC.267/5 of 6 May 2013. Available at: <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/class/intercop/expertgroup/2013/AC267-5.PDF>.

¹⁷ See, for example, Concluding observations of the UN Human Rights Committee: CCPR/CO/79/LKA (abortion); [CCPR/C/SDN/CO/3 (apostasy); CCPR/C/UZB/CO/3 (proselytism)]; CCPR/C/PHL/CO/4 (libel and defamation).

Statistical feasibility: *it is possible to effectively, accurately and consistently distinguish between the categories in the classification on the basis of the information available*

Application of the principle of statistical feasibility: the statistical feasibility of a statistical classification means that observations can be allocated to categories in the classification on the basis of the information available; for example, on the basis of responses to questions that can be reasonably asked in statistical surveys or on administrative forms.¹⁸ The ICCS supports this by carefully defining the criminal act on the basis of behavioural descriptions, supplemented with examples of legal inclusions and exclusions for each category.

Statistical feasibility was tested on the basis of existing data collections of a significant number of countries which participated in testing subsequent draft versions of the ICCS by allocating data on criminal offences to the categories of the classification (see section: “The process of building the international classification of crime”).

The criteria used to build the ICCS

Criminal offences can be seen, and classified, from a multitude of angles: their impact on victims, the way they have been perpetrated, the offender’s motive and the seriousness of the offence, to name but a few. In building the classification, priority has been given to criteria which are particularly relevant from a policy perspective: the ICCS categories, and the data produced accordingly, should provide information that can be easily understood and used when developing crime prevention and criminal justice policies. For example, data organized along the lines of the ICCS should provide answers to questions on trends and comparisons regarding acquisitive crime, or crime of a sexual nature, or on more complex constructs such as financial crime or offences committed by organized criminal groups. A number of criteria have been used to build the hierarchical structure of the ICCS, in the attempt to build categories that can respond to a variety of information needs. In particular, the following criteria have been used to form categories of the ICCS:

- policy area of the act/event (protection of property rights, protection of health, etc.)
- target of the act/event (e.g. person, object, natural environment, State, etc.)
- seriousness of the act/event (e.g. acts leading to death, acts causing harm, etc.)
- means by which the act/event is perpetrated (e.g. by violence, threat of violence, etc.).

Based on these criteria,¹⁹ criminal offences can be grouped in homogenous categories, which are aggregated at four different hierarchical levels: Levels 1, 2, 3 and 4.²⁰ There are 11 Level 1 categories designed to cover all acts or events that constitute a crime within the scope of the ICCS. Criminal offences at Levels 2, 3 and 4 can be summed to provide observations at more aggregated levels, while observations at higher levels can be subdivided into lower-level categories.²¹

¹⁸ See, Andrea Hancock, op. cit, p.9.

¹⁹ The four criteria are applied on the basis of the policy-relevance of particular groupings without an overall priority of one over the other.

²⁰ As specific nomenclature, Level 1 may also be referred to as Sections, Level 2 as Divisions, Level 3 as Groups and Level 4 as Classes.

²¹ United Nations. Statistical Division. *UN Glossary of Classification Terms. "Group"*. Available at: http://unstats.un.org/unsd/class/family/glossary_short.asp. For reasons of clarity and space, categories at the higher levels that are not further disaggregated are not repeated at the lower levels.

Criminal offences can be identified at the level of detail that is of interest. The ICCS has also been designed with a view to being a flexible tool to create “meta-categories”. If needed, categories can be aggregated across categories at different levels. For example, Level 1 category “Acts against property involving violence or threat against a person” can be aggregated with Level 1 category “Acts against property only” to form a new meta-category “Acts against property”.

The numerical coding of the categories is in accordance with their level in the classification: Level 1 categories are the broadest categories and have a two-digit code (e.g. 01); Level 2 categories have a four-digit code (e.g. 0101); Level 3 categories have a five-digit code (e.g. 01011); and Level 4 categories, the most detailed level, have a six-digit code (e.g. 010111).

| LEVEL 1 CATEGORIES | |
|--------------------|---|
| 1 | Acts leading to death or intending to cause death |
| 2 | Acts leading to harm or intending to cause harm to the person |
| 3 | Injurious acts of a sexual nature |
| 4 | Acts against property involving violence or threat against a person |
| 5 | Acts against property only |
| 6 | Acts involving controlled psychoactive substances or other drugs |
| 7 | Acts involving fraud, deception or corruption |
| 8 | Acts against public order, authority and provisions of the State |
| 9 | Acts against public safety and state security |
| 10 | Acts against the natural environment |
| 11 | Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified |

In particular, the 11 categories in Level 1 have been chosen based on all the four criteria above, as well as by giving due attention to categories often used in national data, on the grounds of facilitating the practical implementation of the ICCS. The same criteria are used to identify categories at Levels 2, 3 and 4. For example, based on the target of an act/event, sexual exploitation is disaggregated into sexual exploitation of adults and sexual exploitation of children. Sexual exploitation of children is further disaggregated into four Level 4 categories based on policy relevance: child pornography; child prostitution; sexual grooming of children; and other sexual exploitation of children.

The categories in Levels 1, 2 and 3 of the ICCS are intended to be complete and to encompass every possible criminal offence. However, not all Level 2 and 3 categories are further divided into Level 4 categories since the latter are not always necessary to identify policy-relevant offences.

All categories at each level of the classification are described in detailed terms. Each offence has an act- or event-based description, which is the core set of actions, behavioural and contextual attributes that define the offence. Descriptions are accompanied by legal inclusions and exclusions to identify the most common or important criminal offences included in, or excluded from, the category. For example, the ICCS defines negligence through the core behavioural actions: the failure to exercise the care towards others which a reasonable or prudent person would exert under the circumstances; or taking action that a

reasonable person would not take. Furthermore, negligence in situations of persons under care is defined with the addition of contextual attributes — in this case, the victim — as behavioural attributes alone cannot define acts that are criminalized separately (often with a higher penalty) due to the specific vulnerability of the target of the act, rather than the overall behaviour itself.

Disaggregating variables as additional descriptors of criminal offences

The categories of the ICCS capture and describe the nature of criminal offences, but a number of other characteristics are also essential to enable the full identification of policy-relevant patterns and trends in crime and to conduct comprehensive and detailed analyses. For example, when producing statistics on intentional homicide, additional value is provided if data can be disaggregated by the characteristics of the victims and the perpetrators, by the use of firearms or by motives for killings. To this end, additional disaggregating variables (also called “tags”) that enable the coding of additional information about an offence are provided, which helps to enrich the analysis with specific event, victim and perpetrator characteristics related to any particular crime.

In the current practice of national crime recording systems, the number, structure and application of such additional disaggregating variables to datasets on crime and criminal justice statistics vary greatly, and are often determined by factors such as specific policy needs; recording and processing capacities at the local, regional and national levels of data collection; the level of development and sophistication of the national crime statistics system; and the degree of automation and digitalization of data collection. In particular, the last of these criteria (i.e. whether it is a paper or a computer-based system) determines if a national crime statistics system can support a comprehensive structure of disaggregating variables.

In systems where data collection, transmission and aggregation are automated through electronic data capture, storage, transfer and compilation, it is more likely that data are organized in a way which allows for the capture and retrieval of every possible detail. For example, all relevant details of a criminal offence, such as the characteristics of the perpetrator and victim, can be captured and stored electronically in a unit record. Multiple types of statistical outputs can then be obtained, for example, by disaggregating data on individual offences by selected disaggregating variables (for example, corruption offences by economic sector or trafficking in persons by citizenship of the victims) or by using disaggregating variables in combination with several crime categories (for example, by considering the sex and age of victims of all “violent offences” or the geographical location of all “property crimes”).

The system of disaggregating variables is thus an additional tool for use in a comprehensive system of crime and criminal justice statistics, the realization of which relies heavily on the existence of an automated data collection system.

A large number of event, victim and perpetrator characteristics could theoretically be of interest in different parts of the world. For practical reasons, not all possible disaggregations can be mentioned in the ICCS.²² Nevertheless, in cases where a system of disaggregating variables is implemented or is planned to be implemented in the future, it is beneficial to apply a harmonized set of basic policy-relevant characteristics of crimes, perpetrators and victims for analytical and comparative purposes. For example, using the same disaggregations for data on the victim-perpetrator relationship (such as current intimate

²² Many theoretically feasible disaggregations are of interest in specific socio-cultural contexts only or are highly idiosyncratic as to their possible specifications, such as race, ethnicity, caste, religion and other characteristics of victims and perpetrators.

partner/spouse, former intimate partner/spouse, blood relative, etc.) would greatly assist the cross-national analysis of patterns and trends in violent crime and its enabling and mitigating factors. Based on their policy relevance, the supplementary table to the ICCS indicates that the following minimum set of disaggregating variables should be applied to criminal offences where relevant:

- event descriptions: degree of completion, type of weapon used, situational context, geographical location, date and time, type of location, motive, cybercrime-related, reporting entity;
- victim descriptions: sex, age, age status, citizenship, legal status, economic sector (of victimized businesses), intoxication status;
- perpetrator descriptions: sex, age, age status, victim-perpetrator relationship, citizenship, legal status, intoxication status, repeat offender.

The proposed system of disaggregating variables can be implemented by national crime recording institutions in a number of different ways. A comprehensive statistical solution would integrate at least the minimum set of disaggregating variables in the template used for (electronic) unit records of any type of crime, thus allowing a full analysis of any offence, perpetrator or victim by any relevant combination of disaggregating variable required.²³ A more limited option, for example, would be the collection of only certain perpetrator or victim characteristics for all crimes (separate counts for juvenile perpetrators, for example) while an interim option would be the collection of an expanded number of event, perpetrator and victim characteristics on a few core crimes only (such as homicide, robbery or trafficking in persons).

Given the specific value of data on intentional homicide, due to the gravity of the crime and its impact on the wider community, additional disaggregating variables which provide a higher level of detail about the situational context, social relationships and killing mechanism are necessary to describe this offence (see below).

For any available dataset, further data descriptors should be made available to facilitate the interpretation of statistical data. While most of the crimes, and their statistical reporting, refer to offences actually committed by one or more direct perpetrators (whether known or not), data can also include cases of threats to commit a certain crime or when the offence consisted of planning or assisting others to commit it. It is therefore important that information be provided about whether available data on criminal offences (and perpetrators) include or exclude the following behaviours in the counts for the categories:

- threats to commit the crime
- aiding/abetting/accessory to the crime
- accomplice to the crime
- conspiracy/planning the crime
- incitement to commit the crime.

This information should ideally be captured and stored for every criminal offence to indicate whether the recorded event refers to a threat, a case of aiding/abetting/accessory to the crime or any other typology in the list above. In such cases, the desired statistical outputs can be produced by either including or

²³ Not all “tags” are applicable to all crime types (e.g. “attempted” does not apply to negligent homicide; “type of weapon used” or “motive” do not apply to theft or fraud; and “age of victim” does not apply to illegal logging). Consequently, only a certain part of the resulting combinations will be sensible and policy-relevant.

excluding such events from the aggregate counts. Alternatively, the information on the inclusion of such cases can be provided at an aggregated level of crime categories, in the form of meta-data.

Intentional homicide as a special case

The study of intentional homicide is relevant not only because of the gravity of the offence, but also because intentional homicide is one of the most measurable and comparable indicators for monitoring violent deaths and is often considered both a proxy for violent crime as well as an indicator of levels of security within countries. According to the ICCS, intentional homicide is “unlawful death inflicted upon a person with the intent to cause death or serious injury.” Such a definition provides clear guidance for the determination of whether a specific act of killing is to be considered intentional homicide for the purpose of producing statistics.

However, in some cases, contextual circumstances also have to be taken into account when determining whether, for statistical purposes, certain killings have to be included in the count of homicides. This occurs for killings during situations of collective violence — such as during armed conflicts, or in situations of civil unrest — where it is important to distinguish between different types of killings, as the context can determine if and how such acts should be coded in the ICCS. Although producing statistical data in such situations can be very challenging, it is nonetheless important to provide guidance on which killings should be considered within the ICCS and about how to classify them for the purpose of producing internationally consistent statistics on homicide.

Killings during civil unrest

Killings during civil unrest are those which occur during a situation of violent hostilities between two or more parties that does not amount to an internal armed conflict,²⁴ and may include riots or other sporadic acts of violence linked to strikes or protests/demonstrations that turn violent. As these situations do not usually amount to internal armed conflict, and thus are not to be considered within the legal framework in force during conflicts, each violent death that occurs during a situation of civil unrest should be classified according to the same standards applicable to intentional homicide. This means that each killing needs to be examined and attributed to the applicable type according to the factual circumstances, based on whether, for example, the killing was unlawful and intentional. When such killings are classified as intentional homicides in the ICCS, there is the option to use the disaggregating variable tag for intentional homicides, “Situational Context — Related to civil unrest”, which allows for the statistical identification of the situational context in which killings of this nature take place (see Table: III).

Killings during armed conflict

International humanitarian law distinguishes between two types of armed conflict:²⁵ (1) international armed conflicts, which exist wherever there is a resort to armed force between States,²⁶ and (2) non-international armed conflicts (or internal armed conflict), which occur whenever there is protracted armed

²⁴ See section “Killings during armed conflict” for definitions of armed conflict.

²⁵ See also D. Schindler, “The Different Types of Armed Conflicts According to the Geneva Conventions and Protocols”. RCADI Vol. 163, 1979-II, p. 147, and ICTY, *The Prosecutor v. Fatmir Limaj*, Judgement, IT-03-66-T, 30 November 2005, paras. 94-134.

²⁶ Common article 2 of the Geneva Conventions.

violence between governmental authorities and organized armed groups or between such groups within a State.²⁷

While the first type of conflict is largely related to armed actions perpetrated by the military forces of States, non-international armed conflicts are more difficult to define and identify. In particular, in the continuum of situations of collective violence within a country, it is important to distinguish situations of civil unrest from those of internal armed conflict. The elements that determine the difference are the threshold of *intensity of hostilities* (whether hostilities are of a collective character, or whether the Government uses military force rather than police force against insurgents), and the degree of *organization of the group* (whether the armed group is sufficiently organized, with a command structure, headquarters and the ability to plan and carry out military operations). In situations of armed conflict, the following types of killings should be classified within the ICCS:

- in situations of armed conflict, any *targeted or excessive killing* by a combatant (acting in association with or in the context of the conflict) of a civilian taking no active part in the hostilities can be recorded as a war crime in 11013 (Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified; Acts under universal jurisdiction; War crimes);
- in situations of armed conflict, the killing of combatants by other combatants which is in breach of international humanitarian law can also be coded to 11013; for example, wilful killing of parties to the conflict that are *hors de combat*,²⁸
- a killing perpetrated by a combatant which is not directly in association with the armed conflict, or by a civilian taking no active part in hostilities in a situation of armed conflict should not be considered as associated with the conflict, and should be analysed as any other killing, irrespective of the conflict situation, and classified into the existing typologies of violent death according to the standard definitions;
- killing by a combatant which is considered a criminal offence in the national legislation (and is prosecuted as such) but does not amount to a war crime, should be classified under 0107 (Unlawful killing associated with armed conflict).

These standards can be very challenging to apply when there is a lack of operational capabilities to measure and identify different killings, and, indeed, in situations of collective violence a large share of killings may remain unreported. However, in the case of killings that are recorded, establishing strict boundaries for this ambiguous field will help to distinguish intentional homicide from other killings and increase data quality and comparability around the world.

Additional disaggregations of intentional homicide

Once it has been established whether a particular act of killing is to be classified and counted as an intentional homicide, there is often a need for more detailed quantitative information on the social contexts and mechanisms of intentional homicide that can help to design better evidence-based policies for preventing and responding to this particular type of crime. For comparative and analytical purposes, three classification criteria are particularly relevant for the characterization of intentional homicide and

²⁷ Common article 3 of the Geneva Conventions.

²⁸ International Humanitarian Law prohibits wilful killing of parties to the conflict that are *hors de combat*, as well as treacherous killing of parties to the conflict. Geneva Conventions (1947).

can be used to define it in more detail.²⁹ These three criteria (Situational context; Relationship between victim and perpetrator; and Mechanism of killing) have been used to build three additional disaggregation tables that are applicable for intentional homicide only (see Tables III, IV and V).

III. Application of the ICCS

Classifying offences for the purpose of the ICCS

To implement the ICCS it is necessary to properly allocate any given offence to one of the ICCS categories. This requires knowledge of the ICCS structure before attempting to classify offences. As previously mentioned, the ICCS is a hierarchical classification and the first step is to identify which Level 1 category is the most relevant to the particular offence in question. To allow easy reference to the appropriate category, each Level 1 category is defined by the broad actions, attributes or events that it encompasses. For example, all acts leading to death or intending to cause death are classified under Level 1 category 01.³⁰ Similarly, all injurious acts of a sexual nature are classified under Level 1 category 03.

It is then necessary to classify an offence into a Level 2, 3 or 4 category. This can be done by identifying the shorthand name in criminal legislation, such as rape, consulting the act/event-based definitions, and following guidance from the legal inclusions and exclusions. Guidance from all elements of the ICCS is necessary to classify an offence correctly. The use of shorthand names alone is insufficient as the meaning and definition of shorthand terms may be different from those used in national legal systems and may even vary between jurisdictions within countries.³¹

There are residual categories represented by the word “other” in the category name (i.e. other acts of fraud) for cases in which an offence cannot be classified in an established category. Offences should be classified into these residual categories as sparingly as possible and only upon a thorough review of the full classification to ensure that a category is not overlooked.

The implementation of the ICCS at the national level will be a gradual process, which will require attentive mapping of national criminal offences into the ICCS framework. National correspondence tables between the ICCS and national crime classifications will facilitate ICCS implementation at the country level. To support the process, UNODC will develop additional tools and supporting documents, including an implementation manual to facilitate the mapping of national crime data into the ICCS structure. The planned implementation manual will consist of different volumes to address the mapping of national administrative crime statistics systems into the ICCS; the mapping of victimization survey data into the ICCS; and the counting of rules and coding issues.

²⁹In addition to (completed) intentional homicide, these additional classification criteria can be equally applied to *attempted* intentional homicide.

³⁰With the exception of crimes classified as war crimes, genocide or crimes against humanity classified under Level 1 category 11 Acts under universal jurisdiction.

³¹United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. Conference of European Statisticians. *Report of the UNODC/UNECE Task Force on Crime Classification to the Conference of European Statisticians*. 2011. Available at: www.unodc.org/documents/data-and-analysis/statistics/crime/Report_crime_classification_2012.pdf.

The use of legal inclusions and exclusions in the ICCS

Inclusions

Each category has a list of inclusions or examples of offences or acts/events to be classified in that category. These are not sub-categories but common offences belonging to the respective category listed, with the aim of providing practical guidance in the allocation of offences and of distinguishing the boundary between one category and another.³² For example, the inclusions under Trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora (1003) stipulate that trafficking in wildlife and unlawful trade or possession of wildlife are some of the offences that belong to this category. Inclusions are not exhaustive and the list of inclusions can be further expanded in the future.

Exclusions

Most categories also have a list of exclusions or examples of offences or acts/elements that are classified elsewhere despite similarities to the category in question. Following each excluded offence is the code referring to the category to which the excluded offence should be allocated.³³ For example, the exclusions under Trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora (1003) stipulate that theft of a pet is coded to 0502; offences against the treatment, raising or keeping of animals is coded to 10091; robbery of livestock is coded to 04014; and theft of livestock is coded to 05025.

Together, exclusions and inclusions assist in reinforcing mutual exclusiveness. They clarify boundaries between categories to ensure acts/events can be assigned to one category only.

Additional disaggregating variables

Disaggregating variables allow the recording of additional information about an offence that is necessary to understand the complexities of each individual offence, such as victim and perpetrator characteristics. Table A provides an overview of the minimum set of disaggregating variables that can be used to describe each individual crime act/event more fully or to describe perpetrator and victim attributes in more depth. The acronyms in front of each category title provide a shorthand description for coding these variables in crime records.

Most disaggregating variables (“tags”) will provide useful breakdowns only in relation to certain criminal offences. For example, the attempted/completed tag (At) does not apply to 0101 “intentional homicide” (as only completed intentional homicides are counted), nor to 0102 attempted homicide (as only attempted homicides are counted here), nor to 0103 non-intentional homicide (as this is, per definition, not attempted). However, for other crime types this or other disaggregating variables will provide policy-relevant information on certain crime characteristics:

- the *Type of Weapon* (We) tag distinguishes violent crime by the main categories of weapons used in the offence;

³² World Health Organization. *International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems 10th Revision, Volume 2 Instruction Manual*. Page 19. 2010. Available at: www.who.int/classifications/icd/ICD10Volume2_en_2010.pdf.

³³ Ibid. Page 20.

- the *Situational Context* (SiC) tag provides information on some significant types of criminal organizations involved in the crime;
- the *Geographical location* (Geo) tag enables the regional location of the crime within the country and identifies crimes recorded as “extraterritorial” crimes;
- the *Date and Time* (DaT) tag enables the exact identification of the date and time of the criminal offence (where known) and can be used to construct derived categories of interest (for example, burglaries occurring during a certain time period of the day);
- the *Location of the Crime* (Lo) tag collects data on crime locations by type and allows the identification of typical or common settings of crime such as the home or prisons;
- the *Motive* (Mo) tag highlights several particularly policy-relevant forms of motive for committing crime, particularly certain hate crimes in which the victim is specifically targeted because of their characteristics, attributes, beliefs or values;
- the *Cybercrime-related* (Cy) tag serves to identify various forms of crime committed with the use of a computer (for example, internet fraud, cyber-stalking or violation of copyright through electronic dissemination);
- the *Reported by* (Rep) tag allows the analysis of reporting channels of recorded crimes, such as whether certain crimes are frequently reported by victims or witnesses or more often detected by the police.

In addition, there are a number of self-explanatory victim and perpetrator disaggregations.

Table: A Disaggregating variables³⁴

| EVENT DISAGGREGATIONS | VICTIM DISAGGREGATIONS | PERPETRATOR DISAGGREGATIONS | DATA DESCRIPTIONS/INCLUSIONS |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| At – Attempted/Completed | SV – Sex of victim | SP – Sex of perpetrator | Th – Threats included |
| We – Type of weapon used | AV – Age of victim | AP – Age of perpetrator | AA – Aiding/abetting included |
| SiC – Situational context | STV – Age status victim (minor/adult) | STP – Age status of perpetrator (minor/adult) | Ac – Accessory/accomplice included |
| Geo – Geographic location | ViP – Victim-perpetrator relationship | ViP – Victim-perpetrator relationship | CP – Conspiracy/planning/preparation included |
| DaT – Date and time | Cit – Citizenship | Cit – Citizenship | In – Incitement to commit crime included |
| Lo – Type of location | LS – Legal status of victim (natural/legal person) | LS – Legal status of perpetrator (natural/legal person) | |
| Mot – Motive | Int – Intoxication status of victim | Int – Intoxication status of perpetrator | |
| Cy – Cybercrime related | ES – Economic sector of business victim | EASt – Economic activity status of perpetrator | |
| Rep – Reported by | | Rec – Recidivist status of perpetrator | |

³⁴ Each element and variable may be relevant for selected categories only.

The relationship to other international classifications

With regard to offences causing physical harm or death, the ICCS is linked with the World Health Organization (WHO) International Classification of Diseases (ICD). The ICD is the long-standing standard diagnostic tool for epidemiology, health management and clinical purposes.³⁵ Within its structure, the ICD-10 provides a classification of external causes of morbidity and mortality (Chapter XX), and for the purposes of the ICCS, one of the most important categories is the group of causes considered as “Assault”, which is defined as “injuries inflicted by another person with intent to injure or kill, by any means”. In cases of death of victims of assault, the mortality cause is classified in the ICD-10 as an “Assault” and the statistical count of such deaths is often used to measure intentional homicides, and compared to criminal justice statistics for homicide counts.

In general terms, the definition of intentional homicide from the ICCS and the definition of deaths due to assault from ICD-10 do not contradict one another, since they both require the intentionality of the act and they both refer to the unlawfulness of the act (for example, the ICD-10 excludes killings deriving from legal interventions and operations of war). That said, some discrepancies between the two classifications do exist, mainly due to the ICCS providing more detailed descriptions of certain killings due to different levels of criminal liability of perpetrators. Such a discrepancy occurs, for example, in relation to killings in self-defence (included in “deaths due to assault” in ICD-10, while in the ICCS these are only considered “intentional homicide” in the case of excessive use of force in self-defence). In other cases, the ICCS provides a more detailed description of acts to include or exclude from the count of intentional homicide or other unlawful killings. For example, deaths due to the excessive use of force by law enforcement/state officials are included as intentional homicides in the ICCS, but not necessarily in the deaths by assault of ICD-10; similarly, certain killings in situations of war may be classified as “intentional homicide” or “unlawful killing associated with armed conflict” or as “war crimes” — depending on the circumstances — in the ICCS, while the relevant ICD-10 category makes no such distinction.

A detailed disaggregation of the category, “Assault”, is provided in ICD-10, which encompasses a wide variety of mechanisms that cause injury or death, and the ICCS adopts a consistent approach to build the additional disaggregation of intentional homicide by mechanism of killing (see Table V, which is based on ICD-10’s Assault group categories X85-Y09).

In addition to the ICD, the ICCS also makes reference to the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC), which is the international classification for productive activities, first developed by the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat in 1948 and revised in 2008. The ISIC is reflected in the disaggregating variables table of the ICCS to identify, by economic sector, businesses and institutions that are victim of a crime. This is particularly useful for identifying crimes against businesses, such as offences committed by employees or offences perpetrated by organized crime groups against businesses.

³⁵ The most recent version (ICD-10) came into use in 1994, while the 11th revision is currently under development.

Part Two – Broad and detailed structure

Section 01 Acts leading to death or intending to cause death

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|----------|----------|----------|--|
| 0101 | | | Intentional homicide |
| 0102 | | | Attempted intentional homicide |
| 0103 | | | Non-intentional homicide |
| | 01031 | | Non-negligent manslaughter |
| | 01032 | | Negligent manslaughter |
| | | 010321 | Vehicular homicide |
| | | 010322 | Non-vehicular homicide |
| 0104 | | | Assisting or instigating suicide |
| | 01041 | | Assisting suicide |
| | 01049 | | Other acts of assisting or instigating suicide |
| 0105 | | | Euthanasia |
| 0106 | | | Illegal feticide |
| 0107 | | | Unlawful killing associated with armed conflict |
| 0109 | | | Other acts leading to death or intending to cause death |

Section 02 Acts causing harm or intending to cause harm to the person

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|----------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| 0201 | | | Assaults and threats |
| | 02011 | | Assault |
| | | 020111 | Serious assault |
| | | 020112 | Minor assault |
| | 02012 | | Threat |
| | | 020121 | Serious threat |
| | | 020122 | Minor threat |
| | 02019 | | Other assaults or threats |
| 0202 | | | Acts against liberty |
| | 02021 | | Abduction of a minor |
| | | 020211 | Parental abduction |
| | | 020212 | Abduction by another family member |
| | | 020213 | Abduction by a legal guardian |
| | | 020219 | Other abduction of a minor |
| | 02022 | | Deprivation of liberty |
| | | 020221 | Kidnapping |
| | | 020222 | Illegal restraint |
| | | 020223 | Hijacking |
| | | 020229 | Other deprivation of liberty |
| | 02029 | | Other acts against liberty |
| | | 020291 | Illegal adoption |
| | | 020292 | Forced marriage |
| | | 020299 | Other acts against liberty |

| | | |
|-------------|-------|---|
| 0203 | | Slavery and exploitation |
| | 02031 | Slavery |
| | 02032 | Forced labour |
| | | 020321 Forced labour for domestic services |
| | | 020322 Forced labour for industrial services |
| | | 020323 Forced labour for the State or armed forces |
| | | 020329 Other forced labour |
| | 02039 | Other acts of slavery and exploitation |
| 0204 | | Trafficking in persons (TIP) |
| | 02041 | TIP for sexual exploitation |
| | 02042 | TIP for forced labour or services |
| | 02043 | TIP for organ removal |
| | 02044 | TIP for other purposes |
| 0205 | | Coercion |
| | 02051 | Extortion or blackmail |
| | 02059 | Other acts of coercion |
| 0206 | | Negligence |
| | 02061 | Negligence in situations of persons under care |
| | | 020611 Negligence in situations of children under care |
| | | 020612 Negligence in situations of other dependent persons under care |
| | | 020619 Other negligence in situations of persons under care |
| | 02062 | Professional negligence |
| | 02063 | Negligence related to driving a vehicle |
| | 02069 | Other acts of negligence |
| 0207 | | Dangerous acts |
| | 02071 | Acts that endanger health |
| | 02072 | Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances |
| | | 020721 Operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol |
| | | 020722 Operating a vehicle under the influence of illicit drugs |
| | | 020729 Operating a vehicle under the influence of other psychoactive substances |
| | 02079 | Other dangerous acts |
| 0208 | | Acts intended to induce fear or emotional distress |
| | 02081 | Harassment |
| | | 020811 Harassment in the workplace |
| | | 020819 Other harassment |
| | 02082 | Stalking |
| | 02089 | Other acts intended to induce fear or emotional distress |
| 0209 | | Defamation or insult |
| | 02091 | Defamation or insult due to the victim's characteristics or ascribed attributes |

| | | |
|-------------|-------|---|
| | 02092 | Defamation or insult due to the victim's ascribed beliefs or values |
| | 02099 | Other defamation or insult |
| 0210 | | Discrimination |
| | 02101 | Personal discrimination |
| | 02102 | Group discrimination |
| | 02109 | Other discrimination |
| 0211 | | Acts that trespass against the person |
| | 02111 | Invasion of privacy |
| | 02119 | Other acts that trespass against the person |
| 0219 | | Other acts causing harm or intending to cause harm to the person |

Section 03 Injurious acts of a sexual nature

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|----------|--|
| 0301 | | | Sexual violence |
| | 03011 | Rape | |
| | | 030111 | Rape with force |
| | | 030112 | Rape without force |
| | | 030113 | Statutory rape |
| | | 030119 | Other rape |
| | 03012 | | Sexual assault |
| | | 030121 | Physical sexual assault |
| | | 030122 | Non-physical sexual assault |
| | | 030129 | Other sexual assault not elsewhere classified |
| | 03019 | | Other acts of sexual violence |
| 0302 | | | Sexual exploitation |
| | 03021 | | Sexual exploitation of adults |
| | 03022 | | Sexual exploitation of children |
| | | 030221 | Child pornography |
| | | 030222 | Child prostitution |
| | | 030223 | Sexual grooming of children |
| | | 030229 | Other sexual exploitation of children |
| | 03029 | | Other acts of sexual exploitation |
| 0309 | | | Other injurious acts of a sexual nature |

Section 04 Acts against property involving violence or threat against a person

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------|--|
| 0401 | | | Robbery |
| | 04011 | Robbery from the person | |
| | | 040111 | Robbery from the person in a public location |
| | | 040112 | Robbery from the person in a private location |
| | | 040119 | Other robbery from the person |
| | 04012 | | Robbery of valuables or goods in transit |
| | | 040121 | Robbery of a car or vehicle |
| | | 040129 | Other robbery of valuables or goods in transit |
| | 04013 | | Robbery of an establishment or institution |
| | | 040131 | Robbery of a financial institution |
| | | 040132 | Robbery of a non-financial institution |

| | | | |
|--|-----------------|--|---|
| | 04014 | Robbery of livestock | |
| | 04019 | Other acts of robbery | |
| 0409 | | Other acts against property involving violence or threat against a person | |
| Section 05 Acts against property only | | | |
| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
| 0501 | | | Burglary |
| | 05011 | | Burglary of business premises |
| | 05012 | | Burglary of private residential premises |
| | | 050121 | Burglary of permanent private residences |
| | | 050122 | Burglary of non-permanent private residences |
| | 05013 | | Burglary of public premises |
| | 05019 | | Other acts of burglary |
| 0502 | | | Theft |
| | 05021 | | Theft of a motorized vehicle or parts thereof |
| | | 050211 | Theft of a motorized land vehicle |
| | | 050212 | Illegal use of a motorized land vehicle |
| | | 050213 | Theft of parts of a motorized land vehicle |
| | | 050219 | Other theft of a motorized vehicle or parts thereof |
| | 05022 | | Theft of personal property |
| | | 050221 | Theft of personal property from a person |
| | | 050222 | Theft of personal property from a vehicle |
| | | 050229 | Other theft of personal property |
| | 05023 | | Theft of business property |
| | | 050231 | Theft from a shop |
| | | 050239 | Other theft of business property |
| | 05024 | | Theft of public property |
| | 05025 | | Theft of livestock |
| | 05026 | | Theft of services |
| | 05029 | | Other acts of theft |
| 0503 | | | Intellectual property offences |
| 0504 | | | Property damage |
| | 05041 | | Damage of public property |
| | 05042 | | Damage of personal property |
| | 05043 | | Damage of business property |
| | 05049 | | Other damage of property |
| 0509 | | | Other acts against property only |

Section 06 Acts involving controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances

| | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
| 0601 | | | Unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors |
| | 06011 | | Unlawful possession, purchase, use, cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption |
| | | 060111 | Unlawful possession, purchase or use of controlled drugs for personal consumption |

| | | |
|-------------|--------|--|
| | 060112 | Unlawful cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption |
| | 06012 | Unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption |
| | 060121 | Unlawful trafficking of controlled drugs not for personal consumption |
| | 060122 | Unlawful manufacture of controlled drugs not for personal consumption |
| | 060123 | Unlawful cultivation of controlled drugs not for personal consumption |
| | 060124 | Unlawful diversion of precursors not for personal consumption |
| | 060129 | Other unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption |
| | 06019 | Other unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors |
| 0602 | | Unlawful acts involving alcohol, tobacco or other controlled substances |
| | 06021 | Unlawful production, handling, possession or use of alcohol products |
| | 060211 | Unlawful possession or use of alcohol products |
| | 060212 | Unlawful production, trafficking or distribution of alcohol products |
| | 060219 | Other unlawful production, handling, possession or use of alcohol products |
| | 06022 | Unlawful production, handling, possession or use of tobacco products |
| | 060221 | Unlawful possession or use of tobacco products |
| | 060222 | Unlawful production, trafficking or distribution of tobacco products |
| | 060229 | Other unlawful production, handling, possession or use of tobacco products |
| | 06029 | Other unlawful acts involving alcohol, tobacco or other controlled substances |
| 0609 | | Other acts involving controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances |

Section 07 Acts involving fraud, deception or corruption

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|----------|--|
| 0701 | | | Fraud |
| | 07011 | | Financial fraud |
| | | 070111 | Financial fraud against the State |
| | | 070112 | Financial fraud against natural or legal persons |
| | 07019 | | Other acts of fraud |
| 0702 | | | Forgery/counterfeiting |
| | 07021 | | Counterfeiting means of payment |
| | | 070211 | Counterfeiting means of cash payment |

| | | | |
|-------------|-------|--------|--|
| | | 070212 | Counterfeiting means of non-cash payment |
| | 07022 | | Counterfeit product offences |
| | 07023 | | Acts of forgery/counterfeiting documents |
| | 07029 | | Other acts of forgery/counterfeiting |
| 0703 | | | Corruption |
| | 07031 | | Bribery |
| | | 070311 | Active bribery |
| | | 070312 | Passive bribery |
| | 07032 | | Embezzlement |
| | 07033 | | Abuse of functions |
| | 07034 | | Trading in influence |
| | 07035 | | Illicit enrichment |
| | 07039 | | Other acts of corruption |
| 0704 | | | Acts involving the proceeds of crime |
| | 07041 | | Money laundering |
| | 07042 | | Illicit trafficking in cultural property |
| | 07049 | | Other acts involving the proceeds of crime |
| 0709 | | | Other acts involving fraud, deception or corruption |

Section 08 Acts against public order, authority and provisions of the State

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|----------|--|
| 0801 | | | Acts against public order behavioural standards |
| | 08011 | | Violent public disorder offences |
| | 08012 | | Acts related to social and religious public order norms and standards |
| | 08019 | | Other acts against public order behavioural standards |
| 0802 | | | Acts against public order sexual standards |
| | 08021 | | Prostitution offences |
| | 08022 | | Pornography offences |
| | 08029 | | Other acts against public order sexual standards |
| 0803 | | | Acts related to freedom of expression or control of expression |
| | 08031 | | Acts against freedom of expression |
| | 08032 | | Acts related to expressions of controlled social beliefs and norms |
| | | 080321 | Violations of norms on religious beliefs/views |
| | | 080322 | Violations of norms on intolerance and incitement to hatred |
| | | 080329 | Other acts related to expressions of controlled social beliefs and norms |
| | 08039 | | Other acts related to freedom of expression or control of expression |
| 0804 | | | Acts contrary to public revenue or regulatory provisions |
| | 08041 | | Acts against public revenue provisions |
| | 08042 | | Acts against commercial or financial regulations |

| | | |
|-------------|-------|---|
| | 08043 | Acts against regulations on betting |
| | 08044 | Smuggling of goods |
| | 08045 | Market manipulations or insider trading |
| | 08049 | Other acts against public administration or regulatory provisions |
| 0805 | | Acts related to migration |
| | 08051 | Smuggling of migrants offences |
| | 08059 | Other unlawful acts related to migration |
| 0806 | | Acts against the justice system |
| | 08061 | Obstruction of justice |
| | 08062 | Breach of justice order |
| | 08063 | Criminal intent |
| | 08064 | Conspiracy |
| | 08069 | Other acts against the justice system |
| 0807 | | Acts related to democratic elections |
| | 08071 | Acts intended to unduly influence voters at elections |
| | 08079 | Other acts related to democratic elections |
| 0808 | | Acts contrary to labour law |
| | 08081 | Collective labour law violations |
| | 08082 | Individual labour law violations |
| 0809 | | Other acts against public order, authority and provisions of the State |

Section 09 Acts against public safety and state security

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|----------|---|
| 0901 | | | Acts involving weapons, explosives and other destructive materials |
| | 09011 | | Possession or use of weapons and explosives |
| | | 090111 | Unlawful possession or use of firearms |
| | | 090112 | Unlawful possession or use of other weapons or explosives |
| | | 090113 | Unlawful possession or use of chemical, biological or radioactive materials |
| | | 090119 | Other acts related to possession or use of weapons and explosives |
| | 09012 | | Trafficking of weapons and explosives |
| | | 090121 | Trafficking of firearms |
| | | 090122 | Trafficking of other weapons or explosives |
| | | 090123 | Trafficking of chemical, biological or radioactive materials |
| | | 090129 | Other acts related to trafficking of weapons and explosives |
| | 09019 | | Other acts relating to weapons and explosives |
| 0902 | | | Acts against health and safety |
| | 09021 | | Acts against health and safety at work |
| | 09029 | | Other acts against health and safety |
| 0903 | | | Acts against computer systems |
| | 09031 | | Unlawful access to a computer system |

| | | |
|-------------|--------|---|
| | 09032 | Unlawful interference with a computer system or computer data |
| | 090321 | Unlawful interference with a computer system |
| | 090322 | Unlawful interference with computer data |
| | 09033 | Unlawful interception or access of computer data |
| | 09039 | Other acts against computer systems |
| 0904 | | Acts against state security |
| 0905 | | Acts related to an organized criminal group |
| | 09051 | Participation in an organized criminal group |
| | 09059 | Other acts related to an organized criminal group |
| 0906 | | Terrorism |
| | 09061 | Participation in a terrorist group |
| | 09062 | Financing of terrorism |
| | 09069 | Other acts related to the activities of a terrorist group |
| 0907 | | Non-injurious traffic violations |
| 0909 | | Other acts against public safety and state security |

Section 10 Acts against the natural environment

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|----------|--|
| 1001 | | | Acts that cause environmental pollution or degradation |
| | 10011 | | Acts that cause the pollution or degradation of air |
| | 10012 | | Acts that cause the pollution or degradation of water |
| | 10013 | | Acts that cause the pollution or degradation of soil |
| | 10019 | | Other acts that cause environmental pollution or degradation |
| 1002 | | | Acts involving the movement or dumping of waste |
| | 10021 | | Acts involving the movement or dumping of waste within national borders |
| | 10022 | | Acts involving the movement or dumping of waste across national borders |
| 1003 | | | Trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora |
| | 10031 | | Trade or possession of protected species of wild fauna and flora |
| | | 100311 | Trade or possession of protected species within national borders |
| | | 100312 | Trafficking of protected species across national borders |
| | 10032 | | Trade or possession of prohibited or controlled species of animals |

| | | |
|-------------|-------|---|
| | 10039 | Other trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora |
| 1004 | | Acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources |
| | 10041 | Illegal logging |
| | 10042 | Illegal hunting, fishing or gathering of wild fauna and flora |
| | 10043 | Illegal mining |
| | 10049 | Other acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources |
| 1009 | | Other acts against the natural environment |
| | 10091 | Acts against animals |
| | 10099 | Other acts against the natural environment |

Section 11 Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified

| LEVEL 02 | LEVEL 03 | LEVEL 04 | CRIME |
|-------------|----------|----------|--|
| 1101 | | | Acts under universal jurisdiction |
| | 11011 | | Torture |
| | 11012 | | Piracy |
| | 11013 | | War crimes |
| | | 110131 | Unlawfully killing, causing or intending to cause death or serious injury associated with armed conflict |
| | | 110132 | Unlawful destruction or damage to property associated with armed conflict |
| | | 110133 | Sexual violence associated with armed conflict |
| | | 110134 | Acts against liberty or human dignity associated with armed conflict |
| | | 110135 | Conscripting or enlisting child soldiers |
| | | 110139 | Other war crimes |
| | 11014 | | Genocide |
| | 11015 | | Crimes against humanity |
| | 11016 | | Crime of aggression |
| | 11019 | | Other acts under universal jurisdiction |
| 1102 | | | Acts contrary to youth regulations and acts on minors |
| | 11021 | | Status offences |
| | 11029 | | Other acts contrary to youth regulations and acts on minors |
| 1109 | | | Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified |

Table: I International Classification of Crime for Statistical purposes (ICCS)

| SECTION 01 | ACTS LEADING TO DEATH OR INTENDING TO CAUSE DEATH |
|--|--|
| 0101 Intentional homicide | <p>Unlawful death inflicted upon a person with the intent to cause death or serious injury.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Murder;³⁶ honour killing;³⁷ serious assault leading to death;³⁸ death as a result of terrorist activities;³⁹ dowry-related killings;⁴⁰ femicide;⁴¹ infanticide;⁴² voluntary manslaughter;⁴³ extrajudicial killings; killings caused by excessive use of force by law enforcement/state officials⁴⁴</p> <p>Exclusions: Death due to legal interventions;⁴⁵ justifiable homicide in self-defence;⁴⁶ attempted intentional homicide (0102); homicide without the element of intent is non-intentional homicide (0103); non-negligent or involuntary manslaughter⁴⁷ (01031); assisting suicide or instigating suicide (0104); illegal feticide (0106); euthanasia (0105)</p> |
| 0102 Attempted intentional homicide | <p>Attempt to inflict unlawful death upon a person with the intent to cause death or serious injury.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Attempted murder; attempt to inflict death as a result of terrorist activities; attempted infanticide; attempted femicide;</p> <p>Exclusions: Conspiracy to procure or commit illegal feticide (0106)</p> |
| 0103 Non-intentional homicide | <p>Unlawful death unintentionally inflicted upon a person by another person.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Involuntary manslaughter, causing death by dangerous driving; apply all inclusions listed in 01031 - 01032</p> <p>Exclusions: Serious assault leading to death (0101); voluntary manslaughter (0101)</p> |

³⁶ **Murder** is unlawful death inflicted upon a person with the intent to cause death or serious injury, including when premeditated and/or with malice aforethought.

³⁷ **Honour killing** is the unlawful killing of a person by relatives or other closely associated persons as a result of avenging a perceived dishonor brought on the family, or with the intent of restoring the honour of the family, related to an actual or assumed sexual or behavioural transgression, including adultery, sexual intercourse or pregnancy outside marriage. (World Health Organization. *Understanding and addressing violence against women*. 2012. Web: <http://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/10665/77421/1/WHO_RHR_12.38_eng.pdf?x>.)

³⁸ **Serious assault leading to death** is understood as unlawful death due to an assault committed with the knowledge that it was probable that death or serious injury would occur.

³⁹ **Death as a result of terrorist activities** refers to killing due to an act intended to intimidate a population, or to compel a government or international organization to do or abstain from doing any act. (United Nations General Assembly. International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism. 1999. E/RES/54/109, Article 2(1b).

⁴⁰ **Dowry-related killing** refers to the unlawful killing of a woman associated with the giving or receiving of a dowry at any time before, during or after the marriage. A dowry is any property or asset that is provided by one party to a marriage to the other party to the marriage. United Nations. (United Nations Division for the Advancement of Women. Good Practices in Legislation on "Harmful Practices". Against Women. Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. 2009. Web: <http://www.un.org/womenwatch/daw/egm/vaw_legislation_2009/Final_report_EGMGPLVAW.pdf>.)

⁴¹ **Femicide** is the intentional killing of a woman for misogynous or gender-based reasons.

⁴² **Infanticide** refers to the killing of a child under one year old.

⁴³ **Voluntary manslaughter** is unlawful death inflicted upon a person with the intention to cause death under circumstances of diminished responsibility such as provocation.

⁴⁴ **Death as a result of the use of force by law enforcement or other state officials** that exceeded the limits, set by national and international standards, of what is strictly necessary and required for the performance of their duty.

⁴⁵ **Death due to legal interventions** refers to death inflicted upon a person by the police or other law-enforcement agents, including military on duty, in the course of arresting or attempting to arrest lawbreakers, suppressing disturbances, maintaining order, and other legal action when the use of force by law enforcement is necessary to protect life.

⁴⁶ **Justifiable homicide in self-defence** is the killing of a person committed in self-defence or defence of others when less extreme means are insufficient to protect life against the imminent threat of death or serious injury.

⁴⁷ **Non-negligent or involuntary manslaughter** is unlawful death inflicted upon a person when there is generally intent to cause harm but no intent to cause death or serious injury.

| SECTION 01 | ACTS LEADING TO DEATH OR INTENDING TO CAUSE DEATH |
|---|--|
| 0103 1 Non-negligent manslaughter Unlawful death inflicted upon a person when there is generally intent to cause harm but no intent to cause death or serious injury. | + Inclusions: Involuntary manslaughter; bodily injury leading to death when no serious harm was intended Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0103 |
| 0103 2 Negligent manslaughter Unintended death as a result of a negligent or involuntary act that is not intentionally directed against the victim. ⁴⁸ | + Inclusions: Criminally negligent manslaughter; corporate manslaughter; vehicular manslaughter; apply all inclusions listed in 010321 - 010322 Exclusions: Negligent acts not amounting to death (0206); apply all exclusions listed in 0103 |
| 0103 21 Vehicular homicide Unintended death as a result of a negligent, reckless or involuntary act while operating a vehicle that is not intentionally directed against the victim. ⁴⁹ - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. | + Inclusions: Causing death by dangerous driving; causing death through breach of traffic safety rules; causing death by driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol; vehicular manslaughter Exclusions: Negligence related to traffic not amounting to death (02063); operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances not amounting to death (02072); apply all exclusions listed in 01032 |
| 0103 22 Non-vehicular homicide Unintended death as a result of a negligent or involuntary act that is not intentionally directed against the victim. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. | + Inclusions: Gross negligent manslaughter; professional negligence leading to death Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 01032 |
| 0104 Assisting or instigating suicide Unlawful acts intentionally facilitating or instigating the suicide of a person. | - Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 01041 - 01049 |

⁴⁸ Negligence is the failure to exercise the care towards others that a reasonable or prudent person would exercise in the circumstances, or taking action that a reasonable or prudent person would not.

⁴⁹ Vehicle, at minimum, is a device or structure for transporting persons or things and includes car, motorcycle, truck, bus, train, boat, aircraft, bicycle, horse, tractor, etc.

| SECTION 01 | ACTS LEADING TO DEATH OR INTENDING TO CAUSE DEATH | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| 0104.1 Assisting suicide Intentional death of a person who wishes to die, inflicted upon himself or herself and facilitated by another person who assists in the death, or provides the knowledge, means or both. ⁵⁰ | + Inclusions: Physician-assisted suicide not amounting to euthanasia; assisted suicide | - Exclusions: Death of a person by another person with the intention of painlessly putting to death or relieving intractable suffering (0105); failure to offer aid leading to death (0109) | |
| 0104.2 Other acts of assisting or instigating suicide Acts leading to suicide of another person not described in 0104.1. | + Inclusions: Instigating suicide through persuasion or other means | - | |
| 0105 Euthanasia Death of a person by another person, with or without the consent of the dying person, with the intention of painlessly putting to death, relieving intractable suffering or failing to prevent death from natural causes in cases of terminal illness or irreversible coma. ⁵¹ | + Inclusions: Non-voluntary euthanasia; involuntary euthanasia | - Exclusions: Facilitating the death of a person who wishes to die (0104) | |
| 0106 Illegal feticide Unlawful death of a foetus intentionally procured or conducted by a person. ⁵² | + Inclusions: Illegal abortion; abortion offences as defined by national legislation; concealment of birth by secretly disposing of the body; intentional miscarriages and still births; procuring an illegal abortion; aborting a foetus against abortion regulations; forced abortion ⁵³ | - Exclusions: Legal abortion/legal feticide; abortion conducted by a person lacking medical skills (02071) | |

⁵⁰ World Health Organization. WHO Centre for Health Development. Glossary of Terms for Community Health Care and Services for Older Persons. 2004. Web: <http://www.who.int/kobe_centre/ageing/ahp.vol5_glossary.pdf>.

⁵¹ World Health Organization. WHO Centre for Health Development. *Glossary of Terms for Community Health Care and Services for Older Persons. 2004*. Web: <http://www.who.int/kobe_centre/ageing/ahp.vol5_glossary.pdf>.

⁵² Unlawful death of a foetus as defined by national legislation. The death of a foetus may be prohibited or restricted based on weeks of gestation, weight of the foetus, prohibited under all circumstances, or prohibited on other grounds.

⁵³ Performing an abortion on a woman without her prior and informed consent; performing surgery which has the purpose or effect of terminating a woman's capacity to naturally reproduce without her prior and informed consent or understanding of procedure. (Council of Europe. Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Istanbul Convention). Art. 39.2011).

| SECTION 01 | ACTS LEADING TO DEATH OR INTENDING TO CAUSE DEATH |
|---|--|
| 0107 Unlawful killing associated with armed conflict Unlawful killing in a situation of armed conflict not amounting to a war crime - War crime as defined in 1101. | <p style="color: #80A000;">Inclusions: Killing by a combatant which is considered a criminal offence in the national legislation (and is prosecuted as such) but does not amount to a war crime</p> <p style="color: #80A000;">Exclusions: Killing during armed conflict considered intentional homicide (0101); Killing associated with armed conflict amounting to war crime (11013)</p> |
| 0109 Other acts leading to death or intending to cause death Acts leading to death or intending to cause the death of a person by another person which are not described in categories 0101 - 0107. | <p style="color: #80A000;">Inclusions: Failure to offer aid leading to death</p> <p style="color: #80A000;">Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0101 - 0107</p> |

| SECTION | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| 0201 | Assaults and threats | | |
| | Use of force to cause injury or harm or the threat to cause injury or harm. | | |
| 02011 | Assault Intentional or reckless application of physical force inflicted upon the body of a person. ⁵⁴ | + | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 02011 - 02019 Exclusions: Serious assault leading to death (0101); all injurious acts of a sexual nature (03); using force to take property (04); using threat of force to demand a particular course of action from a person (0205) |
| 020111 | Serious assault Intentional or reckless application of serious physical force inflicted upon the body of a person resulting in serious bodily injury. ⁵⁵ - Reckless as defined in footnote 54. | + | Inclusions: Inclusions: Inflicting grievous bodily harm; wounding; aggravated assault; inflicting bodily harm under aggravating circumstances; battery; acid attacks; female genital mutilation; poisoning; assault with a weapon; forced sterilization ⁵⁶ ; taking human blood, organs or tissues by use of violence Exclusions: Threat to inflict serious bodily injury (020121); torture (11011); apply all exclusions listed in 02011 |
| 020112 | Minor assault Intentional or reckless application of minor physical force inflicted upon the body of a person resulting in no injury or minor bodily injury. ⁵⁷ - Reckless as defined in footnote 54. | + | Inclusions: Inflicting minor bodily harm; simple assault; pushing, slapping, kicking, hitting; drugging or spiking Exclusions: Threat to inflict minor bodily injury (020122); apply all exclusions listed in 02011 |
| 02012 | Threat Any type of threatening behaviour if it is believed that the threat could be enacted. ⁵⁸ | + | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 020121 - 020122 Exclusions: Using threat of force to demand a particular course of action from a person (0205); threatening a witness, justice or law enforcement official (08061); threatening voters to influence their vote (08071); threat of force to take property (0401); all injurious acts of a sexual nature (03); recruitment, transportation, transfer, harbouring or receipt of persons through the threat of force for exploitation (0204); apply all exclusions listed in 0201 |

⁵⁴ Acting recklessly, at minimum, is acting without thinking or caring about the consequences of an action.

⁵⁵ **Serious bodily injury**, at minimum, includes gunshot or bullet wounds; knife or stab wounds; severed limbs; broken bones or teeth knocked out; internal injuries; being knocked unconscious; and other severe or critical injuries.

Serious physical force, at minimum, includes being shot; stabbed or cut; hit by a thrown object; poisoning and other applications of force with the potential to cause serious bodily injury.⁵⁶ Performing surgery which has the purpose or effect of terminating a woman or man's capacity to naturally reproduce without his or her prior and informed consent or understanding of the procedure. (Council of Europe. Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence [Istanbul Convention].Art. 39, 2011)

Minor bodily injury, at minimum, includes bruises, cuts, scratches, chipped teeth, swelling, black eye and other minor injuries.
Minor physical force, at minimum, includes hitting, slapping, pushing, tripping, knocking down and other applications of force with the potential to cause minor bodily injury.

| SECTION 02 | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON |
|---|--|
| 020121 Serious threat | <p>Threat with the intention to cause death or serious harm.⁵⁹ - Threat as defined in 02012.</p> <p>Inclusions: Threatening death or serious injury, threatening the death or serious injury of a family member, friend or another person Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02012</p> |
| 020122 Minor threat | <p>Threat with the intention to cause minor harm.⁶⁰ - Threat as defined in 02012.</p> <p>Inclusions: Threatening minor injury, threatening minor injury to a family member or friend Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02012</p> |
| 02019 Other assaults and threats | <p>Acts causing or threatening injury or harm not described or classified in categories 02011 - 02012.</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02011 - 02012</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02011</p> |
| 0202 Acts against liberty | <p>Taking away or limiting the movement or liberty of a person.⁶¹</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 020211 - 020219</p> <p>Exclusions: Slavery and exploitation (0203); TIP (0204); acts against freedom or control of expression (0803); all acts of a sexual nature (03)</p> |
| 02021 Abduction of a minor | <p>Unlawfully taking away, concealing or detaining a minor from their legal guardian or custodial parent</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 020211 - 020219</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawfully detaining a person for the purposes of demanding an illicit gain for their liberation (020221); illegal adoption is (020291); apply all exclusions listed in 0202</p> |
| 020211 Parental abduction | <p>Abduction of a minor by a parent who does not have exclusive custody. - Abduction of a minor as defined in 02021.</p> <p>Inclusions: International parental abduction, domestic parental abduction</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02021</p> |
| 020212 Abduction by another family member | <p>Abduction of a minor by another family member who is not a parent and does not have exclusive custody. - Abduction of a minor as defined in 02021.</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02021</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02021</p> |

⁵⁹ **Serious harm**, at minimum, includes serious bodily injury or serious physical force defined in footnote 13.

⁶⁰ **Minor harm**, at minimum, includes minor bodily injury or minor physical force defined in footnote 58.

⁶¹ **Liberty**, at minimum, is freedom in the public sphere, freedom from captivity, oppression or despotic rule. (*United Nations. Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Web: <http://www.un.org/en/documents/udhr/>*).

| SECTION 02 | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON |
|-------------------|---|
| 020213 | Abduction by a legal guardian |
| | Abduction of a minor by a legal guardian who is not a parent or another family member and does not have exclusive custody. - Abduction of a minor as defined in 02021. |
| 020219 | Other abduction of a minor |
| | Other abduction of a minor not described or classified in categories 020211 - 020213. - Abduction of a minor as defined in 02021. |
| 02022 | Deprivation of liberty |
| | Unlawful detainment of a person or persons against their will. |
| 020221 | Kidnapping |
| | Unlawful detainment and taking away of a person or persons against their will (including through the use of force, threat, fraud or enticement) for the purpose of demanding an illicit gain, any other economic gain or other material benefit for their liberation, or in order to oblige someone to do or not to do something. |
| 020222 | Illegal restraint |
| | Unlawful detainment of a person or persons against their will (including through the use of force, threat, fraud or enticement), where the person is not transported to a different location. |

⁶² A **forced disappearance** occurs when “persons are arrested, detained or abducted against their will or otherwise deprived of their liberty by officials of different branches or levels of government, or by organized groups or private individuals acting on behalf of, or with the support, direct or indirect, consent or acquiescence of the Government, followed by a refusal to disclose the fate or whereabouts of the persons concerned or a refusal to acknowledge the deprivation of their liberty, which places such persons outside the protection of the law.” United Nations. Declaration on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance. GA Resolution 47/133 of 18 December 1992. Web: <<http://www.un.org/en/events/disappearancesday/background.shtml>>.

| SECTION 02 | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|
| 020223 | Hijacking | + | Inclusions: Hijacking of an aircraft, car, bus, ship or other motor vehicle |
| | Unlawful seizure of a vehicle together with its passengers through the use of force or threat of force. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49 | - | Exclusions: Electronic or communication-related hijacking (0903); violence, detention, rape or depredation committed for private ends by the crew or the passengers of a private ship or aircraft directed on the high seas against another ship, aircraft or against persons or property on board a ship or aircraft (11012); theft of a motor vehicle or other types of theft (0502); robbery (0401); apply all exclusions listed in 02022 |
| 020229 | Other deprivation of liberty | + | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02022 |
| | Deprivation of liberty not described or classified in categories 020221 - 020223. | - | |
| 020229 | Other acts against liberty | + | Inclusions: Illegal adoption; forced marriage; apply all inclusions listed in 020291 - 02039 |
| | Acts against liberty not described or classified in categories 02021 - 02022. - Liberty as defined in footnote 61. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0202 |
| 020291 | Illegal adoption | + | Inclusions: Adoption fraud; illegal adoption |
| | Unlawfully adopting a child and/or unlawfully arranging, facilitating or controlling a child for the purposes of adoption. ⁶³ | - | Exclusions: Abduction of a minor (02021); TIP (0204); taking a hostage (02022); apply all exclusions listed in 02029 |
| 020292 | Forced marriage | + | Inclusions: Forced marriage, child marriage |
| | Marriage without valid consent or with consent as a result of intimidation, force, fraud, coercion, threat, deception, use of drugs or alcohol, abuse of power or of a position of vulnerability. ⁶⁴ | - | Exclusions: Abduction of a minor (02021); TIP for forced marriage (0204); taking a hostage (02022); slavery and exploitation (0203); apply all exclusions listed in 02029 |
| 020299 | Other acts against liberty | + | |
| | Acts against liberty not described or classified in categories 020291 - 020292. - Liberty as defined in footnote 61. | - | Exclusions: Abduction of a minor (02021); TIP (0204); taking a hostage (02022); apply all exclusions listed in 02029 |

⁶³ United Nations. Department of Economic and Social Affairs. *Child Adoption: Trends and Policies 2009*. Web: <http://www.un.org/esa/population/publications/adoption2010/child_adoption.pdf>.

⁶⁴ United Nations. Division for the Advancement of Women. *Forced and Early Marriage: A Focus on Central and Eastern Europe and Former Soviet Union Countries with Selected Laws from other Countries*. Expert paper by Thomas, Cheryl. 2009. Web: <http://www.un.org/womenwatch/daw/egm/ava_legislation_2009/Expert_Paper_EGMGPLHP_Cheryl_Thomas_revised_.pdf>.

| SECTION 02 | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON |
|---|---|
| 0203 Slavery and exploitation | <p>Taking away or limiting the movement of a person for the purposes of exploitation for financial or other gain not amounting to TIP.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 02031 - 02039</p> <p>Exclusions: TIP (0204); sexual exploitation (0302); forced marriage (020292); acts violating labour laws (0808)</p> |
| 02031 Slavery | <p>Unlawful capture, acquisition or disposal of a person with intent to reduce the person to a status or condition over which any or all of the powers attaching to the right of ownership are exercised; all acts involved in the acquisition of a slave with a view to selling or exchanging the person; all acts of disposal by sale or exchange of a slave acquired with a view to being sold or exchanged, and every act of trade or transport in slaves.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Slavery; debt bondage; bonded labour or servitude; involuntary servitude</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawful work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the person has not offered himself voluntarily (02032); apply all exclusions listed in 0203</p> |
| 02032 Forced labour | <p>Unlawful work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the person has not offered themselves voluntarily.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 020321-020329</p> <p>Exclusions: Slavery (02031); TIP for forced labour or services (02042); apply all exclusions listed in 0203</p> |
| 020321 Forced labour for domestic services | <p>Forced labour to provide services for third party private households.</p> <p>- Forced labour as defined in 02032.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Forced domestic labour; domestic labour exploitation</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02032</p> |
| 020322 Forced labour for industrial services | <p>Forced labour to provide services for industry.⁶⁵</p> <p>- Forced labour as defined in 02032.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Forced labour in agriculture, construction, manufacturing, entertainment, fisheries, sweatshops, farms</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02032</p> |
| 020323 Forced labour for the State or armed forces | <p>Forced labour to provide services for the State or armed forces.</p> <p>- Forced labour as defined in 02032.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Unlawful labour in labour camps</p> <p>Exclusions: Conscripting or enlisting child soldiers (110135); apply all exclusions listed in 02032</p> |

⁶⁵ International Labour Organization. *Forced Labour Convention 1930 (No. 29) Convention concerning Forced or Compulsory Labour (Entry into force: 01 May 1932) Geneva, Switzerland. Web <https://www.ilo.org/dyn/normlex/en/f?p=1000:12100:0::NO::P12100_INSTRUMENT_ID:312174>*

| SECTION 02 | | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| 020329 | Other forced labour | + | Inclusions: Forced begging |
| | Forced labour not described or classified in categories 020321 - 020323. - Forced labour as defined in 02032. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02032 |
| 02039 | Other acts of slavery and exploitation | + | |
| | Slavery and exploitation not described or classified in categories 02031 - 02032. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0203 |
| 0204 | Trafficking in persons (TIP) | + | Inclusions: Trafficking of adults, child trafficking; apply all inclusions listed in 02041 - 02044 |
| | Recruitment, transportation, transfer, harbouring or receipt of persons, by means of the threat or use of force or other forms of coercion, of abduction, of fraud, of deception, of the abuse of power or of a position of vulnerability or of the giving or receiving of payments or benefits to achieve the consent of a person having control over another person, for the purpose of exploitation. Exploitation shall include, at minimum, the exploitation of the prostitution of others or other forms of sexual exploitation, forced labour or services, slavery or practices similar to slavery, servitude or the removal of organs. ⁶⁶ | - | Exclusions: Slavery (02031); forced labour (02032); acts violating labour laws (0808); forced marriage (020292); all injurious acts of a sexual nature (03); assaults and threats (0201); acts against liberty (0202); acts against public order sexual standards (0802); smuggling of migrants and other migration offences (0805) |
| 02041 | TIP for sexual exploitation | + | Inclusions: TIP for sexual exploitation; TIP for the exploitation of the prostitution of others; TIP for commercial sexual exploitation |
| | TIP for the purposes of sexual exploitation. - TIP as defined in 0204. - Sexual exploitation as defined in 0302. | - | Exclusions: Sexual exploitation of adults not amounting to TIP (03021); apply all exclusions listed in 0204 |
| 02042 | TIP for forced labour or services | + | Inclusions: TIP for forced labour; TIP for slavery or similar practices; TIP for indentured servitude; TIP for domestic work |
| | TIP for the purposes of forced labour or services. ⁶⁷ - Forced labour as defined in 02032. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0204 |

⁶⁶ United Nations. *Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, Supplementing the United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime*. 2000. Web. <http://www.uncjin.org/Documents/Conventions/dcatoc/final_documents_2/convention_traff_eng.pdfs>.

⁶⁷ Services, at minimum, is work obtained from a person under a threat and which the person has not offered themselves voluntarily. (International Labour Organization. Forced Labour Convention 1930 (No. 29) Convention concerning Forced or Compulsory Labour [Entry into force: 01 May 1932]. Geneva, Switzerland; Web: <https://www.ilo.org/dyn/normlex/en/f?p=1000:12100:0::NO::P12100_INSTRUMENT_ID:312174>).

| SECTION 02 | | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | |
|--------------|--|---|---|
| 02043 | TIP for organ removal TIP for the purposes of organ removal. ⁶⁸ - TIP as defined in 0204. | + Inclusions: TIP for organ removal; TIP for liver removal Exclusions: Acts that endanger health (02061); acts against health and safety (0902); apply all exclusions listed in 0204 | - Inclusions: TIP for forced marriage; TIP for camel jockeying; TIP for committing crimes Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0204 |
| 02044 | TIP for other purposes TIP for other purposes of exploitation not described or classified in categories 02041 - 02043. - TIP as defined in 0204. | + Inclusions: Coercion; extortion; blackmail; apply all inclusions listed in 02051 - 02059 Exclusions: Procuring sexual acts under coercion and any injurious acts of a sexual nature (03); taking property through the use of force, threat or threat of force (0401); TIP (0204); slavery and exploitation (0203); assaults and threats (0201); acts intended to cause fear or emotional distress (0207); threatening a witness, justice or law enforcement official (08061); threatening voters to influence their vote (08071); defamation or insult (0209) | - Inclusions: Extortion of persons, businesses or institutions Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0205 |
| 02055 | Coercion Demanding a particular course of action through the use of force, threat, intimidation, threat to reveal compromising information, or threat of defamation. - Defamation as described in 0209. | + Inclusions: - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0205 | - Inclusions: - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0205 |
| 02051 | Extortion or blackmail Demanding a particular course of action through a written or verbal threat. ⁶⁹ | + Inclusions: - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0205 | - Inclusions: - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0205 |
| 02059 | Other acts of coercion Acts of coercion not described or classified in 02051. - Coercion as defined in 0205. | + Inclusions: - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0205 | - Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 02061 - 02069 Exclusions: Manslaughter caused by negligence (01032); causing bodily harm or leading to bodily harm as a result of a dangerous act (0207) |
| 02066 | Negligence Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm from a person's negligent, reckless or careless behaviour. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. - Reckless as defined in footnote 54. | + Inclusions: - Exclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 02061 - 02069 | - Inclusions: - Exclusions: Manslaughter caused by negligence (01032); causing bodily harm or leading to bodily harm as a result of a dangerous act (0207) |

⁶⁸ Organ is the differentiated and vital part of the human body, formed by different tissues that maintain its structure, vascularization and capacity to develop physiological functions with an important level of autonomy. (World Health Organization. Global Glossary of Terms and Definitions on Donations and Transplantation. Geneva, Switzerland, 2009. Web. <<http://www.who.int/transplantation/activities/GlobalGlossaryonDonationTransplantation.pdf?xj>>.)

⁶⁹ A particular course of action includes, at minimum, forfeiting property, forfeiting services or benefits. Written or verbal threat, at minimum, is threat of releasing information, threat of defamation, threat of force, threat of bodily injury, or threat of criminal prosecution.

| SECTION 02 ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| 02061 | Negligence in situations of persons under care | + Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 020611 - 020619 - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0206 | - |
| 020611 Negligence in situations of children under care | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm inflicted upon a child due to a legally obligated or responsible person's negligence towards their duty to care. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. - Duty to care as defined in footnote 70. - Child as defined in national legislation. | + - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02061 + Inclusions: Neglect of a child under care; child neglect; child abandonment | - |
| 020612 Negligence in situations of other dependent persons under care | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm inflicted upon a dependent adult person due to a legally obligated or responsible person's negligence towards their duty to care. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. - Duty to care as defined in footnote 70. | + - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02061 + Inclusions: Negligence related to family; violation of obligations towards family; failure to provide for the needs of a servant/apprentice | - |
| 020619 Other negligence in situations of persons under care | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm due to a legally obligated or responsible person's negligence towards their duty to care not described or classified in categories 020611 - 020612. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. - Duty to care as defined in footnote 70. | + - Exclusions: Negligence related to taking proper care of pets (10091); apply all exclusions listed in 02061 + Inclusions: Medical negligence in prescriptions; gross negligent conduct of medical procedures; professional malpractice; gross negligent acts in the performance of professional duty; criminal negligence of pilots, boat captains and other professional operators of vehicles | - |
| 02062 Professional negligence | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm caused by a person's failure to perform the professional duty that a reasonable person in this profession would perform. | + - Exclusions: Professional negligence leading to death (010322); apply all exclusions listed in 0206 | - |

⁷⁰ **Duty to care**, at minimum, is the requirement that a person act toward others and the public with the watchfulness, attention, caution and prudence that a reasonable person in the circumstances would.

⁷¹ **Dependent person**, at minimum, is a person dependent upon one or more other persons for care and support who would be in danger if the care and support were withdrawn.

| SECTION 02 | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | |
|--------------|---|---|
| 02063 | Negligence related to driving a vehicle | |
| | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm due to negligent, reckless or careless behaviour while in control of a vehicle. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. - Reckless as defined in footnote 54. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Negligent driving or operation of a vehicle; driving and texting; negligence related to the duty to exercise care while operating a motor vehicle; hit and run causing bodily injury</p> <p>Exclusions: Criminal negligence of pilots, boat captains and other professional operators of vehicles (02062); operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances (02072); causing the death of a person by negligent driving (010321); apply all exclusions listed in 0206</p> |
| 02069 | Other acts of negligence | |
| | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm from negligent, reckless or careless behavior not described or classified in categories 02061 - 02063. - Negligent as defined in footnote 48. - Reckless as defined in footnote 54. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Failure to offer aid to an injured person; negligent pedestrian offences</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0206</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02071 - 02079</p> |
| 0207 | Dangerous acts | |
| | Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm caused by a person's dangerous behaviour or act carried out with the knowledge that the act has potential to cause harm. ⁷² | <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Inclusions: Dangerous acts or behaviour causing death (01); bodily harm caused by a negligent act (0206)</p> |
| 02071 | Acts that endanger health | |
| | Endangering health and/or having the potential to endanger health as a result of a dangerous act. ⁷³ - Dangerous as defined in footnote 72. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Adulteration of food or medicine⁷⁴; sale of noxious food or drink; unlawful procurement, sale or distribution of glue, solvents or other substances with the potential to abuse by intoxication; criminal transmission of HIV/AIDS</p> <p>Exclusions: Harming the health of a person through neglect of professional duty (02062); forging medicine and prescription goods (07022); apply all exclusions listed in 0207</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Inclusions: Causing injury while driving or operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or drugs; apply all exclusions listed in 020721 - 020729</p> |
| 02072 | Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances | |
| | Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances or other controlled drugs and causing bodily harm or the potential for bodily harm to a person. - Psychoactive substance as defined in footnote 98. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. | <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Inclusions: Causing death by operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances (010321); non-injurious traffic violations (0907); Unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors (0601); joyriding or other illegal use of a motor vehicle (050212); negligence related to operating a vehicle (02063); apply all exclusions listed in 0207</p> |

⁷² A **dangerous act**, at minimum, is an act or behaviour that is able or likely to inflict injury or harm.

⁷³ Health, at minimum, is the state of being free from illness or injury.

⁷⁴ **Adulteration of food or medicine** means to make impure in order to give a false impression or value or to hide defects, by the addition of a foreign, inferior or inert substance to food, or by the exclusion or removal of a valuable or necessary ingredient of food. (Food and Agriculture Organization. Perspectives and guidelines on food legislation, with a new model food law Page 209. Rome, Italy. 2005. Web: <http://www.fao.org/fileadmin/user_upload/legal/docs/l87-e.pdfs>.)

| SECTION 02 | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON |
|---|---|
| 020721 | Operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol and causing bodily harm or the potential for bodily harm to a person. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. | <p>+ Inclusions: Driving under the influence of alcohol; causing an accident under the influence of alcohol</p> <p>- Exclusions: Unlawful acts involving alcohol (0602); apply all exclusions listed in 02072</p> |
| 020722 | Operating a vehicle under the influence of illicit drugs |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of illicit drugs and causing bodily harm or the potential for bodily harm to a person. - Illicit drugs as defined in footnote 98. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. | <p>+ Inclusions: Driving under the influence of illicit drugs; causing an accident under the influence of illicit drugs</p> <p>- Exclusions: Unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors (0601); apply all exclusions listed in 02072</p> |
| 020729 | Operating a vehicle under the influence of other psychoactive substances |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of other psychoactive substances and causing bodily harm or potential for bodily harm to a person. - Psychoactive substance as defined in footnote 98. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. | <p>+ Inclusions: Acts involving controlled drugs or other psycho-active substances not amounting to operating a vehicle (06); apply all exclusions listed in 02072</p> <p>-</p> |
| 02079 | Other dangerous acts |
| Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm due to dangerous behaviour or act not described or classified in categories 02071 - 02072. - Dangerous as defined in footnote 72. | <p>+ Inclusions: Setting mantraps</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0207</p> |
| 0208 | Acts intended to induce fear or emotional distress |
| Fear or emotional distress caused by a person's behaviour or act - Emotional distress, at minimum, is mental or psychological pain. | <p>+ Inclusions: Bullying; cyber-bullying; non-sexual harassment; persistently calling a person; apply all exclusions listed in 02081 - 02089</p> <p>- Exclusions: Acts related to expressions of controlled social beliefs and norms (08032); intentional remark, action or communication (spoken or otherwise) by a person which harms another person's reputation, respect, confidence in which a person is held, or induces hostile or disagreeable opinions or feelings (0209)</p> |

| SECTION 02 | | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | |
|---------------|--|---|--|
| 02081 | Harassment | | |
| | Acts that harass or are intended to harass a person. ⁷⁵ | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Inclusions: Harassment; sharing offensive material; apply all inclusions listed in 020811 - 020819 - Exclusions: Sexual harassment (030122); demanding a particular course of action through the use of force, threat, intimidation, threat to reveal compromising information, or threat of defamation (0205); assault and threats (0201); communication intended to hurt a person's reputation (0209); apply all exclusions listed in 0208 | |
| 020811 | Harassment in the workplace | | |
| | Harassment by a colleague, supervisor or other co-worker in a work environment or related to employment. - Harassment as defined in footnote 75. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Inclusions: Workplace harassment; mobbing in the workplace; bullying in the workplace - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02081 | |
| 020819 | Other harassment | | |
| | Harassment by a person not in a work environment and unrelated to employment. - Harassment as defined in footnote 75. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Inclusions: Mobbing or bullying outside the workplace; menacing phone calls not amounting to stalking; private nuisance; acts causing alarm or distress - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02081 | |
| 02082 | Stalking | | |
| | Unwanted communication, following or watching a person. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Inclusions: Cyber-stalking; stalking - Exclusions: Stalking of a sexual nature (030122); unlawful and unwarranted intrusion upon the privacy of a person (0211); apply all exclusions listed in 0208 | |
| 02089 | Other acts intended to induce fear or emotional distress | | |
| | Fear or emotional distress from behaviour or act that is not described or classified in categories 02081 - 02082. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Inclusions: Psychological violence - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0208 | |
| 0209 | Defamation or insult | | |
| | Intentional remark, action or communication (spoken or otherwise) by a person which harms another person's reputation, respect, confidence in which a person is held, or induces hostile or disagreeable opinions or feelings. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Inclusions: Slander; libel; insult; calumny; traducement; apply all inclusions listed 02091 - 02099 - Exclusions: Threat of defamation or insult for demanding a particular course of action (0205); improper behaviour without the intent to harm a person's reputation (0208) | |

⁷⁵ **Harassment**, at minimum, is improper behaviour directed at and which is offensive to a person by another person who reasonably knew the behaviour was offensive. This includes objectionable or unacceptable conduct that demeans, belittles or causes personal humiliation or embarrassment to an individual. (*United Nations Policy on Prevention of Harassment*. Web: <http://www.un.org/womenwatch/osagi/UN_system_policies/FAO_Policy_on_the_prevention_of_harassment.pdf>).

| SECTION 02 | | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | |
|--------------|--|--|---|
| 02091 | Defamation or insult due to the victim's characteristics or ascribed attributes | + | <p>Inclusions: Slander; libel; insult; calumny; traducement</p> <p>Exclusions: Threat of defamation or insult for a particular course of demand (0205); improper behaviour without the intent to harm a person's reputation (0208)</p> |
| 02092 | Defamation or insult due to the victim's ascribed beliefs or values | + | <p>Inclusions: Insult or defamation based on religion, political views, social views or economic views</p> <p>Exclusions: Crimes in which the beliefs and values of the victim are a motivating factor are identified with the motive tag; unlawful distinction, exclusion, restriction, or preference based on beliefs or values (0210); apply all exclusions listed in 0209</p> |
| 02099 | Other defamation or insult | + | <p>Inclusions: Slander, libel, insult, calumny, traducement when the basis for defamation or insult is not recorded; defamation or insult to honour and dignity</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0209</p> |
| 0210 | Discrimination | + | <p>Inclusions: Personal discrimination, group discrimination, discrimination based on ascribed beliefs and values or ascribed attributes and characteristics; apply all inclusions listed in 02101 - 02109</p> <p>Exclusions: Acts related to freedom or control of expression (0803)</p> |
| 02101 | Personal discrimination | + | <p>Inclusions: Employment discrimination, wage discrimination, housing discrimination against a person</p> <p>Exclusions: Group discrimination (02102)</p> |

⁷⁶ Characteristics and attributes, at minimum, include sex, gender, sexual orientation, age, language, ethnic origin, disability and/or race.

⁷⁷ Beliefs or values, at minimum, include religious beliefs, political views, and/or economic and social views.

⁷⁸ United Nations. *International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination*. 1969. Web: <<http://www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/CERD.asp&xgt;>>.

| SECTION 02 | | ACTS CAUSING HARM OR INTENDING TO CAUSE HARM TO THE PERSON | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 02102 | Group discrimination | | |
| | Discrimination and unlawful treatment inflicted upon a group of persons as a collective. - Discrimination as defined in 0210. | + - | Inclusions: Employment discrimination, wage discrimination, housing discrimination against a group; group discrimination based on gender, sex, age, disability, race, sexual orientation, religion, political views, social views or economic views Exclusions: Acts related to freedom or control of expression of a group (0803); personal discrimination (02101) |
| 02109 | Other discrimination | | |
| | Discrimination and unlawful treatment not described or classified in categories 02101 - 02102. - Discrimination as defined in 0210. | + - | Inclusions: Encouraging others to practice discrimination against a person or group Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0210 |
| 02111 | Acts that trespass against the person | | |
| | Unlawful and unwarranted intrusion of the privacy or other rights of a person. ⁷⁹ | + - | Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 02111 - 02119 Exclusions: Invasion of computer data or computer systems that is not an intrusion upon a person's privacy (0903); unwanted following, watching or communication of a person by another person (02082); invasion of sexual privacy or other acts of a sexual nature (03); trespassing on property (0509) |
| 02111 | Invasion of privacy | | |
| | Invasion or intrusion of privacy. - Privacy as defined in footnote 79. | + - | Inclusions: Violation of privacy; violation of secrecy of mail; phone tapping; invasion of solitude or private concerns; invasion of private computer files; interfering with mail Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0211 |
| 02119 | Other acts that trespass against the person | | |
| | Unlawful and unwarranted intrusion of the privacy or other rights of a person not described or classified in 02111. - Privacy as defined in footnote 79. | + - | Inclusions: Mutilation of a dead body; trafficking in body parts not amounting to TIP for organ or tissue removal; destruction of a grave; unlawful use of a dead body; grave digging Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0211 |
| 02119 | Other acts causing harm or intending to cause harm to the person | | |
| | Acts that cause harm or intend to cause harm to a person not described or classified in categories 0201 - 0211. | + - | Inclusions: Maltreatment through physical abuse or mental cruelty Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0201-0211 |

⁷⁹ Privacy, at minimum, is the individual autonomy of a person or state of being free from being observed or disturbed by other people.

| SECTION 03 | INJURIOUS ACTS OF A SEXUAL NATURE | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 0301 Sexual Violence | | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 03011 - 03012</p> |
| | | <p>Exclusions: Acts of abuse of a position of vulnerability, power or trust, or use of force or threat of force, for profiting monetarily, socially or politically from the prostitution or sexual acts of a person (0302); coercion (0205); prostitution offences, pornography offences and other acts against public order sexual standards such as incest not amounting to rape and exhibitionism (0802); assaults and threats (0201); slavery and exploitation not amounting to injurious acts of a sexual nature (0203); TIP for sexual exploitation (02041); harassment and stalking (0208)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> |
| 0301.1 Rape | | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 030111 - 030119</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0301</p> |
| | | <p>Inclusions: Sexual penetration without valid consent or with consent as a result of intimidation, force, fraud, coercion, threat, deception, use of drugs or alcohol, abuse of power or of a position of vulnerability, or the giving or receiving of benefits.⁸⁰</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> |
| 0301.11 Rape with force | | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Sexual penetration with physical force</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Statutory rape (030113); apply all exclusions listed in 03011</p> |
| 0301.12 Rape without force | | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Deception to procure sex; drug-facilitated rape; non-consensual sexual penetration without physical force</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Statutory rape (030113); apply all exclusions listed in 03011</p> |
| 0301.13 Statutory rape | | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Sexual intercourse with a person below the age of consent; sexual intercourse with a person incapable of consent</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 03011</p> |

⁸⁰ Sexual penetration, at minimum, is the penetration of the vulva, anus or mouth with any body part or object.

| SECTION 03 | INJURIOUS ACTS OF A SEXUAL NATURE |
|---|---|
| 030119 Other rape | <p>Rape not described or classified in categories 030111 - 030113.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rape as defined in 03011. <p>Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 03011</p> <p>Exclusions: -</p> |
| 03012 Sexual assault | <p>Unwanted sexual act, attempt to obtain a sexual act, or contact or communication with unwanted sexual attention not amounting to rape.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rape as defined in 03011. <p>Inclusions: Drug-facilitated sexual assault; sexual harassment; sexual assault committed against a marital partner against her/his will; sexual assault against a helpless person; apply all inclusions listed in 030121 - 030129</p> <p>Exclusions: -</p> |
| 030121 Physical sexual assault | <p>Sexual assault with physical contact of a person.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual assault as defined in 03012. <p>Inclusions: Drug-facilitated sexual assault; unwanted groping or fondling; sexual assault by abuse of position</p> <p>Exclusions: -</p> |
| 030122 Non-physical sexual assault | <p>Sexual assault without physical contact of a person</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual assault as defined in 03012. <p>Inclusions: Sexual harassment, threat of a sexual nature</p> <p>Exclusions: -</p> |
| 030129 Other sexual assault not elsewhere classified | <p>Sexual assault that is not described or classified in categories 030121- 030122.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual assault as defined in 03012. <p>Inclusions: Voyeurism⁸¹</p> <p>Exclusions: -</p> |
| 03019 Other acts of sexual violence | <p>Sexual violence not described or classified in categories 030111 - 03012.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual violence as defined in 03011. <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0301</p> <p>Exclusions: -</p> |

⁸¹ Voyeurism is obtaining sexual gratification by observing unsuspecting individuals who are partly undressed, naked or engaged in sexual acts.

| SECTION 03 | INJURIOUS ACTS OF A SEXUAL NATURE |
|--|--|
| 0302 Sexual exploitation | <p>Acts of abuse of a position of vulnerability, power or trust, or use of force or threat of force, for profiting financially, physically, socially or politically from the prostitution or sexual acts of a person.⁸²</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 03021 - 03029</p> <p>Exclusions: Rape (03011); sexual violence (0301); prostitution offences, pornography offences and other acts against public order sexual standards such as incest and exhibitionism (0802); abuse of function (07033); assaults and threats (0201); slavery and exploitation not amounting to injurious acts of a sexual nature (0203); TIP for sexual exploitation (02041); harassment and stalking (0207); status offences (11021)</p> |
| 03021 Sexual exploitation of adults | <p>Sexual exploitation of an adult.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual exploitation as defined in 0302. <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Recruiting, enticing or procuring a person into prostitution; pimping; keeping, managing or knowingly financing a brothel; knowingly letting or renting a building or other place for the purpose of the prostitution of others</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0302</p> |
| 03022 Sexual exploitation of children | <p>Sexual exploitation of a child.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual exploitation as defined in 0302. - Child as defined in national legislation. <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Possession of child pornography, creating child pornography, recruiting, enticing, procuring a child into prostitution; pimping; keeping, managing or knowingly financing a brothel for child prostitution; knowingly letting or renting a building or other place for the purpose of the prostitution of children; apply all inclusions listed in 030221 - 030229</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Statutory rape (030113); apply all exclusions listed in 0302</p> |
| 030221 Child pornography | <p>Procuring, arranging, facilitating or controlling a child for the purposes of creating child pornography and/or possessing, disseminating, broadcasting, transmitting, exhibiting or selling child pornography.⁸³</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Child as defined in national legislation. <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Possession of child pornography; sharing child pornography; creating child pornography; downloading child pornography, procuring sexual images or other forms of child abuse materials from children</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Pornography offences (08022); apply all exclusions listed in 03022</p> |

⁸² Prostitution, at minimum, is the exchange of money or other forms of remuneration for sexual activities.

⁸³ Child pornography, at minimum, is visual representation or depiction of a child engaged in sexually explicit conduct, or realistic images of a non-existent child involved in sexually explicit conduct. (Article 20 of the Council of Europe Convention on the Protection of Children against Sexual Exploitation and Sexual Abuse).

| SECTION 03 | INJURIOUS ACTS OF A SEXUAL NATURE |
|---|--|
| 030222 Child prostitution | <p>Recruiting, enticing and/or procuring a child into prostitution or procuring the sexual services of a child prostitute.⁸⁴</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Prostitution as defined in footnote 82. - Child as defined in national legislation. |
| 030223 Sexual grooming of children | <p>Making contact with a child followed by material acts leading to a meeting for sexual purposes.⁸⁵</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Child as defined in national legislation. |
| 030229 Other sexual exploitation of children | <p>Sexual exploitation of children not described or classified in categories 030221 - 030223.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual exploitation as defined in 0302. - Child as defined in national legislation. |
| 03029 Other acts of sexual exploitation | <p>Sexual exploitation not described or classified in categories 03021 - 03022.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sexual exploitation as defined in 0302. |
| 0309 Other injurious acts of a sexual nature | <p>Injurious acts of a sexual nature not described or classified in categories 0301 - 0302.</p> |

⁸⁴ Article 3(1) I (b) of the 2000 UN Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography.

⁸⁵ Council of Europe "Sexual violence against children - The European legislative framework and outline of Council of Europe conventions and European Union policy.", Page 63. Web: <<http://www.coe.int/t/dg3/children/1in5/Source/PublicationSexualViolence/Ruelle.pdf>>

⁸⁶ **Child sex tourism** is the commercial sexual exploitation of children by persons who travel from one place to another and there engage in sexual acts with children. (UNICEF, Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (CSEC) and Child Sexual Abuse (CSA) in the Pacific: A regional report, Suva, Fiji, 2006. Web: http://www.unicef.org/eapro/Pacific_CSEC_report.pdf).

| SECTION 04 | | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY INVOLVING VIOLENCE OR THREAT AGAINST A PERSON | |
|---|---|---|--|
| 0401 Robbery | + | Inclusions: Theft with violence; banditry; dacoity; apply all inclusions listed in 04011 - 04019 | |
| | - | Exclusions: Burglary, theft and other acts only against property (05); assaults and threats (0201); possession of stolen goods or money; receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods; using stolen parts for producing other goods; concealment of stolen goods (0704); property damage (0504); kidnapping (02022); demanding a particular course of action through a written or verbal threat (02051) | |
| 04011 Robbery from the person | + | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 040111 - 040119 | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04011 | |
| 040111 Robbery from the person in a public location | + | Inclusions: Street robbery; mugging; bag snatching with force | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04011 | |
| 040112 Robbery from the person in a private location | + | Inclusions: Force or threat of force used to steal during the course of a residential burglary | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04011 | |
| 040119 Other robbery from the person | + | Inclusions: Robbery from a person in miscellaneous locations | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04011 | |

⁸⁷ Personal property, at minimum, is any asset of a person other than real estate.

⁸⁸ Public location, at minimum, is a location that is open and accessible to everyone.

⁸⁹ Private location, at minimum, is a place that is exclusively used for personal purposes or private gatherings and where the public does not have free access.

| SECTION 04 | | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY INVOLVING VIOLENCE OR THREAT AGAINST A PERSON | |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| 04012 | Robbery of valuables or goods in transit | + | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 040121 - 040122 - Robbery of property in transit. - Robbery as defined in 0401. |
| | | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0401 |
| 040121 | Robbery of a car or vehicle | + | Inclusions: Carjacking; robbery of property in a vehicle in transit; taxi robbery; robbery of a security van; robbery in or from a railway vehicle or its passengers. - Robbery as defined in 0401. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. |
| | | - | Exclusions: Theft of a motorized vehicle or parts thereof (05021); apply all exclusions listed in 04012 |
| 040129 | Other robbery of valuables or goods in transit | + | Inclusions: Robbery of cargo on highways Robbery of valuables or goods in transit not described or classified by 040121. - Robbery as defined in 0401. |
| | | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04012 |
| 04013 | Robbery of an establishment or institution | + | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 040131 - 040132 Robbery of an establishment or institution. - Robbery as defined in 0401. |
| | | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0401 |
| 040131 | Robbery of a financial institution | + | Inclusions: Robbery of a bank; robbery of an ATM Robbery of a financial institution. ⁹⁰ - Robbery as defined in 0401. |
| | | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04013 |
| 040132 | Robbery of a non-financial institution | + | Inclusions: Robbery of a post office; robbery of petrol/gas station; robbery of a business; shop robbery Robbery of a non-financial institution. - Financial institution as defined in footnote 90. - Robbery as defined in 0401. |
| | | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 04013 |

⁹⁰ Financial institution, at minimum, is a public or private establishment that focuses on dealing with financial transactions, including investments, loans and deposits.

| SECTION 04 | | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY INVOLVING VIOLENCE OR THREAT AGAINST A PERSON | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 04014 | Robbery of livestock | | |
| | Robbery of livestock from its caretaker. ⁹¹ - Robbery as defined in 0401. | + Inclusions: Robbery of cattle, goats, sheep, chickens or other livestock; cattle rustling | - Exclusions: Theft of livestock (05025); Apply all exclusions listed in 0401 |
| 04019 | Other acts of robbery | | |
| | Acts of robbery not described or classified in categories 04011 - 04014. - Robbery as defined in 0401. | + Inclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0401. | - Inclusions: Plundering/pillaging from an unspecified location; looting |
| 0409 | Other acts against property involving violence or threat against a person | | |
| | Acts against property involving violence or threat against a person not described or classified in 0401. | + Inclusions: Property damage (0504); burglary, theft and other acts against property (05); assaults and threats (0201); possession of stolen goods or money, receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods; using stolen parts for producing other goods; concealment of stolen goods (0704); robbery (0401); kidnapping or taking a hostage (02022); apply all exclusions listed in 0401 | - Exclusions: Property damage (0504); burglary, theft and other acts against property (05); assaults and threats (0201); possession of stolen goods or money, receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods; using stolen parts for producing other goods; concealment of stolen goods (0704); robbery (0401); kidnapping or taking a hostage (02022); apply all exclusions listed in 0401 |

⁹¹ Livestock, at minimum, are domesticated animals used for food, fibre and labour and includes cows, sheep, chickens, pigs, horses, and other species. (United Nations, Food and Agriculture Organization, Livestock Statistics. Web: <www.fao.org/.../sua_fbs_Workshop_Background_LivestockStatistics>).

| SECTION 05 | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY |
|--|---|
| 0501 Burglary Gaining unauthorized access to a part of a building/dwelling or other premises with or without the use of force against the building/dwelling, with intent to commit theft or when actually committing theft. - Theft as defined in 0502. | <p>+ Inclusions: Breaking and entering; unlawful entry with intent to commit theft; access by deception with intent to commit theft; apply all exclusions listed in 05011 - 05019</p> <p>- Exclusions: Unlawfully taking or obtaining property with the intent to permanently or temporarily deprive it from a person or organization without consent and without the use of force, threat of force or violence, coercion or deception (0502); possession of stolen goods or money; receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods; using stolen parts for producing other goods; concealment of stolen goods (0704); property damage (0504); unlawfully taking or obtaining property directly from a person with the intent to permanently or temporarily withhold it from a person or organization with the use of force or threat of force (0401)</p> |
| 05011 Burglary of business premises Burglary of business premises. ⁹² - Burglary as defined in 0501. | <p>+ Inclusions: Breaking and entering business premises; ram raiding; unlawful entry into a business with intent to commit theft</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0501</p> |
| 05012 Burglary of private residential premises Burglary of private residential premises. ⁹³ - Burglary as defined in 0501. | <p>+ Inclusions: Breaking and entering of residential premises; unlawful entry into residential premises with intent to commit theft; breaking, entering and stealing from residential premises; theft by burglary of a dwelling; burglary of a shed/garage belonging to a private residential premise; housebreaking</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0501</p> |
| 050121 Burglary of permanent private residences Burglary of private residential premises where the victims are accustomed to living most of the time during the course of a year. - Burglary as defined in 0501. | <p>+ Inclusions: Burglary of a house, apartment or other dwelling that is the habitual place of residence of the victim</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0501</p> |

⁹² **Business premises**, at minimum, is the structure or land on which a commercial or industrial enterprise is located and includes office buildings, shops, clubs, banks, factories, service stations, hotels, malls, retail stores, farm land, warehouses and other land or buildings.

⁹³ **Private residential premises**, at minimum, is real estate owned, rented, or leased by a person.

| SECTION 05 | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY |
|--|---|
| 050122 Burglary of non-permanent private residences Burglary of private residential premises where the victims live only temporarily during the course of a year. - Burglary as defined in 0501. | <p>Inclusions: Burglary of summerhouses, burglary of secondary houses, breaking, entering and stealing from hotel rooms or other temporarily rented premises</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0501</p> |
| 05013 Burglary of public premises Burglary of public premises. ⁹⁴ - Burglary as defined in 0501. | <p>Inclusions: Breaking and entering public premises; unlawful entry into public property with intent to commit an offence</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0501</p> |
| 05019 Other acts of burglary Acts of burglary not described or classified in categories 05011 - 05013. - Burglary as defined in 0501. | <p>Inclusions: Burglary of mobile homes; burglary of premises that cannot be identified as public, private or business premises</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0501</p> |
| 0502 Theft Unlawfully taking or obtaining of property with the intent to permanently withhold it from a person or organization without consent and without the use of force, threat of force or violence, coercion or deception. | <p>Inclusions: Possession of stolen goods or money; receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods; using stolen parts for producing other goods; concealment of stolen goods (0704); obtaining money or other benefit or evading a liability through deceit or dishonest conduct (0701); robbery (0401); property damage (0504); theft after unauthorized access to premises (0501); theft of intellectual property (0503); identity theft (07019)</p> <p>Exclusions: Possession of stolen goods or money; receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods; using stolen parts for producing other goods; concealment of stolen goods (0704); obtaining money or other benefit or evading a liability through deceit or dishonest conduct (0701); robbery (0401); property damage (0504); theft after unauthorized access to premises (0501); theft of intellectual property (0503); identity theft (07019)</p> |
| 05021 Theft of a motorized vehicle or parts thereof Theft of a motorized vehicle or parts of a motorized vehicle. ⁹⁵ - Theft as defined in 0502. - Motorized vehicle as defined in footnote 95. | <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 050211 - 050219</p> <p>Exclusions: Robbery of a car or vehicle (040121); apply all exclusions listed in 0502</p> |

⁹⁴ Public premises, at minimum, are property that is owned, rented or leased by the Government or other public bodies.

⁹⁵ Motorized vehicle means all self-propelled vehicles that are propelled by an engine or a motor, including cars, motorcycles, boats and aircraft.

Motorized land vehicle means all land vehicles with an engine that run on the road, including cars, motorcycles, buses, lorries, construction and agricultural vehicles.

Parts of a vehicle are any element or replacement element specifically designed for a vehicle and essential to its operation, including engines, transmissions, tires and windows.

| SECTION 05 | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY |
|---|--|
| 050211 Theft of a motorized land vehicle | <p>Theft of a motorized land vehicle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Motorized land vehicle as defined in footnote 95. |
| 050212 Illegal use of a motorized land vehicle | <p>Unlawfully taking or obtaining a motorized land vehicle with the intent to temporarily deprive it from a person or organization without consent and without the use of force, threat of force or violence, coercion or deception.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Motorized land vehicle as defined in footnote 95. |
| 050213 Theft of parts of a motorized land vehicle | <p>Theft of parts of a motorized land vehicle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Parts as defined in footnote 95. - Motorized land vehicle as defined in footnote 95. |
| 050219 Other theft of a motorized vehicle or parts thereof | <p>Theft of a motorized vehicle or parts of a motorized vehicle not described or classified in categories 050211 - 050213.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Motorized vehicle as defined in footnote 95. |
| 050222 Theft of personal property | <p>Theft of personal property.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Personal property as defined in footnote 87. |
| | <p>Inclusions: Larceny of a car, van or truck; theft of a motorcycle</p> <p>Exclusions: Illegal use of a motor vehicle (050212); theft of parts of a motor vehicle (050213); theft of personal property from a motor vehicle (050221); apply all exclusions listed in 05021</p> <p>Inclusions: Joyriding</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawfully taking or obtaining a motor vehicle with the intent to permanently deprive (050211); theft of parts of a motor vehicle (050213); theft of boats, planes and other vehicles (050219); theft of personal property from a motor vehicle (050221); apply all exclusions listed in 05021</p> <p>Inclusions: Theft of car tires, motors, transmission, windows, etc.</p> <p>Exclusions: Siphoning oil or fuel or the theft of personal property from a motor vehicle (050221); apply all exclusions listed in 05021</p> <p>Inclusions: Theft of boat or aircraft; theft of boat or aircraft parts</p> <p>Exclusions: Siphoning oil or fuel or the theft of personal property from a motorized vehicle (050222); hijacking cars and aircraft (020223); apply all exclusions listed in 05021</p> <p>Inclusions: Theft where entry was lawfully gained; apply all inclusions listed in 050221 - 050229</p> <p>Exclusions: Theft of a motorized land vehicle or motorized land vehicle parts (05021); theft of business property (05023); theft of public property (05024); theft of livestock (05025); apply all exclusions listed in 0502</p> |

| SECTION 05 | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY |
|--|--|
| 050221 Theft of personal property from a person | <p>Theft of personal property carried on a person.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Personal property as defined in footnote 87. |
| 050222 Theft of personal property from a vehicle | <p>Theft of personal property from a vehicle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. - Personal property as defined in footnote 87. |
| 050229 Other theft of personal property | <p>Theft of personal property not described or classified in categories 050221 - 050222.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Personal property as defined in footnote 87. |
| 05023 Theft of business property | <p>Theft of movable property that is not a vehicle from a business.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Movable property is any asset other than real estate. - Theft as defined in 0502. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. |
| 050231 Theft from a shop | <p>Theft of business property from retail premises.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. |
| 050239 Other theft of business property | <p>Theft of business property from premises that are not retail premises.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. |

| SECTION 05 | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY |
|--|---|
| 05024 Theft of public property | <p>Theft of any movable public property that is not a vehicle.⁹⁶</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Vehicle as defined in footnote 49. |
| 05025 Theft of livestock | <p>Theft of livestock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. - Livestock as defined in footnote 91. |
| 05026 Theft of services | <p>Theft of services.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Theft as defined in 0502. |
| 05029 Other acts of theft | <p>Theft of property not described or classified in categories 05021 - 05026.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Theft as defined in 0502. |
| 0503 Intellectual property offences | <p>Unlawful copying, using, reproducing or other infringements of copyrights, patents, trademarks or other intellectual property.⁹⁷</p> |

⁹⁶ **Public property** is property owned by the Government other than real estate.

⁹⁷ **Intellectual property** is defined, at minimum, as inventions; literary and artistic work; and symbols, images and names used in commerce. (World Intellectual Property Organization. Basic Definitions. Geneva, Switzerland: Web: <http://www.wipo.int/about-ip/en/studies/publications/ip_definitions.htm>).

Patent is defined as an exclusive right granted for an invention, which is a product or a process that provides a new way of doing something, or offers a new technical solution to a problem. (World Intellectual Property Organization. *Basic Definitions*. Geneva, Switzerland: Web: <http://www.wipo.int/about-ip/en/studies/publications/ip_definitions.htm>).

Copyright is defined as a legal term describing rights given to creators for their literary and artistic work. (World Intellectual Property Organization. *Basic Definitions*. Geneva, Switzerland: Web: <http://www.wipo.int/about-ip/en/studies/publications/ip_definitions.htm>).

Trademark is defined as a distinctive sign that identifies certain goods or services as those produced or provided by a specific person or enterprise. (World Intellectual Property Organization. Basic Definitions. Geneva, Switzerland: , Web: <http://www.wipo.int/about-ip/en/studies/publications/ip_definitions.htm>).

| SECTION 05 | ACTS AGAINST PROPERTY ONLY | |
|---|---|--|
| 0504 Property damage Willful destruction, damage or defacement of property. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Arson; property damage by explosion; vandalism; graffiti; sabotage not amounting to dangerous or negligent act; illegal inundation; sabotage not amounting to a dangerous or negligent act; hit and run causing property damage, wilful damage to a motor vehicle; apply all inclusions listed in 05041 - 05049</p> <p>Exclusions: Breaking and entering property (0501); damaging computer systems or computer data is coded as an act against computer systems (0903); killing or hurting animals (10091); damage against the environment (10)</p> | |
| 05041 Damage of public property Intentional destruction, damage or defacement of public property. - Public property as defined in footnote 96. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Destruction of government facilities; physical damage to public property in schools</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions in 0504</p> | |
| 05042 Damage of personal property Intentional destruction, damage or defacement of personal property. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Destruction of a private dwelling; damage to personal property</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions in 0504</p> | |
| 05043 Damage of business property Intentional destruction, damage or defacement of business property. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Destruction of business property; damage to business property</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions in 05042</p> | |
| 05049 Other damage of property Intentional destruction, damage or defacement of property not described or classified in categories 05041- 05043. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions in 0504</p> | |
| 0509 Other acts against property only Acts against property only not described or classified in categories 0501 - 0504. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Unlawful appropriation of property; squatting; unlawful acquisition of housing or land; criminal trespass; forcible entry and occupation</p> <p>Exclusions: Property damage (0504); Damaging computer systems (0903); damage against the environment (10); apply all exclusions in 0501 - 0504</p> | |

| SECTION 06 | ACTS INVOLVING CONTROLLED DRUGS OR OTHER PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 0601 Unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors | + | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 06011 - 06019 | |
| Unlawful handling, possession, purchase, use, trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption. ⁹⁸ | - | Exclusions: Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances (02072); causing death by driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol (010321) | |
| 0601.1 Unlawful possession, purchase, use, cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption | + | Inclusions: Drug possession; drug use; drug cultivation for personal consumption; apply all inclusions listed in 06011 - 060112 | |
| Unlawful possession, purchase, use, cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption. - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06011 | |
| 0601.11 Unlawful possession, purchase or use of controlled drugs for personal consumption | + | Inclusions: Drug possession; drug use | |
| Unlawful possession, purchase or use of controlled drugs for personal consumption. - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06011 | |
| 0601.12 Unlawful cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption | + | Inclusions: Drug cultivation for personal consumption | |
| Unlawful cultivation, production manufacture, extraction or preparation of controlled drugs for personal consumption. - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06011 | |

⁹⁸ **Controlled drugs** are narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances scheduled as such under the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, as amended, and the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances.

Precursors are substances frequently used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances as defined in the 1988 Convention against Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances.

| SECTION 06 | ACTS INVOLVING CONTROLLED DRUGS OR OTHER PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES |
|---------------|---|
| 06012 | <p>Unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption</p> <p>Unlawful offering, offering for sale, distribution, sale, delivery, brokerage, dispatch, dispatch in transit, transport, importation, exportation, cultivation, production, manufacture, extraction or preparation of controlled drugs or precursors not in connection with the use or possession of drugs for personal consumption.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. - Precursors as defined in footnote 98. |
| 060121 | <p>Unlawful trafficking of controlled drugs not for personal consumption</p> <p>Unlawful offering, offering for sale, distribution, sale, delivery, brokerage, dispatch, dispatch in transit, transport, importation or exportation of controlled drugs or precursors not in connection with the use or possession of drugs for personal consumption.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. |
| 060122 | <p>Unlawful manufacture of controlled drugs not for personal consumption</p> <p>Unlawful production, manufacture, extraction or preparation of controlled drugs not in connection with the use or possession of drugs for personal consumption.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. |
| 060123 | <p>Unlawful cultivation of controlled drugs not for personal consumption</p> <p>Unlawful cultivation of controlled drugs not in connection with the use or possession of drugs for personal consumption.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. |
| | <p>Inclusions: Drug cultivation not for personal consumption; drug production; drug trafficking; apply all exclusions listed in 060121 - 060129</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0601</p> |
| | <p>Inclusions: Drug dealing, drug trafficking; drug pushing, retail selling of drugs through use of the internet; organizing, supervising or managing a drug-distribution enterprise; importation/exportation of illicit drugs; selling, offering for sale, distributing, marketing, advertising of illicit drugs or precursors; facilitating a drug-trafficking operation</p> <p>Exclusions: Import/export offences (08041); customs offences (08042); apply all exclusions listed in 06012</p> |
| | <p>Inclusions: Illicit manufacture of controlled drugs; illicit cooking of controlled drugs; illicit manufacture of drugs in clandestine laboratories</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawful cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption (060112); apply all exclusions listed in 06012</p> |
| | <p>Inclusions: Drug cultivation not for personal consumption</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawful cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption (060112); apply all exclusions listed in 06012</p> |

| SECTION 06 | ACTS INVOLVING CONTROLLED DRUGS OR OTHER PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES |
|--|--|
| 060124 Unlawful diversion of precursors not for personal consumption | <p>Unlawful manufacture, transport or distribution of precursors not in connection with the use or possession of drugs for personal consumption. - Precursors as defined in footnote 98.</p> <p>Inclusions: Unlawful diversion of precursor chemicals; trafficking in precursor chemicals</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06012</p> |
| 060129 Other unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption | <p>Other unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption not described or classified in categories 060121 - 060124. - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. - Precursors as defined in footnote 98.</p> <p>Inclusions: Trafficking of equipment for the illicit manufacture, production or cultivation of controlled drugs</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06012</p> |
| 06019 Other unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors | <p>Unlawful handling, possession or use of controlled drugs or precursors for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption not described or classified in categories 06011 - 06012. - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. - Precursors as defined in footnote 98.</p> <p>Inclusions: Issuing, handling or dealing in forged or altered prescriptions; illicit acts involving drug paraphernalia; encouraging the consumption of controlled drugs; unlawful advertising of controlled substances</p> <p>Exclusions: Import/export offences (08042); customs offences (08041); apply all exclusions listed in 0601</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 06021 - 06029</p> |
| 0602 Unlawful acts involving alcohol, tobacco or other controlled substances | <p>Unlawful handling, possession or use of alcohol or tobacco products or other controlled substances for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption.</p> <p>Exclusions: Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances (02072); drinking or smoking age violations or selling alcohol or tobacco to a minor (11021); causing death by driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol (010321); import/export offences (08042); customs offences (08041)</p> |

| SECTION 06 | ACTS INVOLVING CONTROLLED DRUGS OR OTHER PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES |
|---|--|
| 06021 Unlawful production, handling, possession or use of alcohol products | <p>Unlawful handling, possession, use, production, trafficking or distribution of alcohol products for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption.</p> <p>Inclusions: Illegal brewing of alcohol; illegal distilling of alcohol; moonshining; giving alcohol to an intoxicated person; apply all inclusions listed in 060211 - 060219</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0602</p> |
| 060211 Unlawful possession or use of alcohol products | <p>Unlawful possession or use of alcohol products for personal consumption.</p> <p>Inclusions: Unlawful possession, use or consumption of alcohol products</p> <p>Exclusions: Drinking age violations or selling alcohol to a minor (11021); apply all exclusions listed 06021</p> |
| 060212 Unlawful production, trafficking or distribution of alcohol products | <p>Unlawful production, sale, distribution, delivery, brokerage, dispatch, dispatch in transit, transport, importation or exportation of alcohol products not for personal consumption.</p> <p>Inclusions: Criminal violation of restrictions on the procurement of alcohol products; criminal violation of restrictions on the distribution/selling of alcohol products</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06021</p> |
| 060219 Other unlawful production, handling, possession or use of alcohol products | <p>Unlawful handling, possession, use, production, trafficking or distribution of alcohol products for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption not described or classified in categories 060211 - 060219.</p> <p>Inclusions: Unlawful promotion or advertising of alcohol products; encouraging the unlawful consumption of alcohol.</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06021</p> |
| 06022 Unlawful production, handling, possession or use of tobacco products | <p>Unlawful handling, possession, use, production, trafficking or distribution of tobacco products for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption.</p> <p>Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 060221 - 060229</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0602</p> |

| SECTION 06 | ACTS INVOLVING CONTROLLED DRUGS OR OTHER PSYCHOACTIVE SUBSTANCES | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 060221 Unlawful possession or use of tobacco products Unlawful possession or use of tobacco products for personal consumption. | + | Inclusions: Possession, use or consumption of tobacco products in prohibited locations; smoking on aircrafts | |
| | - | Exclusions: Smoking or tobacco-chewing age violations or selling tobacco products to a minor (11021); apply all exclusions in 06022 | |
| 060222 Unlawful production, trafficking or distribution of tobacco products Unlawful production, sale, distribution, delivery, brokerage, dispatch, dispatch in transit, transport, importation or exportation of tobacco products not for personal consumption. | + | Inclusions: Criminal violation of restrictions on the procurement of tobacco products; criminal violation of restrictions on the distribution/selling of tobacco products | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06022 | |
| 060229 Other unlawful production, handling, possession or use of tobacco products Unlawful handling, possession, use, production, trafficking or distribution of tobacco products for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption not described or classified in categories 060221 - 060222. | + | Inclusions: Unlawful promotion or advertising of tobacco products; encouraging the unlawful use of tobacco products | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06022 | |
| 06029 Other unlawful acts involving alcohol, tobacco or other controlled substances Unlawful handling, possession or use of alcohol, tobacco products or other controlled substances for personal consumption and for non-personal consumption not described or classified in categories 060221 - 060222. | + | Inclusions: Doping using controlled substances; providing or consuming medicinal or other illegal products used to improve performance in sport; encouraging others to dope; trading of medicinal or other controlled substances | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 06021 - 06022 | |
| 0609 Other acts involving controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances Acts involving controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances not described or classified in categories 0601 - 0602. - Controlled drugs as defined in footnote 98. | + | Exclusions: Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances (02072); drinking or smoking age violations or selling alcohol or tobacco to a minor (11021); causing death by driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol (010321); import/export offences (8042); customs offences (08041); apply all exclusions listed in 0601 - 0602 | |

| SECTION 07 | ACTS INVOLVING FRAUD, DECEPTION OR CORRUPTION |
|--|---|
| 0701 Fraud Obtaining money or other benefit, or evading a liability through deceit or dishonest conduct. | <p>+ Inclusions: Mortgage fraud; financial fraud; quackery; impersonation; identity theft; possession, creation or use of false weights for measure; apply all inclusions listed in 07011 - 07019</p> <p>- Exclusions: Obtaining money without dishonest conduct but with intent to withhold it from the owner (0502); fraudulent insolvency; insider trading and other acts against commercial financial regulations (08042); electoral fraud (08079); illicit enrichment (07035)</p> |
| 07011 Financial fraud Fraud involving financial transactions for the purpose of personal gain. This includes using financial consumer products such as bank accounts, credit cards, cheques, store cards or online banking systems. - Fraud as defined in 0701. | <p>+ Inclusions: Bank fraud; investment fraud; cheque/credit card fraud; store card fraud; online banking fraud; writing bad cheques; apply all inclusions listed in 07011 - 07012</p> <p>- Exclusions: Financial transactions to conceal, transfer or disguise the proceeds of crime (07041); embezzlement (07032); apply all exclusions listed in 0701</p> |
| 070111 Financial fraud against the State Financial fraud against the State. - Financial fraud as defined in 07011. | <p>+ Inclusions: Procurement and contractor fraud; false claims fraud not amounting to medical fraud</p> <p>- Exclusions: Social welfare and tax fraud (08041); apply all exclusions listed in 07011</p> |
| 070112 Financial fraud against natural or legal persons Financial fraud against natural or legal persons. ⁹⁹ - Financial fraud as defined in 07011. | <p>+ Inclusions: Mortgage fraud; securities fraud; investment fraud; bank fraud</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 07011</p> |
| 07019 Other acts of fraud Fraud not described or classified in 07011. - Fraud as defined in 0701. | <p>+ Inclusions: Possession, creation or use of false weights for measure; medical fraud or quackery not amounting to malpractice or medical negligence; fraudulent failure to supply consumer goods or obtaining goods by fraud; false accounting; hiding or destroying money; wire fraud; insurance fraud; unlicensed/unregistered practice in a trade or profession; identity theft; false representation of identity or professional status; impersonation; fraudulent pretence of marriage; setting up or operating a pyramid scheme; swindling</p> <p>- Exclusions: Financial transactions to conceal, transfer or disguise the proceeds of crime (07041); embezzlement (07032); illicit enrichment (07035); tax fraud (08041); apply all exclusions listed in 0701</p> |

⁹⁹ A **natural person** is a human being as distinguished in law from a legal person.

A **legal person** is a lawful association, corporation, partnership, proprietorship, trust or individual that has the capacity to enter into agreements or contracts, assume obligations and be accountable for illegal activities.

| SECTION 07 | ACTS INVOLVING FRAUD, DECEPTION OR CORRUPTION |
|--|---|
| 0702 Forgery/counterfeiting | <p>Creating, manufacturing, selling, passing or possessing a false imitation of goods, or an instrument to create a false imitation of goods.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Exclusions: Creating a false identity or impersonating a person (07019); using a forged visa (0805); possession, creation or use of false weights for measurement (07019); unlawfully copying, using, reproducing or other infringements inflicted upon copyrights, patents, trademarks or other intellectual property (0503); smuggling of goods (08044)</p> |
| 07021 Counterfeiting means of payment | <p>Creating, manufacturing, passing, using or possessing counterfeit means of payment or an instrument to create a false imitation with or without the use of computer systems.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Counterfeiting coins or notes; counterfeiting stamps or tickets; possession of an article for the creation of counterfeit means of payment; counterfeit means of payment other than cash; apply all inclusions listed in 070211 - 070219</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0702</p> |
| 070211 Counterfeiting means of cash payment | <p>Creating, manufacturing, passing, using or possessing counterfeit means of cash payment or an instrument to create a false imitation with or without the use of computer systems.¹⁰⁰</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Fraudulently making or altering notes and coins; fraudulently making, receiving, obtaining or possessing instruments, articles, computer programs and other means of counterfeiting or altering notes and coins; importing, exporting, transporting, receiving or obtaining counterfeit notes and coins with the knowledge that they are counterfeit</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Counterfeiting means of non-cash payment (070219; financial fraud (07011); acts involving the proceeds of crime (0704); apply all exclusions listed in 07021)</p> |
| 070212 Counterfeiting means of non-cash payment | <p>Creating, manufacturing, passing, using or possessing counterfeit means of non-cash payment or an instrument to create a false imitation with or without the use of computer systems.¹⁰¹</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Fraudulently making or altering non-cash forms of payment; fraudulently making, receiving, obtaining or possessing instruments, articles, computer programs and other means of counterfeiting or altering non-cash forms of payment; importing, exporting, transporting, receiving or obtaining counterfeit non-cash payment with the knowledge that it is counterfeit</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Counterfeiting means of cash payment (070211); financial fraud (07011); acts involving the proceeds of crime (0704); apply all exclusions listed in 07021</p> |

¹⁰⁰ Cash payment means legally authorized notes and coins.

¹⁰¹ Non-cash payment is a method of payment that is not notes or coins, such as credit cards, cheques, virtual currencies, and debit cards.

| SECTION 07 | ACTS INVOLVING FRAUD, DECEPTION OR CORRUPTION |
|---|---|
| 07022 Counterfeit product offences | <p>Creating, manufacturing, selling, passing or possessing counterfeit trademarked, patented, licensed, or otherwise protected products, or an instrument to create a false imitation of a product.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Trademark and patent as defined in footnote 97. |
| 07023 Acts of forgery/counterfeiting documents | <p>Creating, manufacturing, selling, passing or possessing a counterfeit or forged document, or an instrument to create a false imitation of such a document with or without the use of computer systems.</p> |
| 07029 Other acts of forgery/counterfeiting | <p>Creating, manufacturing, passing, using or possessing false goods or an instrument to create false goods not described or classified in categories 07021 - 07023.</p> |
| 0703 Corruption | <p>Unlawful acts as defined in the United Nations Convention against Corruption and other national and international legal instruments against corruption.¹⁰²</p> |
| 07031 Bribery | <p>Promising, offering, giving, soliciting, or accepting an undue advantage to or from a public official or a person who directs or works in a private sector entity, directly or indirectly, In order that the person act or refrain from acting in the exercise of his or her official duties.</p> |

¹⁰² United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. *United Nations Convention Against Corruption*. Vienna, Austria: , 2004. Web. <http://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/UNCAC/Publications/Convention/08-50026_E.pdf>.

| SECTION 07 | ACTS INVOLVING FRAUD, DECEPTION OR CORRUPTION |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 070311 Active bribery | <p>Promising, offering or giving, to a public official or a person who directs or works in a private sector entity, directly or indirectly, an undue advantage in order that the official act or refrain from acting in the exercise of his or her official duties.¹⁰²</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Active bribery of a public official; active bribery of a foreign public official and of an official of a public international organization; active bribery in the private sector</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 07031</p> |
| 070312 Passive bribery | <p>Solicitation or acceptance by a public official or a person who directs or works in a private sector entity, directly or indirectly, of an undue advantage in order that the official act or refrain from acting in the exercise of his or her official duties.¹⁰²</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Passive bribery of a public official; passive bribery of a foreign public official and of an official of a public international organization; passive bribery of an official in the private sector</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 07031</p> |
| 07032 Embezzlement | <p>Embezzlement, misappropriation or diversion by a public official or a person who directs or works in a private sector entity of any property, public or private funds or securities or any other thing of value entrusted to the public official or person by virtue of his or her position.¹⁰³</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Embezzlement in the public sector; embezzlement in the private sector; misappropriation; dishonest conversion</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawfully taking money or property that is not entrusted to one's care or trespassing to take property (05); fraud involving financial transactions for the purpose of personal gain (07011); apply all exclusions listed in 0703</p> |
| 07033 Abuse of functions | <p>Performance of or failure to perform an act, in violation of laws, by a public official in the discharge of his or her functions for the purpose of obtaining an undue advantage for himself or herself or for another person or entity.¹⁰²</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Abuse of function; nepotism; abuse of authority; abuse of public office; abuse of official position.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0703</p> |
| 07034 Trading in influence | <p>Promising, offering or giving to a public official, or solicitation or acceptance by a public official, directly or indirectly, of an undue advantage in order that the public official or the person abuse his or her real or supposed influence with a view to obtaining an undue advantage.¹⁰²</p> <p style="text-align: right;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Trading in influence</p> <p style="text-align: right;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0703</p> |

¹⁰² **Embezzlement**, at minimum, is fraudulently taking money or property entrusted to one's care without permission to one's own use. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. United Nations Convention Against Corruption. Vienna, Austria, 2004. Web: <http://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/UNCAC/Publications/Convention/08-50026_E.pdf>).

Misappropriation, at minimum, is the unlawful use of money or property entrusted to one's care without permission to one's own use. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. United Nations Convention Against Corruption. Vienna, Austria, 2004. Web: http://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/UNCAC/Publications/Convention/08-50026_E.pdf).

| SECTION 07 | ACTS INVOLVING FRAUD, DECEPTION OR CORRUPTION | |
|--|---|---|
| 07035 Illicit enrichment | + | Inclusions: Illicit enrichment |
| Procuring a significant increase in the assets of a public or private official which cannot be reasonably explained in relation to their lawful income. ¹⁰² | - | Exclusions: Fraud (0701); apply all exclusions listed in 0703 |
| 07039 Other acts of corruption | + | Inclusions: Conflict of interest; dishonest appropriation |
| Acts of corruption not described or classified in categories 07031 - 07035. - Corruption as defined in 0703. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0703 |
| 0704 Acts involving the proceeds of crime | + | Inclusions: Possession of stolen goods or money; apply all inclusions listed in 07041 - 07049 |
| Receiving, handling or processing money or property derived from or obtained, directly or indirectly, through the commission of an offence. | - | Exclusions: The committed offence that obtained the property or money is not coded to this level. |
| 07041 Money laundering | + | Inclusions: The conversion or transfer of property; illicit concealment or disguise of property related information; the illicit acquisition, possession or use of laundered property; "self-laundering"; concealment or continued retention of the proceeds of crime. |
| Conversion or transfer of property, knowing that such property is the proceeds of crime, for the purpose of concealing or disguising the illicit origin of such property or of helping any person who is involved in the commission of the predicate offence to evade the legal consequences of his or her actions, as well as the concealment or disguise of the true nature, source, location, disposition, movement or ownership of rights with respect to the property. ¹⁰⁴ | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0704 |
| 07042 Illicit trafficking in cultural property | + | Inclusions: Illicit trafficking in cultural property; cultural and artistic property offences not amounting to theft or property damage |
| Unlawful sale, distribution, delivery, brokerage, transport, import, export or possession of cultural property. ¹⁰⁵ | - | Exclusions: The unlawful taking of cultural property (0502); import/export offences (08042); customs offences (08041); apply all exclusions listed in 0704 |

¹⁰⁴ United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocols Thereto, Art.6. New York, NY., 2004. Web:<<https://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/UNTOC/Publications/TTOCebook-e.pdfs>>.

¹⁰⁵ Cultural property, at minimum, is property which, on religious or secular grounds, is specifically designated by a State Party as being subject to export control by reason of its importance for archaeology, prehistory, history, literature, art or science. (UNESCO, Article 1 of the 1970 UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property. Web:<<http://www.unesco.org/new/en/culture/themes/illicit-traffic-of-cultural-property/1970-convention>>).

| SECTION 07 | | ACTS INVOLVING FRAUD, DECEPTION OR CORRUPTION |
|--------------|--|--|
| 07049 | Other acts involving the proceeds of crime | <p>+ Inclusions: Possession of stolen goods or money; receiving, handling, disposing of, selling or trafficking stolen goods, using stolen parts for producing other goods (car re-birthing), concealment of stolen goods</p> <p>- Exclusions: The unlawful taking of property (0502); apply all exclusions listed in 0704</p> |
| 0709 | Other acts involving fraud, deception or corruption | <p>+ Inclusions: Adoption fraud (020291); deception to procure sex (030112); social welfare and tax fraud (08041); fraudulent insolvency (08042); customs fraud (08044); immigration fraud (0805); electoral fraud (08079); apply all exclusions listed in 0701-0704.</p> <p>-</p> |

| SECTION 08 | | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | |
|--------------|--|--|---|
| 0801 | Acts against public order behavioural standards | + Inclusions: Begging; litter offences; organizing an unlawful assembly; hooliganism; apply all inclusions listed in 08011 - 08019 | - Exclusions: Public order sexual standards (0802) |
| 08011 | Violent public disorder offences | + Inclusions: Riot; violent disorder; affray; public fight; hooliganism; violent behaviour at sporting events | - Exclusions: An act that is not against public order behavioural standards but uses force to cause injury or harm or the threat to cause injury or harm (0201); apply all exclusions listed in 0801 |
| 08012 | Acts related to social and religious public order norms and standards | + Inclusions: Public drunkenness; disorderly conduct; causing public nuisance; offensive language or behaviour; vagrancy; begging; litter offences; public mischief; disturbing religious assemblies; loitering; noise complaints | - Exclusions: Operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or psychoactive substances (02072); expression of controlled social beliefs and norms (08032); polluting the natural environment through noise or vibrations (1001); serving alcohol to minors (11021); apply all exclusions listed in 0801 |
| 08019 | Other acts against public order behaviour standards | + Inclusions: Organizing an unlawful assembly, joining an unlawful assembly, hiring a person to join an unlawful assembly, owning or occupying the property where the unlawful assembly is held | - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0801 |
| 0802 | Acts against public order sexual standards | + Inclusions: Pornography and prostitution offences; unlawful forms of sexual intercourse; apply all inclusions listed in 08021 - 08029 | - Exclusions: All injurious acts of a sexual nature (03); female genital mutilation (02011); TIP for sexual exploitation (02041) |

¹⁰⁶ Public order behavioural standards, at minimum, include behavioural standards to uphold public decency and civility.

¹⁰⁷ Social and religious public order norms and standards, at minimum, include standards to prevent personal conduct that is offensive or causes disruption, fear or injury to members of the public.

¹⁰⁸ Public order sexual standards, at minimum, include sexual standards to prevent sexual behaviour that is likely to be offensive to members of the public or that otherwise involves a prohibited form of intercourse.

| SECTION 08 | | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| 0802.1 | Prostitution offences | + Acts contrary to accepted public order sexual standards on prostitution. - Public order sexual standards as defined in footnote 108. - Prostitution as defined in footnote 82. | Inclusions: Offering sexual services for financial or other benefit; procuring sexual services; sex tourism not amounting to child sex tourism Exclusions: Exploiting a person into prostitution or exploitation of prostitutes (0302); child prostitution (030222); apply all exclusions listed in 0802 |
| 0802.2 | Pornography offences | + Acts contrary to accepted public order sexual standards on pornography: ¹⁰⁹ - Public order sexual standards as defined in footnote 108. | Inclusions: Procuring, arranging, facilitating or controlling a person for illicit pornography; production, creation, distribution, dissemination, broadcast, transmission, sale or possession of illicit pornography; obscene material Exclusions: Child pornography (030221); recruiting or enticing a person into prostitution, or exploitation of prostitutes (0302); apply all exclusions listed in 0802 |
| 0802.9 | Other acts against public order sexual standards | + Acts contrary to accepted public order sexual standards not described or classified in categories 08021 - 08022. - Public order sexual standards as defined in footnote 108. | Inclusions: Public indecency; performing a sexual act in public; exhibitionism; unlawful forms of sexual intercourse; incest or familial sexual offences not amounting to rape or sexual assault; unlawful consensual sexual acts between persons of the same sex; bestiality; necrophilia; bigamy; polygamy; adultery; sodomy not amounting to injurious acts of a sexual nature; sexually indecent writing, pictures or objects Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0802 |
| 0803 | Acts related to freedom of expression or control of expression | - Acts aimed at restricting the freedom of expression or violating restrictions on expression. ¹¹⁰ | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 08031 - 08039 |
| 0803.1 | Acts against freedom of expression | + Acts aimed at restricting freedom of expression. - Freedom of expression as defined in footnote 110. | Inclusions: Unlawful censorship; unlawful restrictions on freedom of speech; unlawful restrictions on freedom of art Exclusions: Restricting one's speech through force, threat, intimidation, threat to reveal compromising information, or the threat of defamation (0205) |

¹⁰⁹ Pornography, at minimum, is a visual representation or depiction of an adult engaged in a sexually explicit conduct or realistic images of a non-existent adult involved in sexually explicit conduct.

¹¹⁰ Freedom of expression, at minimum, includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers. (United Nations. Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Web: <

| SECTION 08 | | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| 08032 | Acts related to expressions of controlled social beliefs and norms | + Publication, expression, production, possession, distribution or display of prohibited or controlled views or material. | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 080321 - 080329 Exclusions: Production, possession, distribution or display of child pornography (030221); pornography offences (08022) |
| 080321 | Violations of norms on religious beliefs/views | + Publication, expression, production, possession, distribution or display of prohibited or controlled views or material violating norms on religious beliefs/views. | Inclusions: Blasphemy, apostasy, proselytism Exclusions: Discrimination (0210); defamation or insult due to the victim's ascribed beliefs or values (02092); apply all exclusions listed in 08032 |
| 080322 | Violations of norms on intolerance and incitement to hatred | + Unlawful expressions of intolerance and incitement to hatred. | Inclusions: Promotion of ethnic, racial or religious hatred; incitement to racial hatred; hate speech; glorification of violence; hate mail Exclusions: Unlawful expressions of intolerance and incitement to hatred by a person which harm another person's reputation, respect, confidence in which a person is held, or induce hostile or disagreeable opinions or feelings (0209); discrimination (0210); apply all exclusions listed in 08032 |
| 080329 | Other acts related to expressions of controlled social beliefs and norms | + Acts contrary to controls of expression not described or classified in categories 080321 - 080322. - Freedom of expression as defined in footnote 110. | Inclusions: Propagation, promotion or dissemination of controlled political views or material Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 08032 |
| 08039 | Other acts related to freedom of expression or control of expression | + Acts related to freedom of expression or control of expression not described or classified in categories 080321 - 080322. - Freedom of expression as defined in footnote 110. | |
| 0804 | Acts contrary to public revenue or regulatory provisions | + Acts against public revenue provisions and acts involving behaviour that is regulated or prohibited on moral or ethical grounds. | Inclusions: Tax evasion; corporate offences; illegal gambling; apply all inclusions listed in 08041 - 08049 Exclusions: Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm from a person's negligent, reckless or careless behaviour (0206); bodily harm or potential for bodily harm caused by a person's dangerous behaviour (0207); acts involving fraud, deception or corruption (07); illicit trafficking in cultural property (07042) |

| SECTION 08 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 08041 Acts against public revenue provisions Acts against customs, taxation and other public revenue provisions. | + | Inclusions: Tariff, taxation, duty and revenue offences | |
| | - | Exclusions: Social welfare and tax fraud and other acts involving fraud, deception or corruption (07); smuggling of migrants (0805); apply all exclusions listed in 0804 | |
| 08042 Acts against commercial or financial regulations Acts against commercial, industrial or financial regulations. | + | Inclusions: Corporate or company offences including competition and insolvency offences; fraudulent insolvency; trade, trade descriptions or import/export offences; acts against trade regulations, restrictions or embargoes; investment or stock/shares offences (not amounting to fraud); usury | |
| | - | Exclusions: Intellectual property offences (0503); acts involving fraud, deception or corruption (07); acts against health and safety (0902); acts against the natural environment (10); apply all exclusions listed in 0804 | |
| 08043 Acts against regulations on betting Acts against regulations, restrictions or prohibitions on betting and gambling. | + | Inclusions: Betting and gambling offences | |
| | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0804 | |
| 08044 Smuggling of goods Acts consisting of customs fraud and the movement of goods across a customs frontier in any clandestine manner. ¹¹¹ | + | Inclusions: Smuggling of goods, illegal traffic in contraband | |
| | - | Exclusions: Import/export offences (08042); counterfeiting goods and products (07022); apply all exclusions listed in 0804 | |

¹¹¹ **Smuggling of goods** means acts consisting of customs fraud and the movement of goods across a customs frontier in any clandestine manner. (World Customs Organization. International Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance for the Prevention, Investigation and Repression of Customs Offences (Nairobi Convention 1977), Article 1(d). Web: <<http://www.wcoomd.org/en/about-us/legal-instruments/~media/574B25F13D9C4D4BA44AB4CD50A967C5.ashx>>).

| SECTION 08 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | |
|--------------|--|--|
| 08045 | Market manipulation or insider trading | <p>Inclusions: Trading financial products based on inside information (insider dealing), improper disclosure of market-relevant information, misuse of market-relevant information, manipulating market transactions, price fixing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Market manipulation as defined in footnote 112. -Insider trading as defined in footnote 112. |
| | | <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0804</p> |
| 08049 | Other acts against public administration or regulatory provisions | <p>Inclusions: Misuse of cultural heritage; damage or destruction of cultural monuments; other acts against public administration</p> |
| | | <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0804</p> |
| 08050 | Acts related to migration | <p>Inclusions: Smuggling of migrants; unlawful entry into a State; unlawfully employing or housing a foreign citizen; immigration fraud; apply all inclusions listed in 08051 - 08059</p> |
| | | <p>Exclusions: TIP (0204); illegal adoption (020291); creating, manufacturing, selling, passing or possessing a forged or counterfeit visa, passport, or other documents required to enter a State (07023)</p> |
| 08051 | Smuggling of migrants offences | <p>Inclusions: Smuggling of migrants offences; harbouring smuggled migrants</p> |
| | | <p>Procurement in order to obtain, directly or indirectly, a financial or other material benefit from the illegal entry of a person into a State Party of which the person is not a national or a permanent resident.^{114, 115}</p> |
| | | <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0805</p> |

¹² **Market manipulation** is defined as entering into a transaction, placing an order to trade or any other behaviour which gives a false or misleading signal as to the supply of, demand for, or price of, a financial instrument or a related spot commodity contract; or secures the price of one or several financial instruments or a related spot commodity contract at an abnormal or artificial level.

Insider trading is defined as possessing inside information and using that information by acquiring or disposing of, for its own account or for the account of a third party, directly or indirectly, financial instruments to which that information relates. (European Union. *Directive European Parliament and of the Council on Criminal Sanctions for Market Abuse (Market Abuse Directive)*).

¹³ Strasbourg, 16 April, 2014. Web: <<http://register.consilium.europa.eu/doc/srv?I=EN&f=PE%208%202014%20REV%2014>>.

¹³³ United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. *Protocol Against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air, Supplementing the United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime*. <http://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/Smuggling/Protocol%20Against%20the%20Smuggling%20of%20Migrants%20by%20Land,%20Sea%20and%20Air,%20Supplementing%20the%20United%20Nations%20Convention%20Against%20Transnational%20Organized%20Crime%20-%20Protocol%20-%20Final%20version.pdf>.

¹¹⁵ **Illegal entry** is crossing borders without complying with the necessary requirements for legal entry into the receiving State. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. Protocol Against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Precursors of Narcotic Drugs, 2000. Web. <http://www.unodc.org/ Documents/Conventions/dcatoc/final_documents/2/convention.smug_eng.pdf>.

¹⁰ See United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime, 2000, Web:

| SECTION 08 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE |
|---|---|
| 08059 Other unlawful acts related to migration | <p>Unlawful acts related to migration not described or classified in 08051. - Migration as defined in footnote 113.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+ -</p> <p>Inclusions: Unlawful entry/illegal border crossing; using a forged document to enter a State; unlawfully employing or housing a foreign citizen; organizing or facilitating the unlawful stay of a foreign citizen</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0805</p> |
| 0806 Acts against the justice system | <p>Acts contrary to the operation of the law enforcement or justice system.¹¹⁶</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+ -</p> <p>Inclusions: Resisting arrest; breach of bail conditions; perverting the course of justice; perjury; escape from custody; breach of court order; failure to comply with jury summons; contempt of court; insulting the court; prison regulation offence; feigning commission of a crime/fabricating evidence; apply all inclusions listed in 08061 - 08069</p> <p>Exclusions: Acts leading to death (01); acts amounting to assault or threats (0201)</p> |
| 08061 Obstruction of justice | <p>Acts intended to obstruct, subvert, mislead or impede justice procedures.¹¹⁷</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+ -</p> <p>Inclusions: Perverting the course of justice; failure to appear before court or comply with jury summons; giving false testimony/perjury; destroying, damaging, fabricating or tampering with evidence; preventing, threatening or deceiving a witness, threatening or intimidating a justice or law enforcement official; feigning commission of a crime; failure to report a crime; giving false information; aiding and abetting; attempting to influence a fair trial</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0806</p> |
| 08062 Breach of justice order | <p>Acts intended to obstruct, subvert or impede the effective execution of justice orders.¹¹⁸ - Justice system as defined in footnote 116</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+ -</p> <p>Inclusions: Resisting arrest; breach of bail conditions; escape from custody; escape from house arrest; breach of court order; breach of parole; breach of probation; breach of domestic violence or other restraining order; violation of court-imposed sanctions; unlawful return from banishment or exile; contempt of court; post-incarceration supervision offences</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0806</p> |

¹¹⁶ **Justice system** is the system of law enforcement that is directly involved in apprehending, prosecuting, defending, sentencing and punishing those who are suspected or convicted of criminal offences.

¹¹⁷ **Justice procedures**, at minimum, are procedures to facilitate the justice system.

¹¹⁸ **Justice orders**, at minimum, are orders stipulated by the justice system.

| SECTION 08 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 08063 Criminal intent Behaving in a manner that indicates an intention by a person to commit a criminal offence through associating with criminal offenders or possessing tools or other material. | + Inclusions: Criminal intent; unlawfully possessing instruments used for crime; unlawfully possessing articles of disguise | - Exclusions: Participating in the activities of an organized criminal group (0905); apply all exclusions listed in 0806 | |
| 08064 Conspiracy Conspire, consort or plan with other persons to commit a criminal offence. | + Inclusions: Conspiracy/planning to commit a criminal offence; preparation | - Exclusions: Conspiracy to murder (0101); conspiracy to procure an illegal abortion (0105); conspiracy against the State (0904); conspiracy to commit a particular crime is also recorded with the conspiracy tag; apply all exclusions listed in 0806 | |
| 08069 Other acts against the justice system Acts contrary to the operation of the law enforcement or justice system not described or classified in categories 08061 - 08064. | + Inclusions: Insulting the court; insulting a law enforcement officer; prison regulation offence; criminal solicitation | - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0806 | |
| 0807 Acts related to democratic elections Acts related to democratic elections. ¹¹⁹ | + Inclusions: Vote buying; electoral fraud; campaign finance laws; apply all inclusions listed in 08071 - 08079 | - Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 08061 - 08064 | |
| 08071 Acts intended to unduly influence voters at elections Acts intended to unduly influence voters during an election through monetary or other benefits or through threats. | + Inclusions: Vote buying; vote coercion | - Exclusions: Demanding a particular course of action not related to democratic elections by intimidation, threat of physical harm or violence (0205); behaviour; a contact or statement communicated by a person with the intention to cause harm to another person (08071); obtaining money or other benefit or evading a liability through deceit or dishonest conduct not related to democratic elections (0701) | |

¹¹⁹ Democratic election is a formal decision-making process in which a population chooses an individual to hold a public office.

| SECTION 08 | | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC ORDER, AUTHORITY AND PROVISIONS OF THE STATE | |
|--------------|--|--|---|
| 08079 | Other acts related to democratic elections | + | Inclusions: Electoral fraud; violating campaign finance laws; unlawful manipulation of the democratic process during elections |
| | Acts related to democratic elections not described or classified in 08071. - Democratic elections as defined in footnote 119. | - | Exclusions: Obtaining money or other benefit or evading a liability through deceit or dishonest conduct not related to democratic elections (0701) |
| 0808 | Acts contrary to labour law | + | Inclusions: Employment/labour law offences; offences under industrial law; minimum wage offences; child labour; wrongful transfer from work and wrongful dismissal; apply all inclusions listed in 08081 - 08082 |
| | Criminal acts contrary to labour law. ¹²⁰ | - | Exclusions: Unlawfully employing a foreign citizen (0805); negligence (0206); professional malpractice (02062); acts endangering health and safety (0902); wage or employment discrimination (02010); forced labour (02032); TIP for forced labour (02042) |
| 08081 | Collective labour law violations | + | Inclusions: Acts against collective bargaining; union offences |
| | Criminal acts contrary to collective labour law. ¹²¹ | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0808 |
| 08082 | Individual labour law violations | + | Inclusions: Wage and contract offences; wrongful transfer from work and wrongfud dismissal |
| | Criminal acts contrary to individual labour law. ¹²² | - | Exclusions: Harassment in the workplace (02071); sexual harassment (030122); apply all exclusions listed in 0808 |
| 0809 | Other acts against public order, the authority and provisions of the State | + | Inclusions: Criminal provisions relating to family law, including unlawfully giving, receiving or soliciting a dowry (excluding violent family offences and child neglect or abandonment offences); insult of the sovereign, the State, nation or state symbols; not declaring a birth to the authorities; not declaring a child one has found to the authorities; substitution of a child for another child |
| | Acts against public order, authority and provisions of the State not described or classified in categories 0801 - 0808. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0801 - 0808 |

¹²⁰ Labour law is a set of regulations enacted to protect workers and safe working environments or aspects of employer and employee relationships.

¹²¹ Collective labour law consists of rules on collective bargaining and on collective organizations and their relations with each other and towards the employer and employee (European Union. European Foundation for the Improvement of Living and Working Conditions. Web: <<http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/emeirc/SWEDEN/ANCHOR-KOLLEKTIVARBEITSR-Auml-TT-SE.htm>>).

¹²² Individual labour law consists of the entire body of regulations relating to the individual employment relationship between the employer and the employee (European Union. European Foundation for the Improvement of Living and Working Conditions. Individual labour law. Web: <<http://www.eurofound.europa.eu/emeirc/BELGIUM/INDIVIDUALLABOURLAW-BE.htm>>).

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY |
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| 0901 Acts involving weapons, explosives and other destructive materials Possession, use, manufacture, import/export, acquisition, sale, delivery, movement or transfer of firearms, their parts and components and ammunition, other weapons or explosives. ¹²³ | <p>+ Inclusions: Arms trafficking; unlawful use or possession of a weapon; apply all exclusions listed in 09011 - 09019</p> <p>- Exclusions: The use of weapons, explosives or other destructive materials to commit an offence is coded to the particular offence; use of weapons to commit an offence can be identified with the weapons event disaggregation</p> |
| 0901.1 Possession or use of weapons and explosives Unlawful possession or use of regulated or prohibited firearms, their parts and components, ammunition, other weapons or explosives. | <p>+ Inclusions: Possessing prohibited or unregistered firearms, their parts and components or ammunition, other weapons such as gas or explosives or chemical, biological or radioactive materials; unlawfully obtaining or using weapons or explosives without a permit; illegal discharge of weapons; apply all exclusions listed in 090111 - 090119</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09011</p> |
| 0901.11 Unlawful possession or use of firearms Unlawful possession or use of regulated or prohibited firearms, their parts and components or ammunition. | <p>+ Inclusions: Carrying or possessing a handgun without a licence; illegal discharge of weapons</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09011</p> |
| 0901.12 Unlawful possession or use of other weapons or explosives Unlawful possession or use of regulated or prohibited weapons or explosives. | <p>+ Inclusions: Possessing prohibited or unregistered weapons not amounting to a firearm; obtaining or using explosives without a permit</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09011</p> |
| 0901.13 Unlawful possession or use of chemical, biological or radioactive materials Unlawful possession or use of prohibited or regulated chemical, biological, radioactive or nuclear materials. ¹²⁴ | <p>+ Inclusions: Obtaining or possessing prohibited or unregistered materials</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09011</p> |

¹²³ United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. *Protocol against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, Their Parts and Components and Ammunition*, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime. New York, NY., 2001. Web: <<http://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/Special/2001ProtocolagainsttheIllicitManufacturingofandTraffickinginFirearms.pdf>>.

¹²⁴ Unlawful possession includes related acts criminalized in the universal legal instruments against terrorism.

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY | |
|---|--|---|
| 090119 Other acts related to possession or use of weapons and explosives | + Acts related to possession or use of weapons and explosives not described or classified in categories 090111 - 090113. | Inclusions: Falsifying, obliterating, removing or altering markings on a firearm; firework offences; unlawful storage of firearms or explosives; possession of items to endanger life Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09011 |
| 09012 Trafficking of weapons and explosives | + Trafficking of weapons and/or explosives. ¹²⁵ | Inclusions: Manufacturing and trafficking of firearms, parts, components and ammunition, regulated or prohibited weapons or explosives, chemical, biological or radioactive materials; selling without a dealer's licence or to an unlicensed person; unlicensed importing/exporting; apply all inclusions listed in 090121 - 090129 Exclusions: Import/export offences (08042); customs offences (08041); apply all exclusions listed in 0901 |
| 090121 Trafficking of firearms | + Trafficking of firearms, their parts and components, and ammunition. - Trafficking as defined in footnote 125. | Inclusions: Manufacturing and trafficking of firearms, parts, components and ammunition; trafficking in firearms Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09012 |
| 090122 Trafficking of other weapons or explosives | + Trafficking of regulated or prohibited weapons or explosives. - Trafficking as defined in footnote 125. | Inclusions: Manufacture, production or trafficking of prohibited weapons or explosives Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09012 |
| 090123 Trafficking of chemical, biological or radioactive materials | + Trafficking of regulated or prohibited chemical, biological, radioactive or nuclear materials. - Trafficking as defined in footnote 125. | Inclusions: Manufacture, production or trafficking of chemical, biological or radioactive materials Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09012 |
| 090129 Other acts related to trafficking of weapons and explosives | + Trafficking of weapons and explosives not described or classified in categories 090121 - 090123. - Trafficking as defined in footnote 125. | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09012 |

¹²⁵ **Trafficking**, at minimum, is the unlawful manufacture, import or export, acquisition, sale, delivery, production, movement or transfer of the concerning property.

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY |
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| 09019 Other acts relating to weapons and explosives | <p>Acts relating to weapons and explosives not described or classified in categories 09011 - 09012.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Inclusions: Illegal collective teaching of weapons use</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0901</p> |
| 0902 Acts against health and safety | <p>Acts with potential to cause harm to human health and safety.¹²⁶ - Health as defined in footnote 73.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Inclusions: Health and safety at work offences; public transport safety offences; public health offences; manufacturing products that present a risk to health and safety; communicating infectious disease; quarantine offences; pharmaceutical offences;¹²⁷ sanitation offences not amounting to the adulteration of food or selling noxious food or drink; apply all inclusions listed in 09021 - 09029</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Exclusions: Endangered health and/or the potential for bodily harm inflicted upon a person by another person's dangerous acts (02071); negligent acts (0206); professional malpractice (02062); potential to cause harm to human health involving the use or handling of controlled psychoactive substances (06); counterfeiting medicines and prescription drugs (07022)</p> |
| 09021 Acts against health and safety at work | <p>Acts with potential to cause harm to human health and safety in the work place. - Health as defined in footnote 73. - Safety as defined in footnote 126.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Inclusions: Health and safety at work offences; public transport safety offences; pharmaceutical offences</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Exclusions: Adulteration of food, selling noxious food or drink, and other acts that endanger health (02071); counterfeiting medicines and prescription drugs (07022); apply all exclusions listed in 0902</p> |
| 09029 Other acts against health and safety | <p>Acts with potential to cause harm to human health and safety not in the work place. - Health as defined in footnote 73. - Safety as defined in footnote 126.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0902</p> |

¹²⁶ Safety, at minimum, is the condition of being protected from harm or injury.

¹²⁷ Pharmaceutical offences include the failing to store, transport and distribute medical products in accordance with regulatory requirements; supplying/selling pharmaceutical products to people who have no right to possess the product; supplying/selling pharmaceutical products to unlicensed dealers; manufacturing, importing, exporting and selling pharmaceutical products that do not meet country's labelling and composition standards; manufacturing, importing, exporting and selling pharmaceutical products without a licence.

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY | |
|--|--|--|
| 0903 Acts against computer systems | | |
| Unauthorized access to, interception of, interference with, or misuse of computer data or computer systems. ¹²⁸ | + Inclusions: Possession, distribution or creation of child pornography with a computer system (030221); computer software theft or piracy (0503); possession, distribution or creation of pornography with a computer system (08022); fraud and theft with a computer system (0701) or (0502) | Exclusions: Unlawful access to private computer files that amounts to intrusions upon one's privacy (02011); apply all exclusions listed in 0903 |
| 0903.1 Unlawful access to a computer system | + Inclusions: Access to a computer system without right; hacking | Exclusions: Damaging, deletion, alteration, suppression of computer data; hindering the functioning of a computer system; denial of service attack, deleting computer system files without authorization; computer system damage; apply all exclusions in 090321 - 090322 |
| 0903.2 Unlawful interference with a computer system or computer data | + Unlawful acts hindering the functioning of a computer system, as well as acts involving damage, deletion, deterioration, alteration or suppression of computer data without authorization or justification. ¹³⁰ - Computer systems as defined in footnote 128. - Computer data as defined in footnote 128. | - Inclusions: Damaging property that is not computer data (0504); apply all exclusions listed in 0903 |
| 0903.21 Unlawful interference with a computer system | + Unlawful acts hindering the functioning of a computer system. - Computer systems as defined in footnote 128. | - Inclusions: Hindering the functioning of a computer system; denial of service attack; computer system damage Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 09032 |

¹²⁸ Computer data, at minimum, means any representation of facts, information, concepts, in a machine-readable form suitable for processing by a computer/information system. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. Comprehensive Study on Cybercrime. 2013. Web. <http://www.unodc.org/documents/organized-crime/UNODC_CCPCL_EG.4_2013/CYBERCRIME_STUDY_210213.pdf>).

Computer/information system, at minimum, is a device or interconnected devices which pursuant to a computer/information program perform(s) automatic processing of computer data/information/logical/arithmetic/storage functions including computer data/information stored/ processed / retrieved/transmitted by the computer/information system including any communication facility or equipment and the internet. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. Comprehensive Study on Cybercrime. 2013. Web. <http://www.unodc.org/documents/organized-crime/UNODC_CCPCL_EG.4_2013/CYBERCRIME_STUDY_210213.pdf>).

Computer/information program, at minimum, means instructions in machine readable form that enables a computer/information system to process computer data/information/perform a function/operation and can be executed by a computer/information system. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. Comprehensive Study on Cybercrime. 2013. Web. <http://www.unodc.org/documents/organized-crime/UNODC_CCPCL_EG.4_2013/CYBERCRIME_STUDY_210213.pdf>).

¹²⁹ Access, at minimum, means to make use of; to gain entry to; to view, display, instruct, or communicate with; to store data in or retrieve data from; to copy, move, add, change, or remove data; or otherwise make use of, configure, or reconfigure any resources of a computer system, or their accessories. (International Telecommunication Union. ITU Toolkit for Cybercrime Legislation. Geneva, Switzerland. 2010. Web. <<http://www.cyberdialogue.ca/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/ITU-Toolkit-for-Cybercrime-Legislation.pdf>>).

¹³⁰ United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. Comprehensive Study on Cybercrime. 2013. Web. <http://www.unodc.org/documents/organized-crime/UNODC_CCPCL_EG.4_2013/CYBERCRIME_STUDY_210213.pdf>

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY |
|--|--|
| 0903 22 Unlawful interference with computer data | <p>Acts involving damage, deletion, deterioration, alteration or suppression of computer data without authorization or justification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Computer data as defined in footnote 128. |
| 0903 3 Unlawful interception or access of computer data | <p>Unlawful acts involving gaining access to computer data without authorization or justification, including obtaining data during a transmission process that is not intended to be public, as well as obtaining computer data (such as by copying data) without authorization.¹³⁰</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Access as defined in footnote 129. - Computer data as defined in footnote 128. |
| 0903 9 Other acts against computer systems | <p>Acts against computer systems not described or classified in categories 09031 – 09033.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Computer systems as defined in footnote 128. |
| 0904 Acts against state security | <p>Acts directed against the integrity of the State.¹³¹</p> |

¹³¹ Integrity, at minimum, is the application of values, principles and norms in the daily operations of the State and its public sector organizations. (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Public Sector Integrity Reviews. Web: <<http://www.oecd.org/gov/ethics/publicsectorintegrityreviews.htm>>.)

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY | |
|--|---|---|
| 0905 Acts related to an organized criminal group | | |
| Participating in the activities of an organized criminal group. ¹³² | + | <p>Inclusions: Participation in an organized criminal group; apply all inclusions listed in 09051 - 09059</p> <p>Exclusions: A committed offence through the participation of organized criminal group is classified to the particular offence; crimes committed by organized criminal groups can be identified with the organization context disaggregation</p> |
| 09051 Participation in an organized criminal group | | |
| Participating in the activities of an organized criminal group. -Organized criminal group as defined in footnote 132. | + | <p>Inclusions: Participation in an organized criminal group</p> <p>Exclusions: A committed offence through the participation of an organized criminal group is classified to the particular offence; the link to an organized criminal group is identified by making use of the ‘situational context’ disaggregation; apply all exclusions in 0905</p> |
| 09059 Other acts related to an organized criminal group | | |
| Acts related to an organized criminal group not described or classified in category 09051. | + | <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0905</p> |
| 0906 Terrorism | | |
| Participating in the activities of a terrorist group or other individual or group acts related to terrorist offences. ¹³³ -Terrorist offence as defined in footnote 133. | + | <p>Inclusions: Participation or membership in a terrorist group; recruitment or training for terrorism; financing terrorism; incitement to terrorism; apply all inclusions listed in 09061 - 09069</p> <p>Exclusions: Death as a result of terrorist activities (0101); A committed terrorist offence is classified to the particular offence; the link to terrorism or a terrorist group can be identified with the situational context disaggregation</p> |

¹³² **Organized criminal group** is a structured group of three or more persons, existing for a period of time and acting in concert with the aim of committing one or more serious crimes or offences in order to obtain, directly or indirectly, a financial or other material benefit. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocols Thereto. New York, NY.: 2004. Web: <<https://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/UNTOC/Publications/TOCConvention/TOCbook-e.pdf>>).

Structured group is a group that is not randomly formed for the immediate commission of an offence and that does not need to have formally defined roles for its members, continuity of its membership or a developed structure. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. United Nations Convention Against Transnational Organized Crime and the Protocols Thereto. New York, NY.: , 2004. Web: <https://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/UNTOC/Publications/TOCConvention/TOCbook-e.pdf>).

¹³³ **A terrorist offence** means any act established in accordance with the universal legal instruments against terrorism, or otherwise intended to cause death or serious bodily injury to a civilian, or to any other person not taking an active part in the hostilities of a situation of armed conflict, when the purpose of such act, by its nature or context, is to intimidate a population, or to compel a government or an international organization to do or abstain from doing any act. (United Nations General Assembly. International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism. 1999. E/RES/54/109, Article 2(1b)).

| SECTION 09 | ACTS AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY AND STATE SECURITY | |
|--|---|---|
| 09061 Participation in a terrorist group Participating in the activities of a group for the purpose of committing one or more terrorist offences. Terrorist offence as defined in footnote 133. | + | Inclusions: Participation in or membership of a terrorist group Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0906 |
| 09062 Financing of terrorism Financing of terrorist acts, individual terrorists or terrorist organizations: ¹³⁴ -Financing as defined in footnote 134. | + | Inclusions: Financing terrorism; financing terrorist groups Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0906 |
| 09069 Other acts related to the activities of a terrorist group Acts related to the activities of a terrorist group not described or classified in categories 09061- 09062. Terrorist offence as defined in footnote 133. | + | Inclusions: Recruitment or training for terrorism; incitement to terrorism Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0906 |
| 0907 Non-injurious traffic violations Criminal acts under the traffic code and traffic regulations by a person that do not result in injury or death. | + | Inclusions: Road vehicle licensing, driving, registration, or road worthiness offences; speeding; violation of safety regulations, vehicle registration regulations, driving licence regulations Exclusions: Bodily harm or potential for bodily harm inflicted upon a person due to another person's negligent, reckless or careless behaviour while in control of a vehicle (02063); operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances (02072); hit and run causing property damage (0504); hit and run causing bodily injury (02063) |
| 0908 Other acts against public safety and state security Acts with the potential to endanger public safety and state security not described or classified in categories 0901 - 0907. | + | Inclusions: Forming a militia; hiring a mercenary; hiding a dead body Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 0901 - 0907 |

¹³⁴ **Financing** means providing or collecting funds with the intention that they should be used or in the knowledge that they are to be used, in full or in part, in order to carry out terrorist (United Nations General Assembly, International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism, 1999, E/RES/54/109, Article 2(1b)).

| SECTION 10 | | ACTS AGAINST THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT | |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 1001 | Acts that cause environmental pollution or degradation | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Air, water, soil pollution; apply all inclusions listed in 10011 - 10019</p> <p>Exclusions: Pollution or degradation through the illegal movement or dumping of waste (1002); litter offences (0801); wilful destruction, damage, or defacement inflicted upon public or private property (0504)</p> | |
| 10011 | Acts that cause the pollution or degradation of air | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Air pollution</p> <p>Acts that result in air pollution or degradation.¹³⁶</p> <p>Exclusions: Air pollution caused by illegal mining, illegal logging or other acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources (1004); apply all exclusions listed in 1001</p> | |
| 10012 | Acts that cause the pollution or degradation of water | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Water pollution</p> <p>Acts that result in water pollution or degradation.</p> <p>Exclusions: Water pollution caused by illegal mining, illegal logging or other acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources (1004); water pollution or degradation through the illegal movement or dumping of waste (1002); apply all exclusions listed in 1001</p> | |
| 10013 | Acts that cause the pollution or degradation of soil | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Soil pollution</p> <p>Acts that result in soil pollution or degradation.¹³⁷</p> <p>Exclusions: Soil pollution caused by illegal mining, illegal logging or other acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources (1004); soil pollution or degradation through illegal movement or dumping of waste (1002); apply all exclusions listed in 1001</p> | |
| 10019 | Other acts that cause environmental pollution or degradation | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Pollution through noise, vibrations, heat, light or radiation; dangerous, nuclear and chemical substance offences</p> <p>Acts that result in the pollution of the natural environment not described or classified in categories 10011 - 10013.</p> <p>- Natural environment as defined in footnote 135.</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1001</p> | |

¹³⁵ **Natural environment**, at minimum, is the environment that encompasses the interaction of all living species.

¹³⁶ **Air pollution** is the direct or indirect contamination of the indoor or outdoor environment by any chemical, physical or biological agent that modifies the natural characteristics of the atmosphere. (World Health Organization. Air Pollution. Web: <http://www.who.int/topics/air_pollution/en/index.html>).

¹³⁷ **Water pollution** is the direct or indirect introduction of substances or energy into a body of water, water utilities or marine environment (including estuaries), resulting in harm to living resources, hazards to human health, hindrances to marine activities including fishing, impairment of the quality of sea water and reduction of amenities. (Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. Marine Pollution. Web: <<http://stats.oecd.org/glossary/detail.asp?ID=1596>>).

¹³⁸ **Soil pollution**, at minimum, is the direct or indirect contamination of soil by any chemical, physical or biological agent that modifies the natural characteristics of the soil.

| SECTION 10 | ACTS AGAINST THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT |
|---|--|
| 1002 Acts involving the movement or dumping of waste Acts involving the illegal movement or dumping of waste. ¹³⁹ | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Illegal trafficking of waste; illegal movement of waste; illegal waste dumping; apply all inclusions listed in 10021 - 10022</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Litter offences (0801)</p> |
| 1002.1 Acts involving the movement or dumping of waste within national borders Acts involving the illegal movement or dumping of waste whose inception, prevention and/or direct or indirect effects involve only one country. - Movement and dumping as defined in footnote 139. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Illegal domestic waste dumping, illegal domestic movement or trafficking of waste</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1002</p> |
| 1002.2 Acts involving the movement or dumping of waste across national borders Acts involving the illegal movement or dumping of waste whose inception, prevention and/or direct or indirect effects involve more than one country. - Movement and dumping as defined in footnote 133. | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Cross-border trafficking in waste</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1002</p> |
| 1003 Trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora Unlawful trade or possession of specimens of protected or prohibited wild fauna or flora species. ¹⁴⁰ | <p style="text-align: center;">+</p> <p>Inclusions: Trafficking in wildlife, unlawful trade or possession of wildlife; apply all inclusions listed in 10031 - 10032</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-</p> <p>Exclusions: Theft of a pet (050221); offences against the treatment, raising or keeping of animals (10091); robbery of livestock (04014); theft of livestock (05025)</p> |

¹³⁹ **Movement or dumping**, at minimum, is the unlawful collection, transport, recovery, disposal or shipment of waste that causes or is likely to cause serious injury to any person or substantial damage to the quality of air, soil or water, or to fauna or flora.

¹⁴⁰ **Specimen** is any animal or plant, whether alive or dead, or any recognizable part or derivative thereof.

Protected species is a species of fauna or flora under protection due to its risk of becoming extinct because of its low population, over-hunting/fishing, environmental change, predation, or other reasons. (*Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora*. 1973. Web: <<http://www.cites.org/eng/disc/text.php>>).

Prohibited species is a species of fauna or flora that is prohibited by national law due to its invasive qualities to the environment, poses a danger to persons, or other potential to cause harm. (European Union. *Developing an EU Framework for Invasive Alien Species*. Web: <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/invasivealien/docs/ias_discussion_paper.pdf>).

| SECTION 10 | ACTS AGAINST THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| 10031 Trade or possession of protected species of wild fauna and flora | + | Inclusions: Ivory trafficking; apply all inclusions listed in 100311 - 100312 |
| Unlawful trade or possession of specimens of protected wild fauna or flora species. - Protected species as defined in footnote 140. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1003 |
| 100311 Trade or possession of protected species within national borders | + | Inclusions: Unlawful trade or possession of endangered species |
| Unlawful trade or possession of specimens of protected wild fauna or flora species involving only one country. - Protected species as defined in footnote 140. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 10031 |
| 100312 Trafficking of protected species across national borders | + | Inclusions: Cross-border trafficking in wildlife |
| Unlawful import, export, acquisition, sale, movement or transfer of protected wild fauna or flora species involving two or more countries. - Protected species as defined in footnote 140. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1003 |
| 10032 Trade or possession of prohibited or controlled species of animals | + | Inclusions: Possession of dangerous or controlled animals; breeding of dangerous animals; trade in prohibited species |
| Unlawful trade or possession of specimens of prohibited or controlled fauna or flora species. - Prohibited species as defined in footnote 140. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1003 |
| 10039 Other trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora | + | |
| Other acts of unlawful trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora not described or classified in categories 10031 - 10032. - Prohibited species as defined in footnote 140. | - | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1003 |

| SECTION 10 | ACTS AGAINST THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT | |
|--|--|--|
| 1004 Acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources | + Acts that result in the unlawful exploitation or depletion of natural resources, fauna or flora species, land, water or air. | Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 10041 - 10049 Exclusions: Acts that result in the pollution of the natural environment not amounting to depletion or degradation [1001] |
| 10041 Illegal logging | + Unlawful extraction, cutting, harvest, transportation, purchase or sale of timber. | Inclusions: Illegal logging; illegal slash and burn; illegal sand mining Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1004 |
| 10042 Illegal hunting, fishing or gathering of wild fauna and flora | + Unlawful hunting, fishing, collecting or otherwise taking of wild fauna or flora. | Inclusions: Illegal hunting, illegal fishing, poaching Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1004 |
| 10043 Illegal mining | + Unlawful extraction of ore or minerals from the ground. | Inclusions: Trafficking of precious minerals; illegal mining; mining in the absence of land rights or mining licences; mining in violation of environmental or safety standards Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1004 |
| 10049 Other acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources | + Acts depleting natural resources not described or classified in categories 10041 - 10043. | Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1004 |
| 1009 Other acts against the natural environment | + Unlawful acts with potential to cause harm to the natural environment which are not described or classified in categories 1001 - 1004. - Natural environment as defined in footnote 135. | Inclusions: Failure to protect the health and well-being of flora and fauna; apply all inclusions listed in 10091 - 10092 Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1001 - 1008 |

| SECTION 10 | ACTS AGAINST THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT |
|---|--|
| 10091 Acts against animals | <p>Unlawful treatment, raising or keeping of animals.</p> <p>Inclusions: Animal ownership or welfare offences (not amounting to wildlife trade offences); cruelty to pets; violations against hunting seasons; cruelty to animals; ill treatment of animals</p> <p>Exclusions: Stealing a pet (050221); theft of livestock (05025); robbery of livestock (04014)</p> |
| 10099 Other acts against the natural environment | <p>Other acts against the natural environment not described or classified in 10091.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Natural environment as defined in footnote 135. <p>Inclusions: Smuggling of ozone-depleting substances (ODS); unlawful use of ODS</p> <p>Exclusions: Unlawful treatment, raising or keeping of animals (10091); Apply all exclusions listed in 1001 - 1008</p> |

| SECTION 11 | OTHER CRIMINAL ACTS NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED |
|---|---|
| 1101 Acts under universal jurisdiction Acts that fall under universal human rights instruments and can be pursued by an international court of justice. | + Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 11011 - 11019 - |
| 11011 Torture Torture of a person. ¹⁴¹ | + Inclusions: Torture - Exclusions: Acts causing harm or intending to cause harm to the person not amounting to torture (02) |
| 11012 Piracy Piracy is any act of violence, detention or depredation committed for private ends by the crew or passengers of a private ship or a private aircraft, and directed on the high seas, against another ship or aircraft, or against persons or property on board such ship or aircraft; or against a ship, aircraft, persons or property in a place outside the jurisdiction of any State, including acts of participation in, incitement to, or facilitation of such acts. ¹⁴² | + Inclusions: Any act of voluntary participation in the operation of a ship or of an aircraft with the knowledge of facts making it a pirate ship or aircraft; any act of inciting or of intentionally facilitating an act of piracy; commandeering - Exclusions: Offences committed not on the high seas by the crew or passengers of a private ship or aircraft are coded to the particular offence; unlawful seizure of a vehicle together with its passenger through the use of force or threat of force by a person not on the high seas (020223) |
| 11013 War crimes Acts constituting serious violations of the laws and customs applicable in armed conflict as expressed in the Statute of the International Criminal Court (Rome Statute) and the Geneva Conventions (1949). | + Inclusions: War crimes under international humanitarian law, including the unlawful killing of civilians by parties to an armed conflict; rape associated with armed conflict, and other acts included in Article 8 of the Rome Statute, ¹⁴³ apply all inclusions listed in 110131 - 110139 - - |

¹⁴¹ Torture is any act by which severe pain or suffering, whether physical or mental, is intentionally inflicted on a person for such purposes as obtaining from them or a third person information or a confession, punishing them, intimidating them or coercing them, or for any reason based on discrimination of any kind when such pain or suffering is inflicted by or at the instigation of or with the consent or acquiescence of a public official or other persons acting in an official capacity. (United Nations. Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment. New York, NY, 1984. Web: <<http://www.un.org/millennium/law/iv-9.htm>>.)

¹⁴² United Nations. Convention on the Law of the Sea. New York, NY. Web: <http://www.un.org/depts/los/convention_agreements/texts/unclos/part7.htm>.

¹⁴³ War crimes, under the Rome Statute, include grave breaches of the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, other serious violations of the laws and customs applicable in international armed conflict, and in the case of non-international conflicts any serious violations of article 3 common to the four Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949 or other serious violations of laws and customs applicable in such circumstances within the established framework of international law.

| SECTION 11 | OTHER CRIMINAL ACTS NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED |
|--|---|
| 110131 Unlawfully killing, causing or intending to cause death or serious injury associated with armed conflict | <p>Inclusions: Wilful killing; wilfully causing great suffering or serious injury to body or health; unlawful killing of civilians by parties to an armed conflict; killing or wounding a combatant who has laid down arms and has surrendered; intentionally using starvation of civilians as a method of warfare; subjecting persons to physical mutilation or medical/scientific experiments that are not justified or in the person's interests; killing or wounding treacherously individuals belonging to the hostile nation or army; declaring that no quarter will be given</p> <p>Exclusions: Intentional homicide not amounting to war crime (0101); attempted intentional homicide not amounting to war crime (0102); non-intentional homicide not amounting to war crime (0103)</p> |
| 110132 Unlawful destruction or damage to property associated with armed conflict | <p>Inclusions: Intentionally causing damage that is excessive in relation to direct military advantage; long-term and severe damage or destruction of the natural environment; attacking or bombarding towns, villages, dwelling or buildings that are undefended and are not military objectives; intentionally attacking buildings dedicated to religion, education, art, science or charitable purposes, historic monuments, or hospitals, provided they are not military objectives; pillaging</p> <p>Exclusions: Property damage not amounting to war crime (0504)</p> |
| 110133 Sexual violence associated with armed conflict | <p>Inclusions: Committing rape, sexual slavery, enforced prostitution, forced pregnancy, enforced sterilization or any other form of sexual violence associated with armed conflict and constituting a grave breach of the Geneva Conventions</p> <p>Exclusions: Sexual violence not amounting to war crime (0301); sexual exploitation not amounting to war crime (0302)</p> |
| 110134 Acts against liberty or human dignity associated with armed conflict | <p>Inclusions: Wilfully depriving a prisoner of war or other protected persons of the rights to a fair and regular trial; unlawful deportation or transfer or unlawful confinement; taking of hostages; committing outrages upon personal dignity (including humiliating and degrading treatment)</p> <p>Exclusions: Acts against liberty not amounting to war crime (0202)</p> |

| SECTION 11 | | OTHER CRIMINAL ACTS NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED | |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| 110135 | Conscripting or enlisting child soldiers | + Inclusions: Conscripting or enlisting children under the age of 15 into national armed forces or using them to participate actively in hostilities | - Exclusions: Slavery and exploitation not amounting to war crime (0203); forced labour for the State or armed forces (020323) |
| 110139 | Other war crimes | + Inclusions: Employing poison or poisoned weapons; employing weapons, projectiles and material and methods of warfare that are of a nature to cause superfluous injury or unnecessary suffering | - |
| 11014 | Genocide | + Inclusions: Acts included in Article 6 of the Rome Statute | - |
| | | Genocide, at minimum, means acts committed with intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, ethnical, racial or religious group, as such: killing members of the group; causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the group; deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part; imposing measures intended to prevent births within the group; and forcibly transferring children of the group to another group. | |
| 11015 | Crimes against humanity | + Inclusions: Acts included in Article 7 of the Rome Statute | - |
| | | Crimes against humanity, at minimum, encompass crimes such as murder, extermination, rape, persecution and all other inhumane acts of a similar character (wilfully causing great suffering or serious injury to the body or to mental or physical health), committed "as part of a widespread or systematic attack directed against any civilian population, with knowledge of the attack". | |
| 11016 | Crime of aggression | + Inclusions: Acts included in Article 8 of the amended Rome Statute 2010 | - |
| | | Crime of aggression means the planning, preparation, initiation or execution, by a person in a position effectively to exercise control over or to direct the political or military action of a State, of an act of aggression which, by its character, gravity and scale, constitutes a manifest violation of the Charter of the United Nations. | |

| SECTION 11 | | OTHER CRIMINAL ACTS NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED |
|--------------|--|--|
| 11019 | Other acts under universal jurisdiction | <p>Acts under universal jurisdiction not described or classified in categories 11011 - 11016.</p> <p>+ Inclusions: Forming groups with the intention of committing acts under universal jurisdiction</p> <p>-</p> |
| 1102 | Acts contrary to youth regulations and acts on minors | <p>Unlawful acts defined in specific laws and regulations relating to minors.</p> <p>+ Inclusions: Apply all inclusions listed in 11021 - 11029</p> <p>- Exclusions: Injurious acts of a sexual nature (03)</p> |
| 11021 | Status offences | <p>Unlawful acts defined in law that are considered offences due only to the age of those involved, committed by minors or by adults in relation to minors.</p> <p>+ Inclusions: Youth curfew violations; drinking age violations; selling alcohol or tobacco to minors; contributing to delinquency of minors; violating compulsory school attendance laws/truancy; under-age marriage</p> <p>- Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1102</p> |
| 11029 | Other acts contrary to youth regulations and acts on minors | <p>Acts contrary to youth regulations and acts on minors not described or classified in 11021.</p> <p>+ Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1102</p> |
| 1109 | Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified | <p>Acts that fall under criminal offences are defined in national law and are not described or classified in categories 1101 - 1102.</p> <p>+ Exclusions: Apply all exclusions listed in 1101 - 1102</p> <p>-</p> |

Table II Disaggregating variable categories¹⁴⁴

| EVENT DISAGGREGATIONS | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| At – Attempted/completed | SiC – Situational context | Geo – Geographical location of the crime | Rep – Reported by | DaT – Date and time |
| 1. Attempted ¹⁴⁵ 2. Completed ¹⁴⁶ 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1.Organized-crime related ¹⁴⁷ 2. Gang-related ¹⁴⁸ 4. Corporate crime-related ¹⁴⁹ 5.Intimate partner/family-related ¹⁵⁰ 6. Terrorism-related ¹⁵¹ 7. Civil unrest ¹⁵² 8. Other crime 9. Not applicable 10. Not known | 1.Required geographical division of country (1 st , 2 nd , etc. levels) 2. Extraterritorial ¹⁵³ 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1. Victim 2. Witness (non-victim) 3. Police 4.Other law enforcement 5. Criminal justice institution 6. Not known | Date format: dddd/mm/yyyy Time format: 24:00 |

¹⁴⁴ Each element and variable may be relevant for selected categories only.

¹⁴⁵ The crime was attempted.

¹⁴⁶ The crime was completed.

¹⁴⁷ Participation in an organized criminal group was an integral part of the modus operandi of the crime. Organized criminal group as defined in footnote 132.

¹⁴⁸ Participation in a gang was an integral part of the modus operandi of the crime. A gang is a group of persons that is defined by a set of characteristics including durability over time, street-oriented lifestyle, youthfulness of members, involvement in illegal activities and group identity. Definitions used by national law enforcement bodies may include additional elements and may in some cases deviate from this generic definition.

¹⁴⁹ Participation in a corporate or business entity was an integral party of the modus operandi of the crime.

¹⁵⁰ Intimate partner/family-related crimes are distinguished by the nature of the relationship between perpetrator and victim.

¹⁵¹ Participation in a terrorist group was an integral part of the modus operandi of the crime. Terrorist group is a group that engages in terrorist offences. Terrorist offences as defined in footnote 133.

¹⁵² Civil unrest refers to a situation of collective violent hostilities between two or more parties within a country that do not amount to an internal armed conflict.

¹⁵³ The geographical location of the crime determines the exact geographical reference where the crime was committed, an extraterritoriality reference should be applied if the crime was committed in another country or international waters but recorded in the reporting country due to investigations and prosecutions under extraterritorial jurisdiction. Extraterritoriality is the ability for countries to consider an offence committed abroad to be an offence committed within their borders.

| We – Type of weapon used | Lo – Location of the crime | Mot – Motive | Cy – Cybercrime-related ¹⁵⁴ |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1. Firearm ¹⁵⁵ | 1. Private residential premises ¹⁵⁹ | 1. Illicit gain | 1. Cybercrime-related |
| 2. Knife or sharp object ¹⁵⁶ | 2. Open area, street or public transport | 2. Hate crime ¹⁶² | 2. Non-cybercrime-related |
| 3. Other means ¹⁵⁷ | 3. Schools or other educational institutions | 3. Gender-based ¹⁶³ | 3. Not applicable |
| 4. Unknown means ¹⁵⁸ | 4. Prisons, penal institutions or correctional institutions | 4. Interpersonal conflict ¹⁶⁴ | 4. Not known |
| 5. Not applicable | 5. Institutional care settings ¹⁶⁰ | 5. Political agenda ¹⁶⁵ | |
| 6. Not known | 6. Other commercial or public non-residential premises ¹⁶¹ | 6. Other motive | |
| 7. Other | 7. Other | 7. Not applicable | |
| 8. Not known | 8. Not known | 8. Not known | |

¹⁵⁴ Apply the cybercrimes tag if the use of computer data or computer systems was an integral part of the modus operandi of the crime. Computer data and computer systems as defined in footnote 128.

¹⁵⁵ **Firearm** is any portable barrelled weapon that expels, is designed to expel or may be readily converted to expel a shot, bullet or projectile by the action of an explosive, excluding antique firearms or their replicas. (United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. *Protocol against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, Their Parts and Components and Ammunition, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime*. New York, NY., : 2001. Web: <http://www.unodc.org/documents/treaties/Special/2001_Protocol_against_the_Illicit_Manufacturing_of_and_Trafficking_in_Firearms.pdf>.)

¹⁵⁶ Knife is an instrument composed of a blade fixed into a handle.

¹⁵⁷ **Other means**, at minimum, includes blunt weapons, objects used as weapons, bow and arrow, crossbow, throwing weapons/objects, explosives, hand or fist weapons, martial arts weapons not amounting to a knife or sharp object.

¹⁵⁸ The weapon used by the perpetrator is not identified.

¹⁵⁹ Private residential premises (house/ private dwelling), at minimum, is real estate owned, rented, or leased by a person.

¹⁶⁰ Institutional care settings includes hospitals, psychiatric facilities, residential care/retirement homes, respite homes and other institutional care facilities.

¹⁶¹ **Other commercial or public non-residential premises** includes business premises open to the public (retail stores, cafés and restaurants, clubs, banks, service stations, malls, etc.); business premises not open to the public (office buildings, warehouses, production facilities, construction sites, machine parks, farm land, etc.); public non-residential premises open to the public (museums, libraries, public services, etc.); and other public non-residential premises not open to the public (government offices, public works, military installations, etc.).

¹⁶² **Hate crime** is a crime in which the victim is specifically targeted because of their characteristics, ascribed attributes, ascribed beliefs or values such as race, religion, ethnic origin, sexual orientation and disability, amongst others. Victim's characteristics or ascribed attributes or ascribed beliefs or values as defined in footnote 76 and 77. Hate crimes include crimes motivated by Racism and Homophobia. Gender-based crimes and crimes with an explicit or implicit political agenda should be excluded.

¹⁶³ **Racial discrimination**, at minimum, is any distinction, exclusion, restriction or preference based on race, colour, descent, or national or ethnic origin which discourages or prevents equal recognition, enjoyment or exercise of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural or any other field of public life. (United Nations. International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. 1969. Web: <<http://www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/CERD.asp&xgt;>>).

¹⁶⁴ **Homophobia**, at minimum, is any distinction, exclusion, restriction or preference based on sexual orientation which discourages or prevents equal recognition, enjoyment or exercise of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural or any other field of public life. (United Nations. International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination. 1969. Web: <<http://www.ohchr.org/EN/ProfessionalInterest/Pages/CERD.asp&xgt;>>).

¹⁶⁵ **Gender** refers to the socially constructed roles, behaviours, activities, and attributes that a given society considers appropriate for men and women. (World Health Organization. *Gender, Women and health*. Web: <<http://www.who.int/gender/whatisgender/en/>>).

¹⁶⁶ **Interpersonal conflict** refers to the dissonances that occur when human/social relationships come under strain (including from friction due to social and cultural norms).

¹⁶⁷ **Political agenda**, at minimum, is the set of issues laid out by ideological or political groups that tries to influence current and near-future political news and debate.

| VICTIM DISAGGREGATIONS | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
| SV – Sex of victim ¹⁶⁶ | STV – Age status victim | Cit – Citizenship ¹⁶⁷ | LS – Legal status of victim ¹⁶⁸ |
| 1. Male 2. Female 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1. Minor 2. Adult 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1. National citizen 2. Foreign citizen 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1. Natural person ¹⁶⁹ 1a. Private individual ¹⁷⁰ 1b. Public official ¹⁷¹ 2. Legal entity ¹⁷² 2a. Private entity ¹⁷³ 2b. Public entity ¹⁷⁴ 3. Other entity 4. Not known |
| AV – Age of victim | VIP – Victim-perpetrator relationship | Int – Victim was intoxicated with controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances | ES – Economic sector Sectors A-U in ISIC Rev. 4 ¹⁷⁵ |
| 1. 0-14 2. 15-29 3. 30-44 4. 45-59 5. 60+ 6. Not known | 1. Current intimate partner/spouse 2. Former intimate partner/spouse 3. Blood relative 4. Other household member 5. Friend 6. Acquaintance 7. Colleague/work relationship 8. Authority/care relationship (doctor, nurse, police, etc.) 9. Other offender known to victim 10. Offender unknown to victim 11. Relationship not known | 1. Alcohol 2. Illicit drugs 3. Both 4. Other 5. Not applicable 6. Not known | |

¹⁶⁶ Sex refers to the biological and physiological characteristics that define men and women. (World Health Organization. What do we mean by "sex" and "gender." Web: <http://www.who.int/gender/whatisgender/en/>

¹⁶⁷ Citizenship means the particular legal bond between an individual and his or her State, acquired by birth or naturalisation, whether by declaration, choice, marriage or other means according to national legislation.

¹⁶⁸ Legal status is a status of an individual, company or other entity defined by law.
¹⁶⁹ A natural person is a human being as distinguished in law from a legal person.

¹⁷⁰ A private individual is a natural person who is not a public official.
¹⁷¹ A public official is any natural person who performs a public function or provides a public service as defined in domestic law. This value should be used only when the victim is a public official who experienced the crime while exerting his/her public function.

¹⁷² A legal entity is either a private or a public entity.
¹⁷³ A private entity is a lawful association, corporation, partnership, proprietorship, trust or individual that has the capacity to enter into agreements or contracts, assume obligations and be accountable for illegal activities.

¹⁷⁴ A public entity is a federal, state or local government department, institution or agency.

¹⁷⁵ International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities, Rev. 4.

| PERPETRATOR DISAGGREGATIONS | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| SP – Sex of perpetrator | STP – Age status of perpetrator | Cit – Citizenship | LS – Legal status of perpetrator | Rec – Repeat offender/recidivist ¹⁷⁶ | |
| 1. Male | 1. Minor 2. Adult 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1. National citizen 2. Foreign citizen 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | 1. Natural person ¹⁶⁹ 1a. Private individual ¹⁷⁰ 1b. Public official ¹⁷¹ 2. Legal entity ¹⁷² 2a. Private entity ¹⁷³ 2b. Public entity ¹⁷⁴ 3. Other entity 4. Not known | 1. Recidivist 2. Non-recidivist 3. Not applicable 4. Not known | |
| AP – Age of perpetrator | VIP – Victim-perpetrator relationship | Int – Perpetrator was intoxicated with controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances | East – Economic activity status of perpetrator | | |
| 1. 0-14 2. 15-29 3. 30-44 4. 45-59 5. 60 6. Not known | 1. Current intimate partner/spouse 2. Former intimate partner/spouse 3. Blood relative 4. Other household member 5. Friend 6. Acquaintance 7. Colleague/work relationship 8. Authority / care relationship (doctor, nurse, police, etc.) 9. Other offender known to victim 10. Offender unknown to victim 11. Relationship not known | 1. Alcohol 2. Illicit drugs 3. Both 4. Other 5. Not applicable 6. Not known | 1. Dependent employment 2. Self-employment (with no dependent employees) 3. Employer (with dependent employees) 4. Unemployed 5. Student/apprentice 6. Housekeeper 7. Retired/disabled 8. Not known | | |
| DATA DESCRIPTIONS/INCLUSIONS | | | | | |
| Th – Threats included ¹⁷⁷ | | | | | |
| AA – Aiding/abetting/accessory included ¹⁷⁸ | | | | | |
| Ac – Accomplice included ¹⁷⁹ | | | | | |
| CP – Conspiracy/planning included ¹⁸⁰ | | | | | |
| In – Incitement to commit crime included ¹⁸¹ | | | | | |

¹⁷⁶ Perpetrator was a repeat offender/recidivist.

¹⁷⁷ Threat as defined in 02012.

¹⁷⁸ Aiding, abetting and accessory refers to not being present when the crime was committed, but having knowledge of the crime before or after the event, and may assist in its commission through advice, actions or financial support.

¹⁷⁹ Accomplice refers to being present during the committed crime and assisting in its commission through advice, actions or financial support.

¹⁸⁰ Conspiracy as defined in 08064.

¹⁸¹ Incitement to commit a crime is provoking unlawful behaviour or convincing a person to behave unlawfully.

Table: III Additional disaggregations of intentional homicide (I): Situational context

| SITUATIONAL CONTEXT OF INTENTIONAL HOMICIDE | | |
|--|---|--|
| Homicide related to other criminal activities ¹⁸² | Homicide related to organized criminal groups or gangs Homicide related to gangs | Homicide related to organized criminal groups Homicide occurs in a fashion related to organized criminal groups/gangs |
| | Homicide related to robbery | Homicide may be perpetrated in order to accomplish the original crime and/or avoid detection. Homicide does not represent the primary goal of the criminal act |
| Interpersonal homicide ¹⁸³ | Homicide perpetrated during the commission of another criminal offence Intimate partner /family member Other interpersonal homicide | Homicide perpetrated by an intimate partner or family member according to the classification by relationship between victim and perpetrator. This includes homicide perpetrated by an (ex-) partner/(ex-)spouse, a family member other than a partner/spouse; infanticide and parricide Homicide perpetrated on persons other than intimate partners or family members. This includes, for example, killings related to neighbour disputes or property disputes, revenge-related killings, or random and seemingly unprovoked acts of killing ranging from brawls to killing sprees |
| Socio-political homicide | Homicide related to social prejudice Homicide related to political agendas | Homicide as a result of violence against specific social groups, including hate crime (crime in which the victim is specifically targeted because of his or her characteristics, ascribed attributes, ascribed beliefs or values). Social prejudice is discrimination due to the victim's characteristics, attributes, beliefs or values. Characteristics and attributes include sex, gender, sexual orientation, age, language, ethnic origin, disability and/or race. Beliefs or values, at minimum, include religious beliefs and/or economic and social views Intentional homicide related to political agendas, including killings by terrorist groups with a political agenda, political assassination, and targeted killing of journalists for political reasons. A political agenda is a set of values, beliefs or issues that are advocated by a political or ideological organization |
| | Homicide related to civil unrest ¹⁸⁴ | Intentional homicides in a situation of civil unrest |
| | Homicide related to other socio-political agendas | This includes, for example, homicide through mob violence and vigilantism, unlawful killings by the police, excessive use of force by law enforcement officers and extrajudicial killings |

¹⁸² Intentional homicide committed in relation to other criminal activities that are aimed, directly or indirectly, at obtaining illicit profits.

¹⁸³ Homicide is a means of resolving a conflict and/or punishing the victim. It is not instrumental to the accomplishment of a secondary goal.

¹⁸⁴ Civil unrest refers to a situation of collective violent hostilities between two or more parties within a country that do not amount to an internal armed conflict.

Table: IV Additional disaggregations of intentional homicide (II): Relationship between victim and perpetrator

| | | RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN VICTIM AND PERPETRATOR OF INTENTIONAL HOMICIDE | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Intimate partner or family member (IPFM) | Intimate partner | Current spouse or intimate partner (cohabitating or non-cohabitating partner or boyfriend/girlfriend) | Current spouse or cohabitating partner Cohabitating partner | Spouse Cohabitating partner | |
| | | Former spouse or intimate partner (cohabitating or non-cohabitating partner or boyfriend/girlfriend) | Former spouse or cohabitating partner Former cohabitating partner | Former spouse Former cohabitating partner (boyfriend/girlfriend but not married) | |
| | | | Former spouse or cohabitating partner Former cohabitating partner (boyfriend/girlfriend but not married) | | |
| | | | Parent | | |
| | | Child | | | |
| | Family member | Blood relative | Other blood relative | Cohabitating blood relative Non-cohabitating blood relative | |
| | | | Other household member ¹⁸⁵ or relative by marriage or adoption | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Friend/acquaintance | | | | |
| | | Friend | | | |
| | | Acquaintance | | | |
| Other perpetrator known to the victim | Colleague/business or work relationship | | | | |
| | Authority/care relationship (doctor/nurse/teacher/police/public official, clergy, etc.) | | | | |
| | Other perpetrator known to the victim | | | | |
| Perpetrator unknown to the victim | Perpetrator unknown to the victim | | | | |

¹⁸⁵ Other household members include persons living in the same household as the victim.

Table: V Additional disaggregations of intentional homicide (III): Mechanism of killing

This classification is built by aggregating causes of death by assault as specified by WHO International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10).
The letters and numbers in brackets refer to their appearance in the ICD-10.

| MECHANISM OF KILLING | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Attack with firearms or explosives | Firearm Explosives (X96) |
| | Sharp object (X99) Blunt object (Y00) |
| Attack with another weapon | Other object used as a weapon (including deliberately hitting or running over with a motor vehicle (Y03)) Hanging, strangulation or suffocation (X91) Drowning or submersion (X92) Pushing from a high place (Y01) Pushing or placing victim before moving object (Y02) |
| Attack without a weapon | Bodily force (hitting or kicking) (Y04) Sexual assault (Y05) |
| | Including: Assault with drugs, medicaments and biological substances (X85) Assault with corrosive substance (X86) Assault with pesticides (X87) Assault with gases and vapours (X88) Assault with other specified chemicals and noxious substances (X89) Assault with unspecified chemical or noxious substance (X90) |
| Other | Drugs and chemical substances Other |
| Assault by unspecified means (Y09) | Including: Fire, flames or smoke (X97) Steam, hot vapours or hot objects (X98) Neglect and abandonment (Y06) Other maltreatment syndromes (Y07) Assault by other specified means (Y08) |

Annex 1: Data comparability, reporting rates and counting rules

Three main factors affect the interpretation and comparability of administrative data on crime:

1. the way crime is defined and classified
2. the proportion of crime detected or reported to the authorities
3. the way crime is recorded and counted.

Defining and classifying crime

As explained earlier (see Introduction), administrative data on crime are usually compiled according to national legislations and concepts, which determines lack of international comparability. The application of the consistent set of definitions contained in the ICCS can ensure that data on crime within the same category will refer to the same underlying phenomenon (the same criminal act), irrespective of differences in national laws. The implementation of the ICCS at the national level will also improve, among other things, the comparison of state responses and trends over time for the same categories of crime.

Reporting and detecting crime

The interpretation and comparison of administrative data on crime are also affected by differences and changes in the portion of crime actually recorded by public authorities of the “total” crime that occurs over a period of time. For example, when examining data on police-recorded offences, it should always be kept in mind that the share of undetected and unrecorded crime (the “dark figure of crime”) is often substantial. Crime victimization surveys, which collect information on crime experienced by the target population, can provide information on the “real” prevalence of crime experienced within a certain population, including data on the percentage of crime reported to the police or other authorities. A common pattern found across victimization surveys is that reporting rates can vary substantially over time and between countries depending on factors such as the capacity of law enforcement authorities to respond to crime and the trust placed in them when reporting crime.

Recording and counting crime

The third major factor that affects the interpretation and comparability of crime statistics is the way that crimes are recorded and counted by different institutions and jurisdictions. For example, a national police institution that records an offence upon the completion of an investigation will typically record fewer crimes than another police institution recording and counting offences when it is first informed about the offence. The former police institution will in fact accumulate more evidence than an institution that records an offence during the initial stages of the investigation but, *ceteris paribus*, it will also record fewer crimes as many suspected criminal events may not turn out to be substantiated by the evidence.

In particular, the following elements will affect overall counts of crime and thus confound data comparisons across and within countries:

- the moment when data are collected for inclusion in crime statistics: Criminal justice institutions can collect data from different stages of their respective criminal justice process. For example, “input statistics” refer to data being collected at the time the offence is first reported to authorities; on the other hand, “output statistics” refer to data being collected after the offence has been investigated;
- the counting unit used in the statistics: typically, each criminal justice institution uses counting units based on its own operational requirements. Police may use charges, suspects, victims and incidents, while courts may use cases, convictions and sentences. Linking data across institutions would require the use of the same counting units (such as persons suspected and persons convicted);
- the application of a principal offence rule:¹⁸⁶ countries that apply the principal offence rule only record the most serious offence if simultaneous offences are committed; others record each offence separately, which results in a higher count of recorded crimes;¹⁸⁷
- the way in which an offence committed by more than one person is counted: depending on the counting unit, one unit of count can contain more than one perpetrator or victim. A court case may consist of multiple perpetrators but then be reported as one case, while the police may record each perpetrator rather than the case or committed offence;
- the way in which multiple offences are counted:¹⁸⁸ if one person is suspected of a series of homicides, they can be recorded as one homicide suspect or multiple homicide suspects.

Issues related to counting rules are not directly related to the definition and classification of crime *per se* and consequently are outside the scope of the ICCS. The ICCS thus does not provide direction on which counting rules are to be applied when collecting data. On the whole, experience shows that there is a wide variety of counting rules applied in the recording of crime and criminal justice data, which have often grown historically and are deeply ingrained in national recording systems. In some cases, the concrete application of counting rules depends on the technical capacity of data producers in recording and aggregating data. Countries that have to rely on paper-based crime records may face particular challenges in implementing complex counting rules. For these reasons, the harmonization of counting rules is best treated at a later stage and separately from the structure and application of the ICCS. UNODC aims to pursue further work related to counting rules and provide guidance on standards and good practices in this area. Pending widely agreed standards on the appropriate rules for recording and counting crime, it is imperative to provide exhaustive metadata on all crime and criminal justice data that facilitate their correct interpretation.

¹⁸⁶ “Principal offence rule” means that when more than one offence is committed simultaneously, only the most serious offence is recorded. For example, when it appears that a homicide and robbery have been committed simultaneously, under a principal offence rule, only the most serious offence (homicide) would be recorded.

¹⁸⁷ United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime. Forum on Crime and Society. Special issue “Collecting crime data indicators and measurement.” Volume 7. Page 81. 2008. New York, New York. Print.

¹⁸⁸ Aebi, M. F. 2008, “Measuring the Influence of Statistical Counting Rules on Cross-National Differences in Recorded Crime”, in HEUNI, *Crime and Criminal Justice Systems in Europe and North America 1994–2005*, no. 55, pp. 196–214, Helsinki 2008.

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| Insult of the sovereign, the state, nation or state symbols | 0809 |
| Insulting a law enforcement officer | 08069 |
| Insulting the court | 08069 |
| Insurance fraud | 07019 |
| Intellectual property offences | 0503 |
| Intentional homicide | 0101 |
| Intentional miscarriages and still births | 0106 |
| Intentionally attacking buildings dedicated to religion, education, art, science or charitable purposes, historic monuments, or hospitals, provided they are not military objectives | 110132 |
| Intentionally causing damage that is excessive in relation to direct military advantage | 110132 |
| Intentionally using starvation of civilians as a method of warfare | 110131 |
| Interception of computer data without right | 09033 |
| Interfering with mail | 02111 |
| International parental abduction | 020211 |
| Invasion of privacy | 02111 |
| Invasion of private computer files | 02111 |
| Invasion of solitude or private concerns | 02111 |
| Investment fraud | 070112 |
| Investment or stock/shares offences | 08042 |
| Involuntary euthanasia | 0105 |
| Involuntary manslaughter | 01031 |
| Involuntary servitude | 02031 |
| Issuing, handling, or dealing in forged or altered prescription offences | 06019 |
| Ivory trafficking | 10031 |

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| J | | |
| Joining an unlawful assembly | | 08019 |
| Joyriding | | 050212 |
| K | | |
| Keeping, managing, or knowingly financing a brothel | | 03021 |
| Keeping, managing, or knowingly financing a brothel for child prostitution | | 030222 |
| Kidnapping | | 020221 |
| Killing associated with armed conflict amounting to war crime | | 11013 |
| Killing by a combatant which is considered a criminal offence in the national legislation (and is prosecuted as such) but does not amount to a war crime | | 0107 |
| Killing during armed conflict considered intentional homicide | | 0101 |
| Killing or wounding a combatant who has laid down arms and surrendered | | 110131 |
| Killing or wounding treacherously individuals belonging to the hostile nation or army | | 110131 |
| Killings caused by excessive use of force by law enforcement/state officials | | 0101 |
| Knowingly letting or renting a building or other place for the purpose of child prostitution | | 030222 |
| Knowingly letting or renting a building or other place for the purpose of the prostitution of others | | 03021 |
| L | | |
| Larceny of a car, van, or truck | | 050211 |
| Leaving without payment | | 05023 |
| Libel | | 02091 |
| Litter offences | | 08012 |
| Loitering | | 08012 |
| Long-term and severe damage or destruction of the natural environment | | 110132 |
| Looting | | 0409 |
| Luring a child | | 030229 |
| M | | |
| Making contact with a child in person to expose them gradually to sexually explicit material | | 030223 |
| Making contact with a child through the internet and exposing them to sexually explicit material | | 030223 |
| Maltreatment through physical abuse or mental cruelty | | 0219 |
| Manipulating market transactions | | 08045 |
| Manslaughter caused by negligence | | 01032 |
| Manufacture, production or trafficking of chemical, biological or radio-active materials | | 090123 |
| Manufacture, production or trafficking of prohibited weapons of explosives | | 090122 |
| Manufacturing and trafficking of firearms, parts, components and ammunition | | 090121 |
| Manufacturing products that present a risk to health and safety | | 0902 |
| Market manipulation or insider trading | | 08045 |
| Medical fraud or quackery not amounting to malpractice or medical negligence | | 07019 |
| Medical negligence in prescriptions | | 02062 |

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| Menacing phone calls not amounting to stalking | 020819 |
| Military service offences not amounting to war crimes | 0904 |
| Minimum wage offences | 0808 |
| Minor assault | 020112 |
| Minor threat | 020122 |
| Misappropriation | 07032 |
| Misuse of cultural heritage | 08049 |
| Misuse of market-relevant information | 08045 |
| Mobbing in the workplace | 020811 |
| Mobbing outside the workplace | 020819 |
| Money laundering | 07041 |
| Moonshining | 06021 |
| Mortgage fraud | 070112 |
| Mugging | 040111 |
| Murder | 0101 |
| Mutilation of a dead body | 02119 |

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| Necrophilia | 08029 |
| Neglect of a child under care | 020611 |
| Neglect of an adult person under care | 020612 |
| Neglect of elderly persons | 020612 |
| Negligence in situations of children under care | 020611 |
| Negligence in situations of other dependent persons under care | 020612 |
| Negligence in situations of persons under care | 02061 |
| Negligence related to driving a vehicle | 02063 |
| Negligence related to family | 020619 |
| Negligence related to the duty to exercise care while operating a motor vehicle | 02063 |
| Negligence | 0206 |
| Negligent driving or operation of a vehicle | 02063 |
| Negligent manslaughter | 01032 |
| Negligent pedestrian offences | 02069 |
| Nepotism | 07033 |
| Noise complaints | 08012 |
| Non-consensual sexual penetration without physical force | 030112 |
| Non-injurious traffic violations | 0907 |
| Non-intentional homicide | 0103 |
| Non-negligent manslaughter | 01031 |
| Non-sexual harassment | 02081 |
| Non-vehicular homicide | 010322 |
| Non-voluntary euthanasia | 0105 |
| Not declaring a birth to the authorities | 0809 |
| Not giving a child one has found | 0809 |

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| Obscene material | 08022 |
| Obstruction of justice | 08061 |
| Obtaining goods by fraud | 07019 |
| Obtaining or possessing prohibited or unregistered materials | 090113 |
| Obtaining or using explosives without a permit | 090112 |
| Offences against government security or operations | 0904 |
| Offences under industrial law | 0808 |
| Offensive language or behaviour | 08012 |
| Offering for sale, distribution, purchase, of controlled drugs or precursors | 06013 |
| Offering sexual services for financial or other benefit | 08021 |
| Online banking fraud | 07011 |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of alcohol | 020721 |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of illicit drugs | 02072 |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of other psychoactive substances | 020729 |
| Operating a vehicle under the influence of psychoactive substances | 02072 |
| Organizing an unlawful assembly | 08019 |
| Organizing or facilitating the unlawful stay of a foreign citizen | 08059 |
| Organizing, supervising, or managing a drug distribution enterprise | 060121 |
| Other abduction of a minor | 020219 |
| Other acts against computer systems | 09039 |
| Other acts against health and safety | 09029 |
| Other acts against liberty | 02029 |
| Other acts against property involving violence against a person | 0409 |
| Other acts against property only | 0509 |
| Other acts against public administration or regulatory provisions | 08049 |
| Other acts against public order behavioural standards | 08019 |
| Other acts against public order sexual standards | 08029 |
| Other acts against public order, authority, and provisions of the State | 0809 |
| Other acts against public safety and state security | 0909 |
| Other acts against the justice system | 08069 |
| Other acts against the natural environment | 1009 |
| Other acts against the natural environment | 10092 |
| Other acts causing harm or intending to cause harm to the person | 0219 |
| Other acts contrary to youth regulations and acts on minors | 11029 |
| Other acts involving controlled drugs or other psychoactive substances | 0609 |
| Other acts involving fraud, deception or corruption | 0709 |
| Other acts involving proceeds of crime | 07049 |
| Other acts leading to death or intending to cause death | 0106 |
| Other acts of assisting or instigating suicide | 01049 |
| Other acts of burglary | 05019 |
| Other acts of coercion | 02059 |

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| Other acts of corruption | 07039 |
| Other acts of forgery/counterfeiting | 07029 |
| Other acts of fraud | 07019 |
| Other acts of negligence | 02069 |
| Other acts of robbery | 04019 |
| Other acts of sexual exploitation | 03029 |
| Other acts of theft | 05029 |
| Other acts of sexual violence | 03019 |
| Other acts of slavery and exploitation | 02039 |
| Other acts related to an organized crime group | 09059 |
| Other acts related to democratic elections | 08079 |
| Other acts related to expressions of controlled social beliefs and norms | 080329 |
| Other acts related to freedom or control of expression | 08039 |
| Other acts related to migration | 08059 |
| Other acts related to possession or use of weapons and explosives | 090119 |
| Other acts related to the activities of a terrorist group | 09069 |
| Other acts related to trafficking of weapons and explosives | 090129 |
| Other acts related to weapons and explosives | 09019 |
| Other acts that cause environmental pollution or degradation | 10019 |
| Other acts that result in the depletion or degradation of natural resources | 10049 |
| Other acts that trespass against the person | 02119 |
| Other acts under universal jurisdiction | 11014 |
| Other assaults and threats | 02019 |
| Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified | 11 |
| Other criminal acts not elsewhere classified | 1109 |
| Other damage of property | 05049 |
| Other dangerous acts | 02079 |
| Other defamation or insult | 02099 |
| Other deprivation of liberty | 020229 |
| Other discrimination | 02109 |
| Other forced labour | 020329 |
| Other injurious acts of a sexual nature | 0309 |
| Other motorized vehicle theft | 050219 |
| Other negligence in situations of persons under care | 020619 |
| Other rape | 030119 |
| Other robbery from the person | 040119 |
| Other robbery of valuables or goods in transit | 040122 |
| Other sexual assault not elsewhere classified | 030129 |
| Other sexual exploitation of children | 030223 |
| Other theft of a motorized vehicle or parts thereof | 050219 |
| Other theft of business property | 050239 |
| Other theft of personal property | 050229 |
| Other trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna and flora | 10039 |

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| Other unlawful acts involving alcohol, tobacco or other controlled substances | 06025 |
| Other unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors | 06019 |
| Other unlawful production, handling, possession or use of alcohol products | 060219 |
| Other unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption | 060129 |
| Other war crimes | 110139 |
| Owning or occupying the property where the unlawful assembly is held | 08019 |

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| Parental abduction | 020211 |
| Participation in a terrorist group | 09061 |
| Participation in an organized crime group | 09051 |
| Participation or membership in a terrorist group | 09061 |
| Passive bribery | 070312 |
| Passive bribery of a foreign public official and of an official of a public international organization | 070312 |
| Passive bribery of a public official | 070312 |
| Paying for sexual services of a child | 030222 |
| Performing a sexual act in public | 08029 |
| Persistently calling a person not amounting to stalking | 020819 |
| Personal discrimination | 02101 |
| Perverting the course of justice | 08061 |
| Pharmaceutical offences | 09021 |
| Phone tapping | 02111 |
| Physical damage to public property in schools | 05041 |
| Physical sexual assault | 030121 |
| Physician-assisted suicide not amounting to euthanasia | 01041 |
| Pick pocketing | 050221 |
| Pillaging | 110132 |
| Pimping | 03021 |
| Pimping a child | 030222 |
| Piracy | 011012 |
| Planning to commit a criminal offence | 08064 |
| Plundering/pillaging from an unspecified location | 0409 |
| Poaching | 10042 |
| Poisoning | 020111 |
| Pollution through noise, vibration heat, light or radiation | 10019 |
| Polygamy | 08029 |
| Pornography offences | 08022 |
| Possessing other weapons such as gas or explosives or chemical, biological or radioactive materials | 09011 |
| Possessing prohibited or unregistered firearms, their parts and components or ammunition | 09011 |
| Possessing prohibited or unregistered weapons not amounting to a firearm | 090112 |

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| Possession of an article for creation of counterfeit goods or instruments | 07022 |
| Possession of an article for the creation of counterfeit means of payment | 07021 |
| Possession of child pornography | 030221 |
| Possession of dangerous or controlled animals | 10032 |
| Possession of items to endanger life | 090119 |
| Possession of stolen goods or money | 07049 |
| Possession or use of weapons and explosives | 09011 |
| Possession, creation, or use of false weights for measure | 07019 |
| Possession, use or consumption of tobacco products in prohibited locations | 060221 |
| Post-incarceration supervision offences | 08062 |
| Preparation to commit a criminal offence | 08064 |
| Prevent, threaten or deceive a witness | 08061 |
| Price fixing | 08045 |
| Prison regulation offence | 08069 |
| Private nuisance | 020819 |
| Procurement and contractor fraud | 070111 |
| Procuring an illegal abortion | 0106 |
| Procuring sex under coercion or through abuse of power | 030112 |
| Procuring sexual images or other forms of child abuse materials | 030221 |
| Procuring sexual services | 08021 |
| Procuring, arranging, facilitating or controlling a person for illicit pornography | 08022 |
| Production, creating, distribution, dissemination, broadcast, transmission, sale, or possession of illicit pornography | 08022 |
| Production, sale, procurement, import, distribution or possession of computer misuse tools | 09039 |
| Professional malpractice | 02062 |
| Professional negligence | 02062 |
| Professional negligence leading to death | 010322 |
| Promotion of ethnic, racial, or religious hatred | 080322 |
| Propagation, promotion or dissemination of controlled political views or material | 080329 |
| Property damage | 0504 |
| Property damage by explosion | 0504 |
| Proselytism | 080321 |
| Prostitution offences | 08021 |
| Providing or consuming medicinal or other illegal products used to improve performance in sport | 06029 |
| Psychological violence | 02089 |
| Public drunkenness | 08012 |
| Public Fight | 08011 |
| Public health offences | 0902 |
| Public indecency | 08029 |
| Public mischief | 08012 |
| Public transport safety offences | 09021 |
| Pushing, slapping, kicking, hitting | 020112 |

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| Q | | |
| Quarantine offences | | 0902 |
| R | | |
| Ram raiding | | 05011 |
| Rape | | 03011 |
| Rape with force | | 030111 |
| Rape without force | | 030112 |
| Receiving, handling, disposing, selling or trafficking stolen goods | | 07049 |
| Recording transmissions without right within a wireless network | | 09033 |
| Recruiting, enticing or procuring a child into prostitution | | 030222 |
| Recruitment of training for terrorism | | 09069 |
| Resisting arrest | | 08062 |
| Retail selling of drugs through use of the internet | | 060131 |
| Riot | | 08011 |
| Road vehicle licensing, driving, registration, or road worthiness offences | | 0907 |
| Robbery | | 0401 |
| Robbery from a person in miscellaneous locations | | 040119 |
| Robbery from the person | | 04011 |
| Robbery from the person in a private location | | 040112 |
| Robbery from the person in a public location | | 040111 |
| Robbery in or from a railway | | 040121 |
| Robbery of a bank | | 040131 |
| Robbery of a business | | 040132 |
| Robbery of a car or vehicle | | 040121 |
| Robbery of a financial institution | | 040131 |
| Robbery of a non-financial institution | | 040132 |
| Robbery of a post office | | 040132 |
| Robbery of a security van | | 040121 |
| Robbery of an ATM | | 040131 |
| Robbery of an establishment or institution | | 04013 |
| Robbery of cargo on highways | | 040122 |
| Robbery of cattle, goats, sheep, chickens or other livestock | | 04014 |
| Robbery of livestock | | 04014 |
| Robbery of petrol/gas station | | 040132 |
| Robbery of property in a vehicle in transit | | 040121 |
| Robbery of valuables or goods in transit | | 04012 |
| S | | |
| Sabotage | | 0904 |
| Sabotage not amounting to dangerous or negligent acts | | 0504 |
| Sale of noxious food or drink | | 02071 |

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| Sanitation offences not amounting to the adulteration of food or selling noxious food or drink | 0902 |
| Securities fraud | 070112 |
| Sedition | 0904 |
| Self-laundering | 07041 |
| Selling, offering to sale, distributing, marketing, advertising of illicit drugs or precursors | |
| Selling alcohol or tobacco to minors | 11021 |
| Selling weapons without a dealer's license or to an unlicensed person | 09012 |
| Serious assault | 020111 |
| Serious assault leading to death | 0101 |
| Serious threat | 020121 |
| Servitude | 02031 |
| Setting mantraps | 02079 |
| Setting up or operating a pyramid scheme | 07019 |
| Sex tourism not amounting to child sex tourism | 08021 |
| Sexual assault | 03012 |
| Sexual assault against a helpless person | 03012 |
| Sexual assault against a marital partner against his/her will | 03012 |
| Sexual assault by abuse of position | 030121 |
| Sexual exploitation | 0302 |
| Sexual exploitation of adults | 03021 |
| Sexual exploitation of children | 03022 |
| Sexual grooming of children | 030223 |
| Sexual harassment | 030122 |
| Sexual intercourse with a person below the age of consent | 030113 |
| Sexual intercourse with a person incapable of consent | 030113 |
| Sexual penetration with physical force | 030111 |
| Sexual violence | 0301 |
| Sexual violence associated with armed conflict | 110133 |
| Sexually indecent writing, pictures, or objects | 08029 |
| Sharing child pornography | 030221 |
| Sharing offensive material | 02081 |
| Shop robbery | 040132 |
| Shoplifting | 050231 |
| Simple assault | 020112 |
| Siphoning oil or fuel | 050221 |
| Slander | 02091 |
| Slavery | 02031 |
| Slavery and exploitation | 0203 |
| Smoking on aircrafts | 060221 |
| Smuggling of goods | 08044 |
| Smuggling of migrants offences | 08051 |

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| Smuggling ozone depletion substances (ODS) | 10092 |
| Sodomy not amounting to injurious acts of a sexual nature | 08029 |
| Soil Pollution | 10013 |
| Speeding | 0907 |
| Spying | 0904 |
| Squatting | 0509 |
| Stalking | 02082 |
| Stalking of a sexual nature | 030122 |
| Status offences | 11021 |
| Statutory rape | 030113 |
| Store card fraud | 07011 |
| Street robbery | 040111 |
| Subjecting persons to physical mutilation or medical/scientific experiments that are not justified or to the person's interest | 110131 |
| Substitution of a child for another child | 0809 |
| Swindling | 07019 |

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| Taking hostages during an armed conflict | 110134 |
| Taking human blood, organs, or tissues by use of violence | 020111 |
| Tariff, taxation, duty, and revenue offences | 08041 |
| Tax evasion | 08041 |
| Taxi robbery | 040121 |
| Terrorism | 0906 |
| The conversion or transfer of property | 07041 |
| The illicit acquisition, possession or use of laundered property | 07041 |
| The illicit concealment or disguise of property related information | 07041 |
| Theft | 0502 |
| Theft by burglary of a dwelling | 05012 |
| Theft by conversion | 05029 |
| Theft by employees | 05023 |
| Theft from a shop | 050231 |
| Theft from a vending machine | 050239 |
| Theft from garages, sheds, or lockups with no connecting door to a dwelling | 050229 |
| Theft from hotels, restaurants, cinemas, theatres, places of entertainment, offices and workshops | 050239 |
| Theft of a bicycle | 050229 |
| Theft of an electronic device from a vehicle | 050222 |
| Theft of a GPS device | 050222 |
| Theft of a motorcycle | 050211 |
| Theft of a motorized land vehicle | 050211 |
| Theft of a motorized land vehicle or parts thereof | 05021 |
| Theft of a pet | 050229 |
| Theft of a purse from a vehicle | 050222 |

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| Theft of boat or aircraft | 050219 |
| Theft of boat or aircraft parts | 050219 |
| Theft of business property | 05023 |
| Theft of business/office supplies by an employee | 050239 |
| Theft of car tires, motors, transmissions, windows, etc. | 050213 |
| Theft of cows, chickens, sheep, fish, etc. | 05025 |
| Theft of electric power, water, or other utility services | 05026 |
| Theft of livestock | 05025 |
| Theft of mail | 05029 |
| Theft of merchandise from a shop | 050231 |
| Theft of parts of a motor vehicle | 050213 |
| Theft of personal property | 05022 |
| Theft of personal property from a person | 050221 |
| Theft of personal property from a vehicle | 050222 |
| Theft of property outside of the dwelling | 050229 |
| Theft of public park equipment | 05024 |
| Theft of public property | 05024 |
| Theft of services | 05026 |
| Theft of television/cable signals | 05026 |
| Theft where entry was lawfully gained | 05022 |
| Theft with violence | 0401 |
| Threat | 02012 |
| Threat of a sexual nature | 030122 |
| Threaten or intimidate a justice or law enforcement official | 08061 |
| Threatening death or serious injury | 020121 |
| Threatening minor injury | 020122 |
| Threatening minor injury to a family member, friend or another person | 020122 |
| Threatening the death or serious injury of a family member, friend, or another person | 020121 |
| Torture | 11011 |
| Trade in prohibited species | 10032 |
| Trade or possession of prohibited or controlled species of fauna or flora | 10032 |
| Trade or possession of protected or prohibited species of fauna or flora | 1003 |
| Trade or possession of protected species of wild fauna or flora | 10031 |
| Trade or possession of protected species within national borders | 100311 |
| Trade, trade descriptions, or import/export offences | 08042 |
| Trading financial products based on inside information | 08045 |
| Trading in influence | 07034 |
| Trading medicinal or other illegal products | 06029 |
| Traducement | 02091 |
| Trafficking in body parts not amounting to TIP for organ removal | 02119 |
| Trafficking in persons (TIP) | 0204 |
| Trafficking in persons for camel jockeying | 02044 |
| Trafficking in persons for commercial sexual exploitation | 02041 |

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| Trafficking in persons for committing crimes | 02044 |
| Trafficking in persons for domestic work | 02042 |
| Trafficking in persons for forced labour or services | 02042 |
| Trafficking in persons for forced marriage | 02044 |
| Trafficking in persons for indentured servitude | 02042 |
| Trafficking in persons for liver removal | 02043 |
| Trafficking in persons for organ removal | 02043 |
| Trafficking in persons for other purposes | 02044 |
| Trafficking in persons for sexual exploitation | 02041 |
| Trafficking in persons for slavery or similar practices | 02042 |
| Trafficking in persons for the exploitation of the prostitution of others | 02041 |
| Trafficking in precursor chemicals | 060124 |
| Trafficking in wildlife | 1003 |
| Trafficking of adults | 0204 |
| Trafficking of equipment for illicit manufacture, production or cultivation of controlled drugs | 060129 |
| Trafficking of chemical, biological or radioactive materials | 090123 |
| Trafficking of firearms | 090121 |
| Trafficking of other weapons or explosives | 090122 |
| Trafficking of protected species across national borders | 100312 |
| Trafficking of weapons and explosives | 09012 |
| Treason | 0904 |

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| Under-age marriage | 11021 |
| Union offences | 08081 |
| Unlawful access to a computer system | 09031 |
| Unlawful acquisition of housing or land | 0509 |
| Unlawful acts involving alcohol, tobacco, or other controlled substances | 0602 |
| Unlawful acts involving controlled drugs or precursors | 0601 |
| Unlawful appropriation of a copyright | 0503 |
| Unlawful appropriation of property | 0509 |
| Unlawful censorship | 08031 |
| Unlawful confinement during an armed conflict | 110134 |
| Unlawful consensual acts between persons of the same sex | 08029 |
| Unlawful cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption | 060112 |
| Unlawful cultivation of controlled drugs not for personal consumption | 060123 |
| Unlawful deportation or transfer during an armed conflict | 110134 |
| Unlawful deprivation of liberty | 020222 |
| Unlawful destruction or damage to property associated with armed conflict | 110132 |
| Unlawful detainment | 020222 |
| Unlawful diversion of precursor chemicals | 060124 |
| Unlawful diversion of precursors not for personal consumption | 060124 |

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| Unlawful entry into a business with intent to commit an offence | 05011 |
| Unlawful entry into public property with intent to commit an offence | 05013 |
| Unlawful entry into residential premises with intent to commit an offence | 05012 |
| Unlawful entry with intent to commit an offence | 0501 |
| Unlawful entry/illegal border crossing | 08059 |
| Unlawful forms of sexual intercourse | 08029 |
| Unlawful interception or access of computer data | 09033 |
| Unlawful interference with a computer system | 090321 |
| Unlawful interference with a computer system or computer data | 09032 |
| Unlawful interference with computer data | 090322 |
| Unlawful killing associated with armed conflict | 0107 |
| Unlawful killing of civilians by parties to an armed conflict | 110131 |
| Unlawfully killing, causing or intending to cause death or serious injury associated with armed conflict | 110131 |
| Unlawful labour in labour camps | 020323 |
| Unlawful manipulation of the democratic process during elections | 08079 |
| Unlawful manufacture of controlled drugs not for personal consumption | 060122 |
| Unlawful possession or use of alcohol products | 060211 |
| Unlawful possession or use of chemical, biological, or radio-active materials | 090113 |
| Unlawful possession, purchase, use, cultivation or production of controlled drugs for personal consumption | 06011 |
| Unlawful possession, purchase or use of controlled drugs for personal consumption | 060111 |
| Unlawful possession or use of firearms | 090111 |
| Unlawful possession or use of other weapons or explosives | 090112 |
| Unlawful possession or use of tobacco products | 060221 |
| Unlawful procurement sale or distribution of glue, solvents or other substances with the potential to abuse by intoxication | 02071 |
| Unlawful production, handling, possession or use of alcohol products | 06021 |
| Unlawful production, handling, possession or use of tobacco products | 06022 |
| Unlawful production, trafficking or distribution of alcohol products | 060219 |
| Unlawful production, trafficking or distribution of tobacco products | 060222 |
| Unlawful promotion or advertising of alcohol products | 060219 |
| Unlawful promotion or advertising of tobacco products | 060229 |
| Unlawful restrictions on freedom of art | 08031 |
| Unlawful restrictions on freedom of speech | 08031 |
| Unlawful return from banishment or exile | 08062 |
| Unlawful storage of firearms or explosives | 090119 |
| Unlawful trade of possession of wildlife | 1003 |
| Unlawful trade or possession of endangered species | 100311 |
| Unlawful trafficking, cultivation or production of controlled drugs or precursors not for personal consumption | 06012 |
| Unlawful trafficking of controlled drugs not for personal consumption | 060121 |
| Unlawful use of a dead body | 02119 |
| Unlawful use of ozone depletion substances | 10092 |

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| Unlawfully employing or housing a foreign citizen | 08059 |
| Unlawfully giving, receiving or soliciting a dowry | 0809 |
| Unlawfully obtaining or using a weapon without a permit | 09011 |
| Unlawfully possessing articles of disguise | 08063 |
| Unlawfully possessing instruments used for crime | 08063 |
| Unlicensed importing/exporting of weapons | 09012 |
| Unlicensed/unregistered practice in a trade or profession | 07019 |
| Unwanted groping or fondling | 030121 |
| Using a forged document to enter a State | 08059 |
| Using forged/counterfeit identity documents | 07019 |
| Using stolen parts for producing other goods (car-rebirthing) | 07049 |
| Usurpation | 0904 |

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| Vagrancy | 08012 |
| Vandalism | 0504 |
| Vehicular homicide | 010321 |
| Vehicular manslaughter | 010321 |
| Violating campaign finance laws | 08079 |
| Violating compulsory school attendance laws/truancy | 11021 |
| Violation of court-imposed sanctions | 08062 |
| Violation of driving license regulations | 0907 |
| Violation of privacy | 02111 |
| Violation of safety regulations | 0907 |
| Violation of secrecy of mail | 02111 |
| Violation of vehicle registration regulations | 0907 |
| Violations against hunting seasons | 10091 |
| Violations of norms on intolerance and incitement to hatred | 080322 |
| Violations of norms on religious beliefs/views | 080321 |
| Violations of obligations towards family | 020619 |
| Violent behaviour at sporting events | 08011 |
| Violent disorder | 08011 |
| Violent public disorder offences | 08011 |
| Voluntary manslaughter | 0101 |
| Vote buying | 08071 |
| Vote coercion | 08071 |
| Voyeurism | 030129 |

W

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| Wage and contract offences | 08082 |
| Wage discrimination against a group | 02102 |
| Wage discrimination against a person | 02101 |
| Waging a war or attempting to wage a war against the government not amounting to | 0904 |

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| the international crime of aggression | |
| War crimes | 11013 |
| Water pollution | 10012 |
| Wilful killing | 110131 |
| Wilfully depriving a prisoner of war or other protected persons of the rights to a fair and regular trial | 110134 |
| Wilful damage to a motor vehicle | 0504 |
| Wilfully causing great suffering or serious injury to body or health | 110131 |
| Wire fraud | 07019 |
| Workplace harassment | 020811 |
| Wounding | 020111 |
| Writing bad cheques | 07011 |
| Wrongful dismissal | 08082 |
| Wrongful transfer from work | 08082 |

X

No entries

Y

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| Youth curfew violations | 11021 |
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Z

No entries
