

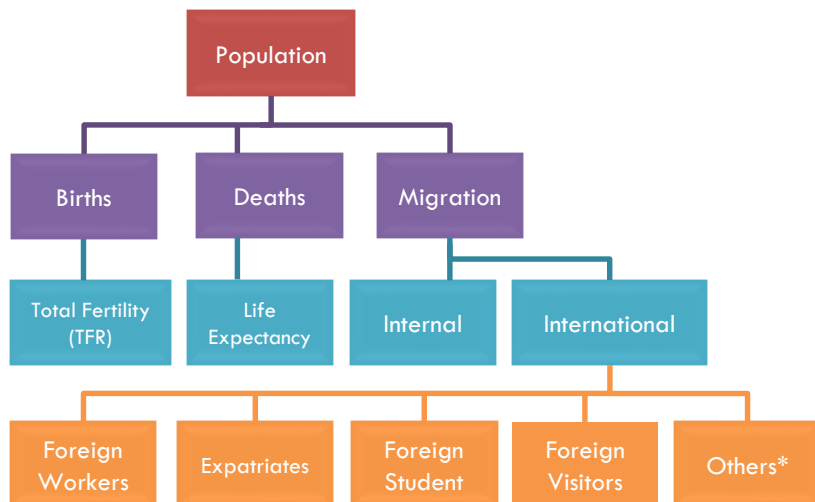


POPULATION AT A GLANCE

Population is the number of people in a city or town, region, country or world; population is usually determined by a process called census (a process of collecting, analysing, compiling and publishing data).

Reference:
Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses, Revision 2, United Nation

1. Population Change Component



Note:

* Includes permanent residents, temporary residents, families to foreign workers, expatriates and foreign students.

2. Types of Population Data

Population and Housing Census



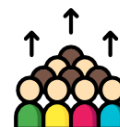
Collect information and demographic characteristics of the population and information on housing census. Conducted every 10 years since the formation of Malaysia in 1963.

Intercensal Population Estimate



Intercensal estimate is an estimate of revised population between two census once the official census counts are available.

Population Projection



Population projection is generated for the purpose of long-term planning. The cohort component method is used which consists of births, deaths and net migration and prepared every 10 years for 30 years series.

Current Population Estimate



For the years that census are not conducted, the current population estimates is generated based on the current information on births and deaths obtained from the National Registration Department, international migration information from the Immigration Department of Malaysia and internal migration data from DOSM Migration Survey.

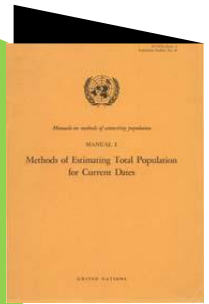


3. Methodology

The Cohort Component Method is used where the population is updated based on the event of births, death and migration (internal and international)

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Manual I: Methods of Estimating Total Population for Current Dates, UNSD (1952)



4. Basic Formula

The basic formula of cohort component method:

$$P_t = P_{t-1} + B_t - D_t + M_t$$

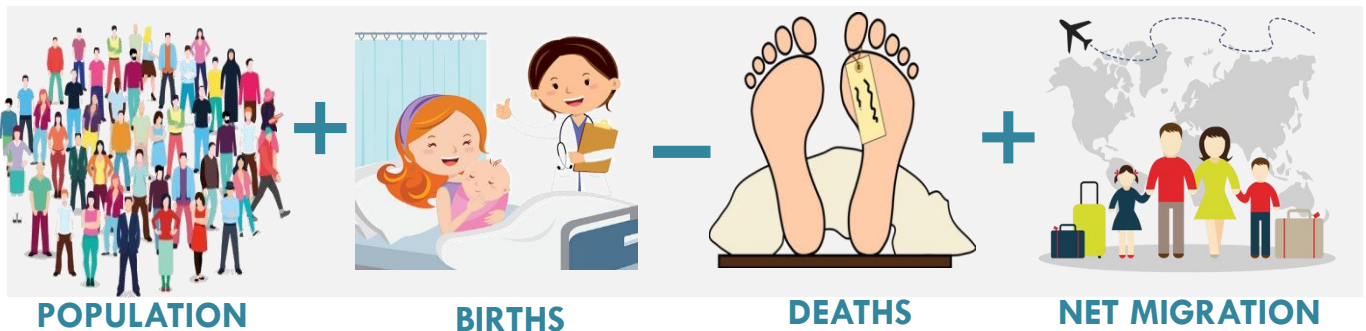
POPULATION



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where;

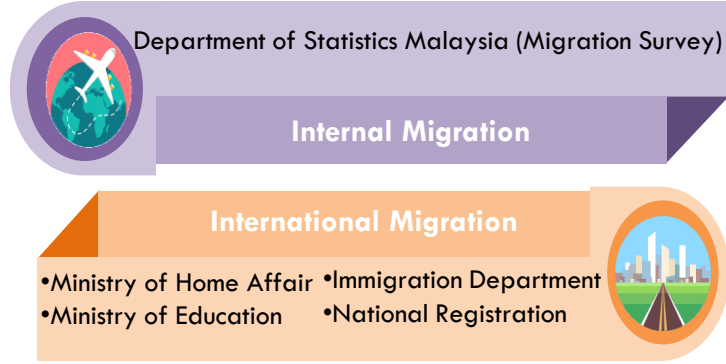
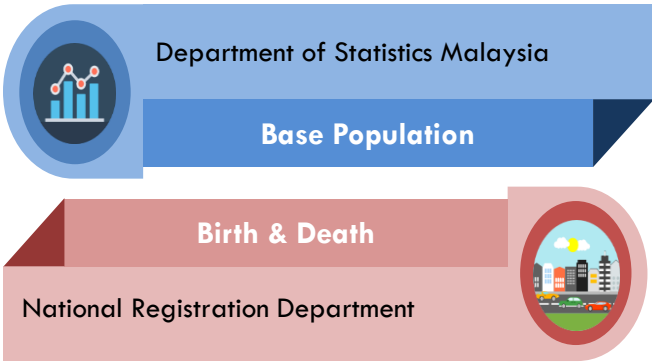
- P_t = population at time t ;
- P_{t-1} = population at time $t-1$;
- B_t = births at time t ;
- D_t = deaths at time t ; and
- M_t = net migration at time t .



- This data is provided by state, single age, ethnic group and sex.
- The approach used is **bottom-up**, in which population were first estimated at state level.
- The total population for Malaysia is the sum of population estimates of all the states.



5. Source of Data



6. Use of Data



7. Data Users

