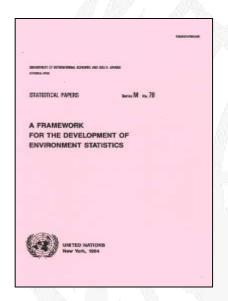
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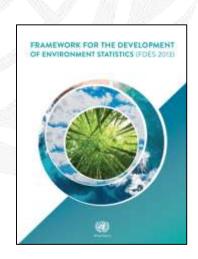




A Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics (FDES) was first published in 1984 by the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), along with its subsequent publications, Concepts and Methods of Environment Statistics: Human Settlements Statistics 3 (1988) and Concepts and Methods of Environment Statistics: Statistics of the Natural Environment 4 (1991).

The 1984 FDES and subsequent publications have been a useful framework for guiding countries in the development of their environment statistics programmes. Since its publication, many scientific political, technological, statistical and experience-based developments have occurred, which suggested that the FDES could benefit from revision.

FDES 2013 is a revised version of the 1984 FDES taking into account the lessons learned during its application in different countries as well as improved scientific knowledge about the environment and new requirements created by emerging environmental concerns and policy issues, including major Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAs). The revision has also taken into account the increasing prominence of environmental sustainability issues and concepts, including the outcome of the Rio+20 Conference and the work on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

















FRAMEWORK FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENVIRONMENT STATISTICS IN MALAYSIA



Since 1998, the compilation of environmental statistics in Malaysia was based on the Framework for the Development of Environment Statistics (FDES), Malaysia 1998 which was adopted from the FDES, United Nation 1984. After the implementation of UN FDES 2013, Malaysia has come out with FDES Malaysia 2017 which was tailored to address the environmental statistics at the national level.



FDES Malaysia 2017

FDES Malaysia 1998



The environment statistics in Malaysia first published in was 1998 continued to be published annually via Compendium of Environment Statistics. The latest edition was published in 2020. This publication provides environment statistics that can be used government agencies, private sectors, academicians and individuals reference to conduct research analysis.















SDG INDICATORS AND FDES MATRIX



FDES COMPONENTS



Conditions and Environmental Comp. 1: Quality Comp. 2: Environmental Resources and Their Use

Comp. 3: Residuals

Extreme Events and Disasters Comp. 4:

Environmental Settlements & Comp. 5: Human

Health

Management & Comp. 6: Environmental Protection,

Engagement

1	No Poverty		1		1		1
2	No Hunger	1 1	1				
3	Good Health	1				1	
4	Quality Education					A FR	1
5	Gender Equality		1				AV N
6	Clean Water and Economic Growth	,	1	1		1	
	Renewable Energy		1			1	
8	Good Jobs and Economic Growth		1				
9	Innovation and Infrastructure			V 1		/ //	
10	Reduced Inequalities						
	Sustainable Cities and Communities	1	1	/	1	,	1
12	Responsible Consumption			1			1
13	Climate Action		>		1	-117	1
	Life Below Water	1					1
15	Life on Land	1	- I				
16	Peace and Justice						
17	Partnerships for the Goals						















Mapping of FDES and SDG for selected indicators



Indicator 6.1.1: Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services



5.1.2.a. Population using an improved drinking water source



Total 2019: 95.7% 2018: 95.6%



Urban 2019: 97.3% 2018: 97.3%



Rural: 2019: 94.3% 2018: 94.0%



Indicator 7.1.1: Proportion of population with access to electricity



5.1.2.h. Population with access to electricity



Total 2019: 99.9% 2016: 99.9 %



Urban 2019: 100.0% 2016: 100.0%



Rural 2019: 99.8% 2016: 99.7%



Indicator 12.4.2: a) Hazardous waste generated per capita; and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment



3.3.1.c. Amount of hazardous waste generated 3.3.2.b.1. Total hazardous waste collected 3.3.2.b.2. Amount of hazardous waste treated by type of treatment and disposal



2020: 39,883.3 2019: 33,757.0



2020: 7,185,227.8 2019: 4,013,189.0

Quantity of clinical wastes handled for destruction at incinerators, Malaysia (tonnes)

Scheduled waste managed, Malaysia (tonnes)















Mapping of FDES and SDG for selected indicators (cont.)



Indicator 13.1.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (Tier I)



4.1.2.a. People affected by natural extreme events and disasters

4.1.2.a.1. Number of people killed

4.1.2.a.2. Number of people injured

4.1.2.a.3. Number of people homeless

4.1.2.a.4. Number of people affected



Number of Death, Malaysia (per 100,000 population)

> 2020: 16 2019: 9



Number of Missing Person, Malaysia (per 100,000 population)

> 2020: 1 2019: 0



Number of Affected Person, Malaysia (per 100,000 population)

> 2020: 48,667 2019: 86,406



14.3.1 Average marine acidity (pH) measured at agreed suite of representative sampling stations (Tier II)



1.3.3.f. Physical and chemical characteristics

1.3.3.f.1. pH/acidity/alkalinity







(Number of stations)		Status of marine water quality at coastal area, Malaysia	Status of marine water quality at estuary area, Malaysia	Status of marine water quality at island area, Malaysia	
1	Excellent	55	3	46	
2020	Good	41	6	9	
2020	Moderate	88	63	39	
	Poor	4	13	1	
	Excellent	37	3	34	
2019	Good	69	13	33	
2019	Moderate	79	58	27	

Sources:

Poor

- 1. Framework For The Development Of Environment Statistics (FDES2013)
- 2. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Indicators Correspondence With The Basic Set Of Environment Statistics Of The FDES 2013.
- 3. Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Indicators Malaysia 2020



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